PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

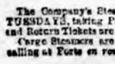
THE Bombay Gazette. MORNING EDITION.

BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

No. 54,190.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1907. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.



LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, Saturday	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
2-39 P.M. 1907.				
31st Aug.	* CALEDONIA	7558		
7th Sept.	PENINSULAR	5294	MOLDAVIA	9500
14th "	EGYPT	7912		
21st "	PENINSULAR	5294	INDIA	7911
28th "	MARMORA	10600		
5th Oct.	ORIENTAL	5284	MONGOLIA	9505
12th "	ARABIA	7903		
19th "	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	9522
26th "	PERSIA	7951		
2nd Nov†	MACEDONIA	10512		
9th "	OCEANA	6610		
16th "	PENINSULAR	5294	MOOLTAN	9021
23rd "	EGYPT	7912		

† Passengers for Marseilles and Gibraltar by this Steamer change at Port Said to the S. S. "Britannia."
* Proceeds to Marseilles Only.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London excepting "Caledonia" which takes passengers to Marseilles only.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the Carnac Bunder on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
BOMBAY, 26TH JULY, 1907.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and on Favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

MARSEILLES.

	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
...AT.	5,378	Combe	5th Sept 1907.
...	6,285	Guionnet	3rd Oct. "
...	4,143	Magnen	31st " "
...	4,130	Martin	28th Nov. "
...	6,596	Boyer	26th Dec. "
...AT.	6,378	Combe	23rd Jan. 1908.
...	6,365	Verrot	20th Feb. "

EXCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

...ets can be made available for one way by the ... and the return voyage by the Austrian ...

AUSTRALIA DIRECT
...EAST, TRANSHIPPING ...COLOMBO.

...ers.	Captain	To Sail on or about
...)	Martin	13th Sept. 1907.
...6)	Beyer	11th Oct. "
...3)	Combe	8th Nov. "

L. BRICARD,
Agent.

LLOYD'S S. N. Co, CONTRACT WITH ...IAN GOVERNMENT.

...NOT LINE TO TRIESTE VIA BRINDISI

...ers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on
...NIA	5159	G. Bergoglian	1st Sept.
...RICA	1596	G. Raicich	1st Oct.
...CORRER	6301	A. Forceti	1st Nov.
...BOHEMIA	4232	M. Dubcovich	16th "
AFRICA	4596	F. Radovich	1st Dec
IMPERATOR	4140	F. Mosca	16th "

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain	To sail on or about
CHINA	5999	A. de Potris	25th Dec

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE, VENICE, Brindisi are available for two years,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON,

...and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via ..., the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES Co.

RETURN TICKETS, available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced fares.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S S. N. CO.

Return Tickets are issued for the voyage, Bombay to Trieste, by Austrian Lloyd's and Genoa to Colombo by North German Lloyd's and vice versa.

Passengers to VENICE transhipp at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about
ISTOCK	2891	M. Tiene	20th Sept.
F. FERDINAND	6040	C. Matcovich	28th Oct.

For further particulars regarding passage apply to the

AGENT GENERAL,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co
Sassoon House, 28, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly Budget and the Weekly Mail Editions when available, are supplied on the following terms:—The price varies, according to issue of time, between As. 2 and Re. 1, and higher for very old issues, if available.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.
DWARKA	1,700	Thur. 29th Aug.	8 a. m. (direct).
LHASA	3,171	Frid. 30th Aug.	7 a. m. (direct).

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on MONDAY, 2nd Sept., calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingi, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 29th Aug., calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA.

S. S. "OBRA," 5,462 tons, sailing on or about 30th Aug., calling at Lamu, Mombasa and Zanzibar.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LAUNDAURA," 3,000 tons, on or about 14th Sept.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
26th August, 1907.

KING KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries, and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA:
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamers	Captain.	Tonnage.	Date 1907.
CIRCASSIA	A. Haig	6716	27th Aug
SCINDIA	Shafto Abrey	5106	16th Sept.
CASTALIA	F. S. Blight	6300	6th Oct.
BRITANNIA	R. J. Garrick	9069	16th "
MASSILIA	J. Thomson	5091	5th Nov.
OLYMPIA	C.F. Osborne, R.N.R.	9124	18th "

Bombay to Suez	Rs. 385
Bombay to Port Said	Rs. 418
Bombay to Marseilles	Rs. 577
Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 6 5
Bombay to London from Marseilles and including 1st class rail ticket across the Continent	Rs. 660
Bombay to New York	Rs. 793
Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 990
Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	Rs. 1045

Steamers marked *Fares Rs. 50 less on return tickets than above.
All Return Tickets are available for 2 years
Concession granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and all steamers with the exception of those marked * have electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
The Advertised Rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer between Karachi and Bombay
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to over-staying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
For any further information regarding passage, etc., apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about
*SOMALI	2635	Timm	29th Aug 1907.
SULTAN	2884	Ulrich	4th Sept "
*KAISER	2721	Von-Hoidt	19th Sept "
†REICHSTAG	2 85	Ihle	3.th Sept "

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, and DURBAN.
* Will carry also Cargo and Passengers for Cape Ports.
† Reichstag will call at Seychelles.
For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES,
Agent,
24, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY, 15TH JULY, 1907.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Vessels	Tons.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure, 1907.
YETOROFU MARU	..	K. Sato	.. ..	4th Sept.
WAKAMIYA MARU	...	R. Takeda	3rd Sept.	18th Sept.
KAGOSHIMA MARU	...	K. Kori	11th Sept.	25th Sept.
YEROSHI MARU	...	....	24th Sept.	6th Oct.
TAKASAKI MARU	...	....	2nd Oct.	16th Oct.
RIOJUN MARU	...	G. S. Lapraik.	16th Oct.	27th Oct.
KAGESHIMA MARU	...	T Arakawa	23rd Oct	6th Nov.
MOYORO MARU	...	....	5th Nov.	17th Nov.

For Freight apply to—

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager
Nawasi Buildings, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

N.B.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above Line are hereby NOTIFIED that NO CLAIMS for SHORT DELIVERY, DAMAGE, &c., WILL BE ENTERTAINED unless they are sent to the office within ten days after the steamer's arrival. No Survey will be held on cargo warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed

NOW AVAILABLE.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office

INSURANCES.

THE DEMAND FOR STANDARD POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

NEW POLICIES IN 1906
ISSUED FOR.....£2,384,400
ACCUMULATED FUNDS £11,750,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE £29,222,600

ASK FOR THE 1906 PROSPECTUS containing the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.
BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE LIFE

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Every Class of Business Transacted at Lowest Rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

New Prospectus just Issued containing LARGELY REDUCED RATES.

Application for Agencies in unrepresented Mofussil Centres invited.

Apply for Particulars.

BRANCH OFFICE: SECY. C. M. ROSS, ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING, 42/48, *Church Gate Street*, BOMBAY
AGENTS: T. H. MOORE & Co HUMMUM STREET.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE.

Showing the Annual Premium payable for various kinds of Policies.

WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birth day.	ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000 PAYABLE AT DEATH. Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to 10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000 Payable at Death or at the end of 15 years,	20 years,	25 years,	Age next Birthday.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
40	36 11	69 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	...	71 11	56 13	...	45

Detailed Prospectus and Balance Sheet on Application.

E. F. ALLUM,
General Manager.

THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 2,75,00,000
INVESTMENTS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES and lodged with the OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BOMBAY.

The Premiums are based upon the Company's actual experience, being the lowest with safety and so the most advantageous to all assurers.

For Prospectus containing all particulars apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager, BOMBAY.

POONA SEASON.

THIS is to Notify that the "Bombay Gazette" may be obtained from

SHEIKH ABDULLA MAHOMED,
Newspaper Agent,
MAIN STREET, POONA.

Annual Subscription Rs. 30, inclusive of Delivery Charges.

THE 6 CYLINDER NAPIER,

LONDON MADE.

continues to beat 4 cylinder cars on both **SPEED** and **EFFICIENCY** in open competition.

SOUTH HARTING
Hill Climb, July 10th,
60 h.p. six cylinder
NAPIER FASTEST,
beating the following 4 cylinder cars:
3 Daimlers, 3 Berliets, De Dietrich, 2 Iris, 2 Thornycrofts, Germain, 2 Deasys, Maudslay, etc.; and the following 6 cylinder cars: Minerva, 2 Iris, Thames.

SHELSLEY WALSH
Hill Climb, July 13th,
60 h.p. six cylinder
NAPIER FASTEST,
in Club Hill Climb,
beating the following 4 cylinder cars:
2 Mercedes, 5 Daimlers, 2 Siddeleys, 2 Lanchesters, 5 Ariels, 2 Deasys, Martini, 2 Minervas, Thornycroft, etc.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

LIPTON'S TEAS

FRAGRANT **REFRESHING**

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & Co., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS SHIP AND MILLWRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the SUPPLY of Machinery and Erection of Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, etc.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description Cotton Presses, Half Presses and Finishers for Half-Pressed Bales, Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and rope Gearing Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Water Carts, Tanks, etc.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade Requirements, we have added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, including Special Testing Plant, and greatly extended our foundry.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
THE BRITISH ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITION AND PAINT CO., LTD.
(VON HOVELINGS PROCESS.)
PAINTS
As supplied to the Principal Navies of the World.

Messrs. THE ATLAS METAL and ALLOYS CO., LTD., Genuine Atlas Metal of W. E. Watson's Brand.
Messrs. SAMUELSON and Co., Ltd.

Patent Power Hammers and Roots, "Acme" Blowers and Exhausters.

For Sale.—Boilers, Engines, Contractors' Pumps, Boiler Fittings, Pipes, Cocks etc., Also Steel Bars, Plates, and Angle Irons of the largest sections, Diamonds Silver, and other Steel and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in Stock.

HEAD WORKS AND OFFICES—DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON.
BRANCH FACTORY—CARNAC IRON WORKS, OPPOSITE VICTORIA DOCKS.

J. W. HEPWORTH, SECRETARY AND MANAGER.
D. LONGWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY AND MANAGER.

Mellin's Food

UNTOUCHED BY HAND. REQUIRES NO COOKING.
Adapted for use from birth upwards. Reduces the troubles and dangers of infantile ailments.

MELLIN'S FOOD BISCUITS

A solid food, easy of digestion, and recommended for children after weaning, and for those who require a readily digested, concentrated nutrient at any period of life.

Send for sample and valuable work for Mothers, entitled the "CARE OF INFANTS IN INDIA," to Bombay: Messrs. Kemp & Co., Ltd. Karachee: Messrs. Ewart, Ryrie & Co. Calcutta: Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall & Co. Madras: Messrs. Oakes & Co., Ltd. Colombo: Messrs. Hall, Wilson, & Co. Rangoon: Messrs. Latham, Black & Co. Colombo: Messrs. Carsill's, Ltd.

Mellin's Food is obtainable from all dealers throughout India, Burma, and Ceylon.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

MORE than 170 Military and Naval Messes, 120 Clubs and a large number of Officers and the leading Civilians in all parts of India and Burma now purchase their Wines, &c., from us. We import only from the Leading Wine Shippers and Merchants in Europe, and purchase at special trade rates.

Samples and Price List on application.

PHIPSON AND CO.,
WINE IMPORTERS,
BOMBAY.

HAIG & HAIG'S THREE STARS WHISKY.

Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA, and All Wine Merchants.

SOLE AGENTS:
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

BOLLINGER 1900 VINTAGE

EXTRA QUALITY
EXTRA DRY
CHAMPAGNE.

SOLE AGENTS:
PHIPSON AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

NAVAL HOSPITAL STEWARD CURED

Of Psoriasis Contracted While in Service in West Indies—Left Scaly Surfaces on Lower Limbs—Eczematous Eruption Followed—Nothing Gave Permanent Relief.

SUFFERED 23 YEARS CURED BY CUTICURA

"I suffered for years from psoriasis affecting the outer sides of the calves of both limbs, contracted in the West Indies in '82 or '83 while serving on H. M. S. 'Northampton,' as sick berth steward. In that capacity I had the use of nearly all the preparations the Pharmacopœia prescribes, but through each stage of the disease I did not consult any medical officer, but treated myself with preparations of mercury and sarsaparilla for about nine months, but the eruption continued for years, and eventually left a scaly surface surrounding both limbs. In 1905 I tried ——'s Remedies which seemed to remove the eruption, but at the beginning of the present year an eczematous eruption appeared, then seeing a Cuticura advertisement, I decided to give a trial to the Cuticura Remedies, of which I needed but five supplies. After the first week I found great relief and I have been quite free from any irritation since, although I continued the treatment for ten weeks in all. There is only a faint discoloration left, and I consider that Cuticura Remedies have done more towards curing the troublesome disease of which I suffered so long than all the other remedies put together and I recommend them to all my friends. I conclude with wishing Cuticura great success. Henry Campbell, Naval Pensioner, 9, Grove Road, Luton, Chatham, Kent, Oct. 17, 1906."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills (Chocolate Coated) to Purify the Blood. A Single Set often Cures. Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; U. S., Potter & Co., Sydney; Lennox, Cape Town, etc.; B. K. Paul & Co., Calcutta; Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props. Post-free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 41, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. VIEL & LYLE & Co., Bombay.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 117,50,000.
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager*

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.
A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, *London Managers*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

AMOY.	HONGKONG.	RANGOON.
BANGKOK.	KOBE.	SAIGON.
BATAVIA.	LONDON.	SAN FRANCISCO.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	MANILA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.
HANKOW.	PENANG.	YLOILO.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET BOMBAY.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£600,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,075,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£600,000

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg.	Medan, Deli (Be-)	Penang.
Bombay.	lawan).	Shanghai.
Karachi.	Singapore.	Tientsin.
Calcutta.	Kuala Lumpur	Yokohama.
Madras.	Bangkok.	Kobe.
Rangoon.	Batavia.	New York.
Colombo	Sourabaya.	
Thaiping (Perak).	Manila.	
Ipoh (Perak).	Cebu (Philippines).	
	Hongkong.	

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

J. GREIG,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. *Agent.*

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	" 21,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND	" 11,050,000
SPECIAL RESERVE for SILVER FUND	" 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND	" 2,800,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—

London	Shanghai	Tsitsihar	KOBE
Lyons	Hongkong	Changchun	Osaka
New York	Bankow	Antung-Hsien	Tokyo
San Francisco	Tientsin	Ryojun (Port Arthur)	Nagasaki
Honolulu (Hawaii)	Peking		Bombay
	Newchwang	Fengtien	
	Chefoo	Liaoyang	
		Dairen (Dalny)	

LONDON BANKERS:—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT Accounts.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World

K. KODAMA,
Manager
Albert Buildings, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000

DIRECTORS:

Sir SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
Sir J. COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Kt. (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
Sir FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
DORABJI JAMSETJI TATA, Esq., (of Messrs. Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khatten Maksajee and Co., Bombay.)
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq. (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq. (Messrs. Heesjee Khetsey and Co., (Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hursundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal Bombay.)
NOORDIN EBRAHIM NOORDIN, Esq. (Messrs. Noordin Ebrahim Noordin and Co.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 1 per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,0 by special arrangement. No interest which do not come to Rs. 2 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4 per cent. and for other periods on terms which ma be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to l arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constitue the safe custody of Shares and Securities and collection of dividends and interest thereon: th also undertake the sale and purchase of Gove ment Paper and all description of Stock moderate charges, particulars of which may be or application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CHEAP PASSAGES to ENGLAND available per following Natal Liners:—

S. S. "UMSINGA" sailing about 20th Sept. 1907.
S. S. "UMVOLOSI" do. do. 20th Oct. „
S. S. "UMZUMBI" do. do. 21st Nov. „
S. S. "UMHLALI" do. do. 5th Dec. „

All these Ships contain excellent accommodation, carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric lights and Refrigerators. Passengers will be landed at Weymouth. For further particulars apply to—

R. A. WILLIS,
Agent for the Owners,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per P. and O. S. N. Company's S. S. "DELHI," from JAPAN, CHINA, STRAITS and COLOMBO, are hereby informed of the Vessel's ARRIVAL, and REQUESTED to TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their goods landed at No. "K" Shed, Prince's Dock.

The Company's Surveyor, Mr. WHITTELL, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the Undersigned, within seven days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys will be held on Bag Cargo packed in Single Gunnies only, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent,
P. and O. S. N. COMPANY.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 31st instant, being a Public Holiday, under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION IN TIMING OF TRAIN.

ON and from the 1st of September, 1907, until further notice, the No. 158 UP-KHANDWA PASSENGER TRAIN will STOP at MULUND and VIKHROLI to pick up and set down Passengers. The Timing of the Train at these Stations will be as under:—

		H.M.
Mulund	Arr.....	3-32
„	Dep	3-33
Vikhroli	Arr.....	3-46
„	Dep	3-47

A. C. RUMBOLL,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
BOMBAY, 26th August, 1907.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the article "HEN CORN" (in bags) will be TESTED for tonnage in the godowns of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, "M" Lane, Dana Bunder, (Opposite Prince's Dock), on THURSDAY, 29th August, 1907, at 12 o'clock (Noon), when the attendance of those interested is invited.

[By Order of the Committee,
J. B. LESLIE-ROGERS,
Secretary.
BOMBAY, 26TH AUGUST, 1907.

BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Club, will be held in the Club House, on TUESDAY, 27th August, 1907, at 6-30 P.M.

SYDNEY COPE,
Honorary Secretary.
25TH JULY, 1907.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. COX AND CO.,
AND
MESSRS. COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, LD.,
have Removed their Offices to
COX'S BUILDING,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1P.M. (Bombay Time), on THURSDAY the 5th day of September, 1907, for works in the construction of LATRINES and URINALS in various parts of Bombay.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., may be obtained from the Undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 335 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment, to make the total deposit equivalent to 5 per cent. on the Contract amount, will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

A copy of the former contract rates for similar work, will be put up on the general Notice Board of the Municipal Office, for the information of the Tenderers.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JOSEPH HALL, M.INST.C.E., M.INST. MECH.E.,&c.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
EXECUTIVE ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
BOMBAY, 24TH AUGUST, 1907.

CALCUTTA RUGBY FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

THE above TOURNAMENT for the CALCUTTA CUP will COMMENCE on the 14th SEPTEMBER.

ENTRIES CLOSE on SATURDAY, September 7th, at noon.

Entrance fee Rs. 10. For further particulars apply to—

T. C. MANDERS,
Hony. Secretary, CALCUTTA FOOTBALL CLUB,
20, Strand Road, Calcutta.

GRAND ECONOMICAL SALE.

FURTHER REDUCTION.

Goods worth Rs. 15,000 to be SOLD OFF at Manufacturers' Price.

LATEST SHAPES of SUN HATS for Gents, Ladies and Children ARRIVED shortly and awaits inspection.

	Rs. a.
Children's Sun Hats .....each	0 12
Children's Washing Frocks .....each	0 14
Children's Sailor Cap.....each	0 10
Gents' Pigstickers, double strap, with pagree, each	2 8
French Braces.....each	0 8
Best Cawnpore Twill Shirts.....each	0 12
Ladies' Sun Hats.....each Re. 1 to	3 0
Ladies' Motor Cap.....each	0 12
Ladies' Cotton and Woollen Undervests, each Annas 3 to	1 0

A visit will amply repay you; therefore don't delay but come and secure the Best at Half Prices.

Our PRICES defy COMPETITION.
PROVISION 25 per cent. cheaper than market rate.
BOOK YOUR ORDER AT ONCE.

THE PARISIAN MILLINERY MART,
SITARAM BUILDING, BOMBAY.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED

MULKAPETT, HYDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, Clothe their Poor, and attend to all their wants.

☞ The Home is entirely supported by Voluntary Contributions.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Frames, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs made and supplied.—Chowks, No. 6

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPORTANT NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE BIBLE OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.

	Rs. a.
Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures. By Mary Baker G. Eddy, President of Massachusetts Metaphysical College, and Pastor Emeritus of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Mass	14 0
Pages from an Adventurous Life. By Dick Donovan. With many Illustrations	4 8
Besides Still Waters. By Arthur Christopher Benson. Fellow of Magdalen College, Cambridge	6 9
Natives of Northern India. By W. Crooke, B. A., I. C. S. (Retired). 8vo. With thirty-two Illustrations	5 4
Ornithological and Other Oddities. By Frank Finn, B. A., F. Z. S., Late Deupty Superintendent of the Indian Museum, Calcutta. With 56 Illustrations, reproduced from Photographs	9
Dramatic Opinions and Essays. With an Apology. By Bernard Shaw. Containing as well a word on the Dramatic Opinions and Essays of Bernard Shaw, by James Huneker. 2 vols	9 3
Life and Flowers. By Maurice Maeterlinck. Translated by Alexander Teixeira de Mattos	4 6
The Allies. By Major-General Sir Henry Colvill, K. C. M. G., C. B. With a Frontispiece	14 0
The Dogs of War, wherein the Hero-worshipper portrays the Hero and Incidentally gives an account of the Greatest Dogs' Club in the World. By Walter Emanuel. With numerous Illustrations by Cecil Aldin	2 12
Animal Heroes. Being the Histories of a Cat, a Dog, a Pigeon, a Lynx, two Wolves and a Reindeer and in Elucidation of the same over 200 Drawings. By Ernest Thompson Seton, Naturalist to the Government of Manitoba ...	5 4
Good Hunting in Pursuit of Big Game in the West. By Theodore Roosevelt. Illustrated...	2 10
The Secret of Mental Magic and a Course of Seven Lessons. By William Walker Atkinson	3 15
The Asiatic Danger in the Colonies. By L. E. Neame	2 0
To-morrow in the East. By Douglas Story. Author of "The Campaign with Kuropatkin."	2 4
The Bridge Blue Book. A Compilation of Opinions of the Leading Bridge Authorities on Leads, Declarations, Inferences, and the General Play of the Game. By Paul F. Mottelay	6 9
The Horse: Its Selection and Purchase together with the Law of Warranty, Sale, &c. By Frank Townend Barton, M. R. C. V. S. Illustrated	5 10
Lord Beaconsfield and other Tory Memories. By D. E. Kebbel. With Portrait in Photogravure	14 0

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JARRAHWOOD.

JARRAH Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to

MESSRS. MILLARS' KARRI JARRAH Coy. (1902) Ld.,
Nippon Buildings Hornby Road. Bombay.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING CO., LD.

MANUFACTURERS OF
SWADESHI CLOTH.

FANCY and COLOURED CLOTH of different qualities and designs such as:—

Long Cloth, Domestics, Table Cloths, Chadars, Dhoties, Drills, Twills, Damask Table Cloths, Towels, (Honey Comb pattern, Akhi Bakhs, Damask pattern, &c.), Turkish Towels, Bath Towels, Napkin Handkerchiefs, Checks, Thans Cloth, Sud, Hunting Cloth, Khaker loth, Bed tickings, Bed Covers, Bed Quilts, Coloured Table Cloths spotsry Cloth, Jhool Cloth, Sarees, Pugrees, Carpets, &c., &c.

HOSIERY GOODS in all varieties, viz: Seamless Hose, Socks, Jarnseys (Fancy & Merino finished, &c.), Pants, Caps, &c.

THREAD GOODS of all descriptions, viz: Sewing glazed thread on Cards and Spools (warranted full lengths) Crochet Cotton Mercerised Cotton for embroidery, Sewing Skeins, Ball Twines, &c

☞ GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

MOFUSSIL CUSTOMERS can have their supply only from

SHETH LAKHMIDAS MORARJI,
Salesman,
GANESHWADI, BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE:—Ganeshwadi.
BRANCHES:—Sitaram Buildings, Bombay.
Do, —Samsett Street, Bombay.
Do, —71-2 Canning Street, Calcutta.

R. SCOTT & Co., M. R. C. V. S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES, AND COACH BUILDERS.

GOWALIA TANK VETERINARY STABLE AND COACH FACTORY.—Telephone No. 3032

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay

CHARGEES, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C. BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold up to Rs. 1,500, Value Rs. 17; over Rs. 1,500 Value 5 per cent. Examination and Certificate, Rs. 15. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 10.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8-0 per cwt. delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch, Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed

Correspondence invited.

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

OF
MANGANESE, GOLD AND SILVER Ores &c., &c.

Undertaken by Pro. GAJJAR'S T. C. LABORATORY,
GIRGAUM BOMBAY

Rates for &c. Address the SUPERINTENDENT,

AMUSEMENTS.

TOWN HALL.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.
MR. EDWARD BRANSCOMBE
PRESENTS
THE SCARLET MYSTERIES
FROM LONDON
In their Refined and Unique Entertainment.

OPENING NIGHT.
SATURDAY, AUGUST 31ST.

COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME, NIGHTLY.

Prices, Rs. 4, 3, 2 and 1. Plan at SOUNDY & Co.
Doors open 8-45 P.M. Commence 9-30 P.M.

GAIETY THEATRE.

MAURICE E. BANDMANN
PRESENTS THE
BANDMANN COMEDY CO.
22 LONDON ARTISTES 22.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
GRAND OPENING.
MESSRS. HORNUNG AND PRESBREY'S GREAT AND POWERFUL PLAY,
TUESDAY, 27TH AUGUST.

RAFFLES.

The Amateur Cracksman now Crowding the Comedy Theatre London.

TO-MORROW! TO-MORROW!!
RICHARD GANTHONY'S EXCEEDINGLY FUNNY COMEDY.

WED., 28th Aug.—A Message from Mars, which ran for over four years at the Haymarket Theatre, London.
THURS., 29th „ —The Idler.
FRID., 30th „ —The Admirable Crighton.

Time and prices as usual.
Plan now open at ROSE & CO.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Special No. 1" at Rs. 2-12 per thousand: if printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand. "Gazette Special No. 5" at Rs. 3-12 per thousand: if printed on flap Rs. 5 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office

COUGH!—DON'T SMOTHER YOUR COUGH; help nature to cure it by taking a few Doses of LYNSOLA, the Indian Cough cure Pleasant, Harmless and Free from Opiates. Ans. 12.

COLD!—BREEZE—FREEZE—SNEEZE—WHEEZE. That's the Brie history of a Cold. Take ARNOLD'S SPEEDY COLD CURE tablets, the cure of Influenza and Cold in the head. Gives quick relief in Headache and Neuralgia. Ans. 8 only.

MADON SONS & CO.
☞ THE ORIGINAL MADON'S PHARMACY, ☜
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE."
STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.

THIS VOLUME OF "STERLING EXCHANGE TABLES" is a small neatly bound BOOK, covering all RATES in 32nd—both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4d., to 1s. 4 23-32d. The Book has been found to supply a long-felt want, as, since the Stoppage of the Free Coinage of Silver, rates have varied well within those given both for Demand and six Months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

"The cheapest, best, and most convenient."—*Vide* Press Notices.

PRICE:—RS. 2.

THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT

Where Eno's 'Fruit Salt' has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease it has in innumerable instances prevented a serious illness. The effect of

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

upon any disordered, sleepless, or feverish condition is simply marvellous and unsurpassed. In fact it

IS
NATURE'S OWN REMEDY

CAUTION.—Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ
Or, LIFE DROPS.
The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of PERFECT imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impotency and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, nervous dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Dizziness, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 10s. 6d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Messrs. Ward, Medical Publisher, 14 Regd Court, Euston Square, W.C., London, Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

Sold by BEAUCHER & Co. Ltd., Bombay, Byculla, Poona.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND £600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Tuticorin
Lahore.	Bombay.	Colombo.	Zanzibar.
Amritsar	Madras.	Mandalay.	Mombassa
Kurrachee.	Rangoon.	Newera Elya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point.	Aden.	Kandy.	Chittagong
Entebbe.			

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Manager.*

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AT RAWALPINDI.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application

LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available Berths secured to All Parts of the World free of charge of commission.

PASSENGERS met on Arrival and

BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance

INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance Sheet will be sent on application

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line. Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee, it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Agent for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

REPAIRS OF Re. 1-8 within 25 years, I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Re. 1-8 for repairs, and is still going strong of all parts. J. R. Gardener 19, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FOR SPECTACLES—Eyes examined FREE of CHARGE by Dr. DINSHAW DASTOOR, pronounced as "A THOROUGHLY ABLE OPHTHALMIC SURGEON and a NEAT and SKILFUL OPERATOR" by the renowned PROFESSORS of LONDON. Competition defied. The ORIGINAL FIRM of DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & Co., Opposite Evans Fraser & Co., Fort.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange, List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour up to the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Encumbrances. Annual Subscription in advance Rs. 10. Single by Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadows Street

DO YOU SHAVE YOURSELF? If so, throw away all old fashioned Razors and use a "GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR": thousands now in use, Rs. 16 each, complete with 12 blades. Spare blades of 10, Rs. 2-8 per Pkt. V. P. P. BROOM & Co., Dept. B. G., Calcutta.

FOR SALE.—English Rubber-tyred "C" Spring PHAETON, by "Grosvenor." First rate condition. Apply ANDERSON and Company's Livery Stables, Byculla.

FOR SALE.—An elegant second-hand English-built Vis-a-Vis or double-seated Victoria, by Offord, London, thoroughly overhauled and renovated with best English materials, in perfect good order and sound condition. Quite as good as a brand new imported carriage. Apply to MESSRS. PRESS & Co., Fort-Coach Factory, Mody Bay, Fort,

FORMS OF POWER-OF-ATTORNEY Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIERS.—Messrs. OLIVER and Co. undertake the Supply of Labour in General Clerks. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee Bombay Rs. 2, Moffusil Rs. 3 each servant, which stands good for six months. No. 4, Ch. G. St., Fort, Bombay. Established 1873.

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.—Special time and fare tables of all the Indian Railways. Abstract of Rules and Regulations. Through Routes and Fares from Bombay to places in India and Abroad. Postal and Telegraphic information. Steam-Boat and dak Companies. Places of interest along the Coast. A Coloured Map of India showing the Principal Railway Stations on the Indian Lines. Price. Eight annas Annual Subscription Rs. 5 including Postage

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office.

"LU—LU" EYE DROPS. An absolutely non-irritant and a positive cure for Sore, inflamed, Red, and Weak Eyes, Granulated or Inflamed lids, Itching and Watering of the eyes, Scales on the lids. Intolerance of light, Corneal Ulcers, and other stubborn affections of the Eye. By an Ophthalmic Surgeon. Re. 1.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Medows Street, Fort, Oriental Bank Building.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT of COOKING STOVES and Ranges to burn Coal, Wood, or Oil, and Kitchen Requisites in stock.—STOVE DEPOT, 17, Church Gate Street.

NEVER DESPAIR: ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, PLEURISY and PNEUMONIA INSTANTLY relieved and POSITIVELY cured by "KADI." Dr. A. L. PUSHONG writes from Lucknow:—"Kadi is a sovereign remedy for respiratory diseases, Rs. 1-4.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Medows Street, Fort, Oriental Bank Building.

OLD BOOKS.—Advertiser will be glad to receive lists of Old and Rare Books relating to Indian History and Events. Nett Prices should be marked to facilitate selection and purchase. Address "BIBLIOPHILE," No. 8033 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON, replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest, and visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Portraiture, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest.—Portrait Painting in oil on Photographic Basis a Speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings, Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 32 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" " size, containing all the information of previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Town Subscription, yearly Rs. 12, Half-yearly Rs. 7 and Quarterly, Rs. 4, post Rs. 16-12; Rs. 8 and Rs. 5 respectively. English Subscription £1-1-0 per year Post Free.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager. The "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SUTTON'S SEED collections in fancy tin boxes, Vegetable and Flower. Fresh supply just received. Apply sharp to PALIKAR and Co., opposite Goculdas Tejpal Hospital Esplanade Cross Road, Bombay.

THE BISHOP AND HIS CHARGE.—The issue of the *Bombay Gazette* containing our Article on the BISHOP'S VISITATION CHARGE being sold out and many demands made for copies of the same we have reprinted the Article in PAMPHLET FORM.—Price 2 Annas each at this Office.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.—In a small neatly bound BOOK, covering all RATES in Rupees—both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3¼d. to 1s. 4 23/32d. The Book has been found to supply a long-felt want, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts. "The cheapest, best, and most convenient."—*Vide* Press Notices. Price:—Rs. 2

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

CONNAUGHT HOTEL,
POONA.

CUISINE OF THE VERY BEST.
Most Central Position.

GENERAL
FAMILY PENSION FUND.
ESTABLISHED 1870.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS..... 48 Lakhs.
PENSIONS PAID ..... 28 Lakhs.

A PURELY MUTUAL CONCERN enabling all men and women (Christian) to secure monthly pensions for their Nominees. Full particulars from—

THE SECRETARY,
15, Dalhousie Square, East. Calcutta.

FOR SALE.

BOILER AND ENGINE.

A PORTABLE LOCO-TYPE BOILER, with Engine, by Ransomes Head and Jefferies in good condition. May be seen by appointment Apply to "B. G.," care of this Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Special No. 1" at Rs. 2-12 per thousand: if printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand. "Gazette Special No. 5" at Rs. 3-12 per thousand: if printed on flap Rs. 5 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office

THE
Bombay Gazette.
PRICE ONE ANNA.

DAWK EDITIONS
for
UP-COUNTRY
SUBSCRIBERS.

EVENING
EDITION
In Time for
PUNJAB,
CALCUTTA & RAICHUR MAILS.

THE
Bombay Gazette
IS NOW
THE BEST
ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN WESTERN INDIA.

It reaches every City, Town and Village.

It is NOT hired for AN HOUR and then RETURNED.

IT REMAINS IN THE CLUB,
THE HOTEL, THE BUNGALOW
AND THE COTTAGE
THE WHOLE DAY THROUGH
AND IS READ
FROM TITLE PAGE TO IMPRINT.

PRICE ONE ANNA.

NEW SERIES OF ARTICLES

STUDIES IN THE OCCULT.

Being a Series of Studies of the Enigmas of
PSYCHICAL RESEARCH,
CRYSTAL GAZING,
TELEPATHY,
DREAMS,
PREMONITIONS,
CLAIRVOYANCE,
APPARITIONS,
ETC.,
By the Writer of
HAUNTED HOMES OF BRITAIN.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

NOTES ON
INDIAN
INTERESTS

SPECIAL LONDON LETTERS:—

LONDON SOCIAL AND POLITICAL

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

SPORT.

JOB-PRINTING
IN ALL ITS
BRANCHES.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line. Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Three Annas per line. Minimum Charge Re. 2.

WANTED.

2 TO 3 THOUSAND RUPEES CAPITAL for an Export and Commission business to be started about 1st October 1907. Investor to have either a part Share in the business or a Guaranteed interest. Box No. 1056, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.

ON LONG LEASE, about 1,500 Square Yards of land for workshop purposes. Mazagon or Byculla Preferred.

Address full particulars to Box No. 1096, care of "Bombay Gazette."

TO BE LET spacious SHOPS, OFFICES and RESIDENTIAL FLATS in Waterloo Mansions, opposite the Wellington Fountain.

Excellent situation for business purposes as well as Residential Quarters.

Complete Electric light and fan installation, and two lifts. Ground Floor, Shops from Rs. 350 to Rs. 600.

First and Second Floors either for Offices or Residences.

Third and Fourth Floors for Residences from Rs. 165 to 270.

The Building is expected to be ready in a few months.

For Particulars apply to—

P. J. BILIMORIA,
Navsari Buildings, Fort.

QUADIR'S FAMOUS MANGE APPLICATION

FOR HORSES, CATTLE & DOGS.

END for sample bottle to BEHAR VETERINARY HOSPITAL, Muzaffarpur, enclosing twelve annas in stamps, which will include postage. State Whether for Horse, Cattle or Dog require.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

SPECIFICS FOR HYDROCELE AND Elephantiasis. Guaranteed to cure any nature by using this medicine externally. Rs. 2-8 each bottle. B. GHOSE & CO., 85/1, Bechoo Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta. Testimonials highest and any number.

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE.

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co., of New York,
31, Horuby Road, Bombay

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.
(ESTABLISHED 1886)

Transact every kind of Personal Agency, particularly—

HOUSE, LAND, AND ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses, &c., wanted, and of all properties in the Market, which affords the best means of meeting the requirements of VENDORS, PURCHASERS, and all who wish to HIRE or LET HOUSES, OFFICES, &c.

ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages, (deposit of title deeds).

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security, Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares, bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY OF OUTSTANDINGS, RENT and DEBTS collected and recovered.

PARTNERSHIP AND BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partnerships negotiated. Partners with capital introduced. Capital procured for starting businesses. Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

CHARGES: Moderate. TERMS on Application.

Save time, trouble, money, and temper, by sending all your orders and commissions to S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.

OFFICES:
17, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY (over Crawford & Co.)

A LADIES' DRESS MAKING and TAILORING DEPARTMENT has been added to the now existing Gents' Departments of the well-known establishment of

A. FREDOON & Co.,
Alice Buildings, Hornby Road.

Ladies will not regret a visit TO THIS NEW DEPARTMENT.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists,
RUBBER STAMPS
KALKADEVI ROAD

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" are as follow:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY.

Yearly	
Half-yearly	
Quarterly	
Monthly	

TO MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	
Half-yearly	
Quarterly	
Monthly ... ...

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Bechuana 2,858 tons, Captain R W Orowe, will sail to-day for Baltimore with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Obra, Captain F R Commack arrived in harbour on Sunday evening from Calcutta with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Onda 3,409 tons, Captain E H Garland arrived in harbour yesterday from London via Karachi with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Madura 1,273 tons, Captain G R Etton sailed yesterday for Persian Gulf &c, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Catchpole, Mr Abdula bin Essack and 65 deck.

THE German East Africa Line steamer Umvoti, 1,669 tons Captain H L Robertson arrived in harbour yesterday from Natal with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Dr and Mrs Loos and 2 children, Mr Green, Mr Nialms, Mrs Crawley, and infant Mr Long Wha Wing, and 91 deck. She sailed yesterday for Busreh in ballast.

THE Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Saturday, 24th August, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA MAIL.

THE P and O steamer Delhi 4783 tons, Captain J D Andrews R. N. R. arrived in harbour yesterday from Shanghai via intermediate ports and Colombo with China and Australian Mails a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr C Leach, Mr and Mrs Odezero, Mr Shaik Ahmed Shaik Baba, Capt J Joslin Lieut. M Graham, Messrs L P Solomon Hussonally Safenbhai Zenudin S Kikawa, M Abdullali, Mr Jafferji, Mr and Mrs Karimbhoy, and infant, Mrs Shrafally and infant and Mrs Mamuji, Mrs Fazulbhai Mr S Mulla Mamji Mr D Jafferji, Master and Miss Jafferji Mr W Duncan, Miss Dodd, Mrs Dawoodjhoy, Mr H Jafferji, Capt H B Cheyne Capt W D Robertson, and about 20 members of the Bandmann Comedy Company.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H M S Hardinge ....Comdr G A Rose .....R I Marine
H M S Margarita ....Capt W L Kelly .....Pearl Fishery
H M S Investigator...Capt W G Beauchamp .....R I Marine
H M S Northbrook...N J F Wilson .....R I Marine
H M S Palinurus ....Capt Holloway .....Survey Boat
Three Torpedo Boats .....Royal Navy
H M S Minto.....Lt Comdr Hardern.....R I Marine
In the stream.
H M S Dufferin.....Comdr H S Black .....R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—August 26

Capri	2794	Belsito	F & R S N Co
Dwarka	739	Menon	M M & Co
Delhi	4783	Andrews	P & O Co
Gerd	750	Andreasen	F P C & Co
Ipswich	613	Wallace	Shah S N Co
Kola	1205	Cole	M M & Co
Lalpoora	2124	Hodgson	M M & Co
Managon	3322	Powell	P & O Co
Nairung	2804	Thomson	Turner Morrison & Co
Nanabera	1961	Abbott...Calcutta, &c	M M & Co
Orissa	3325	Kc slie	M M & Co
Oriental	3386	Tocquen	P & O Co
Onda	3409	Garland	M M & Co
Shahnoor	2783	Foster	Shah S N Co
Shahi-han	2566	Davison	Shah S N Co
Shah Najam	2751	Davison	Shah S N Co
Xema	446	Mohamad...Kchi...	N F The Shah S N Co
Umvoti	1669	Robertson	A Strandes

VESSELS IN DOCK—August 26.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
A	Hindoo	3156	Jones	Hull	4-9	F Muir & Co
B	Dinbigh Hall	3211	Dowse	L'pool	29-8	K Nixon & Co
F	Ungeni	1666	Clark	Dunkirk	29-8	K Nixon & Co
H	Nasari	942	Primrose	P Gulf	3-9	B & P S N Co
N	Bechuana	2658	Crome	Baltimore	27-8	R A Willis
O	Somali	1622	Tinson	Zbar	29-8	A Strandes
P	Firenzi	2006	Watson	Jeddah	4-9	B & P S N Cy
Q	Kirkfield	2275	Dermody	Dunkirk	1-9	W & A G & Co

H W P D

Bahadari	629	Fakeera	N F	Bo S N Co
Kaveri	553	Mahomed	Bnagar	27-8	Bo S N Co

30 Ton Crane

City of Manchester	3583	Findlay	K'chi	27-8	K Nixon & Co

M W D D

Matrunji	547	Hoosein	K'chi	Bo S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
25	Obra s	Commack	Calcutta, July 14
26	Onda s	Garland	London, July 12
	Delhi s	Andrews	Shanghai, Aug 6
	Umvoti s	Robertson	Natal, Aug 7

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
26	Madura s	Etton	Persian Gulf, &c
	Umvoti s	Robertson	Busreh

...eamer Bechuana, Crowe, for Baltimore, obtained her ...e yesterday.
...ing vessels began to load yesterday:—
...Yetorofu Maru, for Kobe, &c.
...Yaseri, for Persian Gulf, &c
...iroosh, for Jeilah, &c
..., for Zanzibar, &c
...bi, for China and Japan.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

	Names	From
...ls.	H A Sharpe	Rangoon
...ng	R Braddley	Hongkong
...els	M Von Frenden	Hamburg
...	A Lindquister	Liverpool

DEPARTURES.

...ani	P McCabe	Chittagong
...anfels	H Smitz	H'burg and Bruen
	R Feltrup	Boston and New York
	M J Case	Bombay

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

		From
		Liverpool
		Calcutta
		Coast

...S EXPECTED.

	Calcutta
	Straits
	Bombay
	Calcutta
	Negapatam
	Penang
	Rangoon
	Coast
	Antwerp
	Calcutta
	Middlesbro
	Liverpool
...ru	
	Natal Sep

The dates are approximate only.

...Y EXPORTS.—AUGUST 26.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

...ia s—45 bales wool, R Rampratap, 6006 cwts ...mowrasseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 55 bales wool, A Chagla and Co; 55 bales cotton waste J C Tadiwalla; 7 cwts oil cake The New Mofussil Co; 450 cwts wheat sweepings H Kamjee.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—13 bales carpets S Nagjee; 24 cases Indian Chutney F Nowrojee; 101 cwts gum, W Madhowjee 1,999 cwts wheat, W and A Graham and Co; 3,053 cwts cotton seed, Ralli Brothers; 12 cases mat L B Bhootwalla; 22 cwts almond kernals, M J Joomabhoy and Co; 44 cwts goa kajoo, Pragjee Sooriee and Co; 22 bales cotton, N Peerbhoy; 67 bales skins, A H Mahomed and Co; 63 bales hemp, 1,004 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Comersey; 11 bales skins B M Kooka, 12 cwts wax A Visram; 6 bales skins W and A Graham and Co.

FOR GHENT.

Hindoo s—5 bales twist J A Begbie and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Caledonia s—406 cwts gum, S Damjee and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Kirkfield s—30 bales cotton Volkart Brothers; 2,000 linseed David Sassoon and Co; 115 bales cotton 803 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Dinbigh Hall s—150 bales cotton. Bamjee and Co,

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Hindoo s—413 cwts linseed Volkart Bros.

FOR VARNA.

Silesia s—20 bales twist Tata Sons and Co.

FOR GALATZ.

Silesia s—40 bales twist The Swadeshi Mill Co.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Silesia s—90 bales twist Tata Sons and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Silesia s—200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Sesana s—300 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co; 200 bales twist, Bomanjee and Co; 550 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *August 25.*] [BOMBAY, *August 26.*

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Vessel.	Importer.
1 Case Gold Coins	Rs. 12,640	Marseilles	Oriental	Comptoir National
1 Box Gold Coins	15,000	Marseilles	do	N Foolchand Javeri
1 Box Sovs	75,000	Alexandria	do	Hongkong Bank
1 Bag Gold Coins	7,560	Marseilles	do	B Castoorchand & Co
1 Parcel Gold Coins	2,800	Trieste	Silesia	A J H A & Rezn

BOMBAY MARKETS.

MONDAY EVENING.] [26TH AUGUST, 1907.

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates—

Bank of England ...4½ per cent. from 15th Aug.
Bank of Bengal .....3 per cent. „ 25th July.
Bank of Bombay.....3 per cent. „ 1st Aug.
Bank of Madras .....4 per cent. „ 9th July.

Money :—

The money market remains very easy. Banks are not anxious to borrow but Deposits for one month can still be arranged at 2½ per cent. per annum.

Exchange :—

There is no change to report in this market. The general T. T. rate is 1s. 3 31/32d. with ½ T. T. probably available for September. Banks are selling for the mail at ½ on demand but there are few buyers. Credits are slightly easier and bills have been placed for the mail at 1s. 4 1/4d. 3 months' sight. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...	1s. 3 31/32d.
Demand Draft	...	1s. 4d.
Credits— 3 months' sight	...	1s. 4 1/8 to 9/32d.
Do. 6 months' sight	...	1s. 4 1/2d.
Do. 3 months' sight—France		170 1/2
Do. 3 months' sight—Marks.		139 1/4
Hongkong—30 days' sight	...	163
Yokohama—30 days' sight	...	150 1/2
Shanghai— 30 days' sight	...	223

Government Paper :—

The market opened at Rs. 96½ ready and 96¼ for the settlement. Only a small business has been reported but the tendency has been firmer, the market closing at Rs. 96 11/16 for the settlement. A small business has been done for the second settlement at Rs. 96 9/16. Calcutta rates are steady at Rs. 96 13/16 ready and 96 9/16 for delivery forward in a month.

We quote :—

Cash ...	...	Rs. 96 13
1st Settlement ...	...	„ 96 11
2nd Settlement	...	„ 96 9

Bullion :—

Reuter's message this morning gave Bar silver in London as 5/16 up at 31 5/16 ready and 31 7/16 for delivery forward in two months. New York is also ¼ higher at 68¼. Locally rates have improved, the opening rate for ready bars being 80½ and closing at 80¾ ex-duty. Forward rates are given below. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

	Rs	A.	P.
English Bar Gold	24	1	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	0	6
Bombay Bar Gold	24	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	0	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver *ex* Duty—Ready	80	14	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...	80	12	0
Ditto 2nd „ ...	80	13	0

COTTON.

Market Report :—

Owing to the advance in America, the market opened steadier with price quoted Rs. 2 higher all round for New Crop. There is an improvement in the enquiry, and more business has been doing both by exporters and speculators. Private advices report damage to the American Crop by drought. The market closes steady as under after the Liverpool opener.

For ready cotton there was a moderate demand chiefly by mills, which holders were meeting pretty freely.

NEW CROP.

QUOTATIONS :—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	277/78	March 08
Good M. G. Broach	264/65	„
Fine „ Nagpur Kampti.. „	237/8	Jany. 08
„ „ Damangaum Pool-gaum ... „	230	„
„ „ Khangaum Akola „	222/23	„
„ „ Amraoti..... „	222/23	„
„ „ Muttia ..... „	209	„
F.G.M.G. Khandesh ... „	30 1/2	„
Fine M. G. „ ... „	210/11	„
„ „ Bengals ... „	205	„
„ „ „ ... „	207	Dec. 07
„ „ „ ... „	209	Nov. 07
Fully Good H. G Bengals... „	204	Jany. 08

Liverpool Opener :—

Opening Tone	Steady.	
Estimated Sales	5,000	bales
Total Imports	3,060	„

Future Delivery Prices :—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6·95 +09	6·82 +09	6·75 +09	6·70 +08	6·69 +08
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-March	Mar.-Apr.	Apr.-May	
6·68 +08	6·68 +08	6·69 +08	6·70 +08	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed :—

The market is quiet steady with a small business passing. We quote :—

Ready, ...	Rs. 7	8 0 MT
September	Rs. 7	14 0 MT

Rapeseed :—

The market is quiet with little doing. We quote as under :—

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 9	1 0
Yellow Guzerat	„ 10	0 0

Gingellyseed :—

The market is firm and prices are advancing. There is little business doing, but sellers are scarce even at the advance. We quote :—

Bold White 85 p. c. ...	Rs.	53 0 0	Dec.-Jan.
„ 75 p. c. ...	„	50 8 0	„
Black Kutni	„	45 8 0	„

Poppyseed :—

Rs. 10 7 0

Tone—steady.

Castorseed :—

Rs. 38 0 0

Tone—quiet.

Cottonseed :—

Rs. 20 0 0

Tone—quiet,

Mowraseed :—

Ready Rs. 5 4 0 B. T.

Tone—quiet.

Wheat :—

White Delhi ... ... Rs. 5 4 0 Aug.-Septr.
New White Delhi ... „ 5 1 0 April-May
Tone—steadier.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :—

Bombay	1,365	
India	61 1/2	Premium.
Indian Specie Bank ...	Rs. 6	Premium.

Mills :—

David	465	X-D
Empress	455	do
Howard and Bullough	575	do
Kohinoor	760	do
Maneckji Petit	2,465	do
Standard	1,200	do

Railways :—

Tapti Valley	450	X-D

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours at 6 p.m. on Saturday :—

Cotton	4,395	bales.
Wheat	5,297	cwts.
Linseed	1,207	„
Rapeseed...	1,431	„
Gingellyseed	257	„
Poppyseed	685	„
Groundnuts	306	„
Castorseed	2,915	„
Rice	2,651	„
Myrabollams	963	„
Cottonseed	1,494	„
Mowrasseed	4,461	„
Gram	780	„
Joowar	129	„
Maize	nil	„

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay, for the week ending 24th Aug., 1907, as compared with the statement of 17th Aug. 1907 :—

LIABILITIES.	Aug. 17. Rs.	Aug. 24. Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	98,00,000	98,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	61,02,450	65,59,819
Public Deposits at Branches	45,37,896	44,57,943
Other Deposits.....	8,66,91,433	8,70,76,966
Post Bills	18,522	18,639
Sundries	18,78,930	18,50,228
Rs..	11,90,29,232	11,95,64,914
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	1,43,22,882	1,40,20,817
Other authorised Securities.....	20,08,613	19,44,591
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities	1,37,99,117	1,32,11,850
Loans do. do.	2,28,16,676	2,31,95,563
Bills discounted and purchased	2,74,16,806	2,76,74,006
Dead Stock	3,26,471	3,26,237
Stamps	2,579	2,549
Bullion	4,92,807	5,08,701
Balances with other Banks.....	1,79,624	4,91,885
Sundries	1,41,683	1,90,350
Cash	4,24,79,173	4,35,52,466
	11,90,29,232	11,95,64,914

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect	Via Turkey Perfect	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	...	Via Bhamo Interrupted	Via Lisbon St Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 26th August 1907.

Difference in longitude allowed for.

Via	LATEST DATES. D.	H.	M.	TIME OCCUPIED IN TRANSMISSION. Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey	26	11	15 a m	3	35
Teheran	26	1	35 p m	0	46
Suez.....	26	2	20 p m	0	28

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p. m., 26th Aug. 1907.

	Latest Date.	Maximum Time. Hrs.	Mts.	Minimum Time. Hrs.	Mts.
From Calcutta....	26th Aug. 1907.	3	3	0	2
„ Karachee ..	Ditto	0	39	0	4
„ Madras	Ditto	0	54	0	13

NOTICES.

The Anglo-American Company notify that service gunboats between Trinidad and Amacura for telegrams destined for Venezuela have again been suspended. (27-6-06).

During the strike of Telegraph operators' telegrams for all places in United States, America, except New York City and Boston are subject to delay, and can only be forwarded at sender's risk. (14-8-07).

Cable Clara Maranhas interrupted. (22-8-07).

Bhamo route to China Interrupted beyond the Indian frontier between Tengyueh and Youngchang. (23-8-07.)

MANGALORE CHARITIES.

The Rev. Fr. Muller, S. J., thankfully acknowledges the receipt of the following contributions in aid of his Charitable Institutions. Rs.

H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.....	100
H. H. the Maharaja of Travancore.....	100
Messrs. P. F. X. Saldanha and Bros., Mangalore. .	200
Rev. Fr. Frank Pereira, Mangalore	100
Rev. Fr. B. Aranha, Buntval, and Mr. E. B. Palmer Buntval.....Rs. 50 each	100

The above persons paid Rs. 100 for the maintenance of one or more patients for one year.

Dr. L. P. Fernandes, St. Mary's Pharmacy, Mangalore.....	50
Anonymous, Madras, A Parsee, friend in Bombay Rs. 40 each	80
Mr. A. G. Christiansen, Madras, and Dr. Sorab C. Hormusjee, Bombay.....Rs. 30 each	60
Messrs. Cowasji Dinshaw and Bros., Bombay; Mart in Paris, Mangalore.....Rs. 25 each	50
Messrs. E. S. Brown, Barisal, Jamsetjee Edalji Bheesaniz, Bombay, N. N. Madras...Rs. 15 each.	45
Messrs. K. Chandy, Davangere, Sorabjee Rustomjee Battliwala, Bombay, R. Chinas Hitchcock, Jee Kharas, Bombay, H. Chas Hitchcock, Vallaramalla, V. P. Barker, Bombay, G. S. Abraham, and Nazereth .....Rs. 10 each.	60
Messrs. S. W. Upstron, Bellary, P. F. X. Vas, Sangli State, V. Srivatsanka Rao, Amalapuram, Capt. H. W. G. King, I. S. M. D., Madras, Stephen Bristowe, Lashkar, G. K. Parvati, Daryapur, Purna Chandra Mittra, Gopiballabhpur, Jos. C. Sequeira, Uppinangady, I. D. Rebello, Kalghatgi, H. Subba Rao, Pundalur, Silva Fada Ghose, Jhansi, Haridas Das, Gorakhpur, E. Brown, Pallavaram, and Rev. Frs. William Pinto, Kallianpur, Seb. V. Rebello, Karkal, and X. Aranha, Taccode, Seraphin OC., Nainital .....Rs. 5 each,	85
Mrs. M. R. Ry. R. Gooroomoorty Pantulu, Kaikalur, Rev. Frs. P. S. D'Souza, Beltangady, Casmir Fernandes, Sirva, A. Minezes, Punjalkatte, C. Ranga, Chariar, Trichur .....Rs. 1 each	20
Mr. H. R. Newport.....	3
Messrs. Bal Makund, Hathras, A. V. De'Rosario, Dindigul, J. N. Saldanha, Savantvadi, Diogo Mathias, Karkal, T. Mathai, Calicut, P. Alisha, Howrah, B. L. Nazereth, Manjeshwar, I. Macleod, Amirpur, Giris Chandra Das, Dibrugarh, Durga Das, Chittagong, Rev. Fr. Joseph, Pais, Oomzoor, and Mrs. R. Wallace, Jamalpur. Rs. 2 each	24
Messrs. Lalla Ram Bagajee Patel, Jaipur, G. F. Fernandez, Cochin, Philip Cunha, Poona, Nando Kishor sett, Calcutta, S. Amirthalingam Piallai Tanjore, L. K. Devadkar, Hubli, Uma Shankar Sultanpur, Sri Krishna Chatterji, Kendrapara, J. N. Chakravarty, Midnapore, Mrs. F. Harris, Pallavaram, and Asstt. Surgeon R. Butler, Bellary, Re. 1 each.	11

A TRANSLATION.

(FROM THE GREEK.)

I am not sure if I knew the truth—
What his case or crime might be:
I only know that he pleaded youth—
A beautiful, golden plea!

Youth, with its sunlit, passionate eyes;
Its roseate velvet skin—
A plea to conceal a thousand lies,
Or a thousand nights of sin—

The men who judged him were old and grey,
Their eyes and their senses dim:
He brought the light of warm spring day,
To the Court-house bare and grim.

Could he plead in a lovelier way?
His Judges acquitted him!

P. G.

The Army Council at home have sent out recommendations for the preparation of maps for war purposes which will be considered by the Government of India in connection with the annual report of the Indian Survey Department.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Re. 1 for six lines or less, and 2 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BOWMAN—August 22, at Haddow House, Nungambankum, the wife of John Bowman, Bank of Madras, of a son.
COLLEN—August 27, at Kasauli, the wife of Lieut. P. E. Collen, 15th Sikhs, of a daughter.
CHOTZNER—August 15, at Darjeeling, the wife of A. J. Chotzner, I. C. S., of a son.
WAKEFIELD—August 20, at Udaipur, Rajputana, the wife of G. E. C. Wakefield, of a son.

DEATHS.

JORDAN—August 12, at Mussoorie, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Jordan, aged 24.
ROUTH—August 6, at Darjeeling, Mr. R. J. A. Routh, Bengal Civil Service, son of the late Dr. E. J. Routh, of Cambridge.
WHITCHURCH—August 16, at Dharmsala, Harry Frederick Whitchurch, V. C., Major, Indian Medical Service, aged 41.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

DHANAMAL CHELLARAM,
62-64, MEDOWS ST., FORT, BOMBAY.
A LARGE Assortment of JEWELLERY, SILVER-WARE, JAPANESE SILKS, CHINESE SILKS—FLOWERED and EMBROIDERED; CREPES—EMBROIDERED; SILK DRESSES and BLOUSES—EMBROIDERED
Always in Stock
JAPANESE, CHINESE, EGYPTIAN, and PERSIAN CURIOSITIES displayed in large Variety.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 22m. Sun sets, 6h. 59m. High water 1-40m., 1-58a. Low water, 7-27m., 8-2a.
Bombay University Senate meeting, 5-45 p.m.
Presidency Cricket match.
Bombay Rugby Football Tournament.
Bombay Club, half-yearly general meeting, 6-30 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre: Bandmann Comedy Company,—"Raffles."
Bombay Improvement Trust, 4 p.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Wednesday, August 28.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p.m. Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30 p. m. Port Canning and Land Improvement Company, 8 Forbes Street, 4-45 p. m. Bombay Rugby Football Tournament. Byculla Club, half yearly general meeting, 10 p. m. Gaiety Theatre: Bandmann Comedy Company—"A Message from Mars," The Presidency Cricket match. Sun rises, 6h. 23m.; Sun sets, 6h. 58m.; High water, 2-26m., 2-33a.; Low water, 8-3m., 8-41a.

Thursday, August 29.—New French Press Company, 7 Marine Street, 5-30 p.m. Khandesh Press Company, 31 Church Gate Street, 4 p. m. Bombay Rugby Football Tournament. Gaiety Theatre: Bandmann Comedy Company—"The Idler." The Presidency Cricket, Match. Sun rises, 6h. 23m. Sun sets, 6h. 57m. High water, 3-15m., 3-12a. Low water, 8-53m., 9-22a.

Friday, August 30.—Bombay Rugby Football Tournament. Gaiety Theatre: Bandmann Comedy Company, "The Admirable Crichton." Sun rises, 6h. 23m.; Sun sets, 6h. 56m.; High water, 4-9m., 3-53a.; Low water, 9-42m. 10-11a.

Saturday, August 31.—Bombay Rugby Football Tournament. Wilson College: Lecture on "Modern Developments in the Study of Mind," 7 p. m. Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana A. and B. Teams vs. Byculla Club and Customs respectively. The Scarlet Mysteries, Town Hall. Gaiety Theatre: Bandmann Comedy Company—The Silver King. Sun rises, 6h. 23m.; Sun sets, 6h. 55m.; High water 5-22m., 1-41a.; Low water, 11-3m.; 11-23a.

Sunday, September 1.—14th Sunday after Trinity. Sun rises, 6h. 23m.; Sun sets, 6-55m.; High water, 7-7m.; 5-51a.; Low water, 0-57a.,

Monday, September 2.—4th Criminal Sessions of the High Court. Bombay Gymkhana half-yearly general meeting, 6-30 p.m. The "Scarlet Mysteries" Town Hall. Khatau Makanji Spinning and Weaving Company, Oriental Buildings. 4 p.m. Gaiety Theatre: Bandamann Comedy Company,—"the Liars." Sun rises, 6h. 24m., Sun sets, 6h. 54m., High water, 8-31m., 7-38a., Low water, 0-45m., 2-19a.

A MAHOMEDAN FAIR.—The annual Mahomedan Fair at the Grant Road Cemetery takes place to-day.

ARRIVAL OF THE BANDMANN COMEDY COMPANY.—The P. and O. Co.'s China Mail Steamer *Delhi*, which arrived in Bombay yesterday from China, *viâ* Colombo, has brought, besides other passengers, the artistes of the Bandmann Comedy Company.

A FATAL FALL.—A Hindu labourer named Jewa, aged 23, residing with his master at Shaikh Memon street, while white-washing the wall of his master's rooms on the third-floor, was standing on the cornice and holding on to a water-pipe for support, when the latter gave way under his weight and he fell to the ground. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital where he died of the injuries.

SILVER IN THE SEA.—While 260 bars of silver, per s.s. "Oriental," were being landed at the Carnac Bunder yesterday from prow No. 3243 by Messrs. Karamsi Damjee and Co., landing contractors for the Bank of Bombay, one of the bars fell into the sea and got buried deep in the mud. All endeavours up to the present have proved unsuccessful to recover the bar, which is said to be valued at Rs. 2,050.

THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—A female camel (camelus dromedarius), kindly presented by Mr. Hajee Kassam Joosub, makes an attractive addition to the Garden's collection of animals. This acquisition, it is hoped, will prove very interesting to visitors, and especially children who have rare opportunities of seeing this peculiar animal in Bombay. An Indian Monitor (Oœanus Bengalensis) has also been presented by the Bombay Natural History Society.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and Delagoa Bay, per extra s.s. "Somali," will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 a.m. on Thursday the 29th August. Specially superscribed correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

MUSIC AT THE TAJ MAHAL.—The following programme of music will be played at the Taj Mahal Hotel, under the direction of Mr. I. Salzinger to-day from 8-15 to 10-15 p. m.

March.....Trough Night to Light	Lanken
Overture ...Romantique	Keler-Bela
Waltz .....Wiener Luft	Ziehrer
Intermezzo ..Old love is never forgotten	Vollstedt
Selection .....San Toy	S Jones
American Ketch .....By the Swanee River	Mydelleton
Waltz .....Wiener Blut	J Strauss
Two-Step ... „Whistling Rufus	...

A DACOIT IN BOMBAY.—Inspector Sullivan of the Bombay Criminal Investigation Department charged one Nazar Mahomed Sulmabomed, a Pathan of Jalalabad, with committing dacoity at Hubli in the Dharwar District in 1904, and placed him before Mr. F. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate at the Mazagon Police Court. The accused, who was suspected of the offence, arrived in Bombay only a couple of days ago, and was arrested while smoking a hooka near Jackeria Masjid. His Worship adjourned the case to enable the police to produce evidence of identification of the accused.

THE B.S.P.C.A.—During the month of July last, a horse was sent to the Pinjrapole as being unfit for work, at the instance of the Agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, with the permission of the Presidency Magistrate and with the consent of the owner; while 6 horses and 42 bullocks were sent to the Bai Sakarbai Dinsha Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel, for curative treatment during the last month. 819 offenders were fined for cruelty to their animals, 4 cartmen were fined for overloading their carts and 19 offenders were warned and discharged by the Magistrates.

PILGRIM'S PATHETIC PLIGHT.—A Haji named Toongan, (35), putting up at the Musafirkhana in Pakmodia street, attempted to commit suicide yesterday by cutting his throat with a clasp knife. It appears that about six weeks ago the Haji had come to Bombay in company with his brother from upcountry, to proceed to Mecca on a pilgrimage. The brother died in the J. J. Hospital about a month ago. Since then Toongan became despondent. Yesterday he had been at prayers in the Musafirkhana, after which he took out a clasp knife from his pocket and ran it across his throat, almost severing the windpipe. He was immediately seized by those near him but as he struggled violently they tied his hands and communicated with the police, who removed him to the J. J. Hospital, where he is detained for treatment.

ROBBING HOSPITAL NURSES.—Several nurses of the Sir J. J. Hospital reported from time to time thefts of their belongings in the shape of ornaments and cash. The police succeeded in arresting one Kania Mithu, a washerman, in connection with the thefts, while he attempted to sell the stolen articles. He was placed yesterday before Mr. C. H. Setalwad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, and was charged with stealing a gold watch and chain valued at Rs. 150, the property of Miss Johnson; a gold ring, valued at Rs. 30 and belonging to Miss L. Fido, and a ring and watch belonging to Miss C. Purvis and Miss Wood Smith, respectively, who are nurses in the Sir J. J. Hospital. Inspector DeBurgh prosecuted. The accused, who pleaded guilty to the charge, was given an aggregate imprisonment of four and a half months. He was also fined Rs. 25 with the alternative of as many days' further rigorous imprisonment. The fine, if recovered, was ordered to be paid as compensation to the complainants, who were fortunate to get back their property which was found intact with the accused.

THE CORRICK FAMILY.—The Corrick Family of Entertainers, on a world's tour, in conjunction with Leonard's English Biograph Coy., will shortly introduce their clever entertainment to the principal provincial cities and towns of India. This combination, consisting of eleven musicians, vocalists, bell-ringers, national dancers, humorists, and bio-experts, are at present in Western Australia, after appearing with phenominal success throughout the Eastern portion of the Australian Commonwealth and New Zealand; being everywhere the subjects of most eulogistic criticisms. Headed by Miss Alice Corrick, soprano, supported by Miss Ruby Corrick, champion lady cornettist, (though a girl still in her teens) and Mr. Chris. Young, a clever society entertainer and humorous sketch artist, the Corricks appear in a series of unique programmes, which for versatility and musical ability have probably never been equalled in India. "Leonard's Beautiful Pictures" have for some years been famous for their magnificence. The £3,000 worth of properties carried throughout country as well as city tours by this renowned combination, includes an eight horse-power electric engine and dynamo, by means of which the halls played in are brilliantly lighted, electric fans propelled, Leonard's pictures clearly exhibited, and the out-door illuminations projected. This electric outfit was imported direct from Paris, and is the admiration of experts and the envy of all picture companies. The Corrick family will leave Australia for Colombo on the 17th September, and preliminary advertisements as to their dates in Bombay will shortly appear in these columns.

THE INCREASE IN PASSAGE RATES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I do not agree with "Free

SPEND BOTH SIDES OF YOUR RUPEES

by purchasing materials that will

wear twice as long under all conditions, look twice as well after a deal of wear, at half the cost of shoddy cloths that are

only made to sell at an exhorbitant profit.

Remember that materials not composed of Pure Wool throughout look shabby and get thread-bare in no time.

Stick to Pure Wool if you would be comfortable during the season of 'clammy clothes'.

Pure Wool will guard you from chills and the consequent dangerous fevers.

The purity of DHARIWAL material is guaranteed.

DHARIWAL PURE WOOL MATERIALS

consist of :—

Blankets	Broadcloths
Flannels	Serges
Lohis	Puttoos
Puttis	Tweeds
Jerseys	Cardigans
Sweaters	Stockings
Socks etc :	etc :

Samples and full particulars sent on receipt of a post-card to The Manager, Dept., 4.

THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS CO., LD.,

DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

GALLERY OF ENGRAVINGS, ETCHINGS,

AND

SPORTING PICTURES

SUITABLE FOR

BIRTHDAY

AND

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Price Rs. 10 to Rs. 30 Framed.

BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY

56, Esplanade Road, Fort.

Opposite BOMBAY CLUB

KING, KING & CO.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.;

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection, with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs HENRY S. KING & Co., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON.

HENRY S. KING & CO.

PETROL.

SHELL BRAND

IMPORTED BY THE

ASIATIC PETROLEUM COMPANY,

AGENTS :

FAKULBHOY M. CHINOY & CO.,

At SHALKHOY TYEBJEE & SONS'

SHIP CHANDLERS' STORE,

DALAL LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

BEYNON & CO.,

FOR

The most recently introduced

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET REQUISITES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, etc.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

"OTANGO."

A protection against Mosquitoes and bites of all insects.

Per bottle Re. 1-0

BEYNON & CO.,

55, ESPLANADE

BRANCH :—

51, WALKESHWAR ROAD, MALABAR HILL,

BOMBAY.

THE

BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS

TO

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

9, MEDOW STREET, BOMBAY.

INDIAN SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

REGISTERED CAPITAL.....Rs. 2,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Rs. 1,50,00,000

HEAD OFFICE :
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES :
CALCUTTA, SURAT, AHMEDABAD, & KARACHI.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and 2 per cent. interest is allowed on amounts of Rs. 200 and upwards

FIXED DEPOSITS.

INTEREST, at the rate of 4½ per cent., is allowed on Fixed Deposits for twelve months certain.

RATES of INTEREST for shorter periods may be ascertained at the Bank's Office.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

ACCOUNTS are opened in the Savings Bank and Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, &c.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, and Cash Credits are given, on terms arranged, upon approved Security.

SHARES and GOVERNMENT PAPER are received for safe Custody and Interest is recovered upon them.

Particulars may be ascertained on application.

CHOONILAL DHARAMDAS SARAIYA,
Managing Director.

BLUTHNER

Pianoforte Maker to Her Majesty QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

BLUTHNER PIANOS

ARE

The Most Successful Pianos in the World,

Dr. PAUL in his "History of the Pianoforte" says:—

"The Bluthner Pianofortes Maintain the first position in the World."

A statement so authoritatively proclaimed renders it unnecessary for us to mention further claims for consideration to Purchasers of

BLUTHNER PIANOS.

The BLUTHNER PIANOS are not pianos manufactured for Commercial Competition, but are specially built on the Soundest Musical principles and for those who appreciate the highest and best Ideals of Music.

The BLUTHNER PIANOS are specially built for the climate of India. They have a thirty years' record in this country for being the best Pianos for standing in tune.

SOLE AGENTS :

MARCKS & CO., Ltd.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

STOP!!!

CONSIDER THIS!!! THEN PROVE IT!!!

WHY BE BOTHERED With Bad Work

WHEN YOU CAN GET

High Class Portraiture

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

Cabinet Platinotype.....Rs. 25 per doz.
" Silver.....Rs. 16 per doz.

OTHER SIZES ON APPLICATION.

OURS IS THE COOLEST STUDIO IN BOMBAY.

Amateurs will receive our best attention in developing, printing, enlarging, etc.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF ALL LOCAL EVENTS ALWAYS ON VIEW.

N. B.—We shall be glad to send our representative to any out-station.

PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

BOURNE & SHEPHERD,

OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPHERS,

WHITEAWAY'S BUILDING,

32, HORNBY ROAD.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE

5,000 TONS STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,

King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

THE NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL, OOTACAMUND.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE LADIES OF THE "FRANCISCAINES MISSIONNAIRES DE MARIE."

THE COURSE OF EDUCATION for all Classes includes the subjects required for the Public Examinations of the Indian Government. Pupils are also prepared for the Local Cambridge Examinations.

Instruction in Singing, Musical Drill, and Needlework, both Fancy and Plain, is given to all Classes.

A Special Class, for Children of Ladies, is also held on Reserved Class Boarders.

TERMS ON APPLICATION TO THE LADY SUPERIOR,

The NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL OOTACAMUND, NILGHERRIES.

ENTERIC.

PLAGUE. CHOLERA. DYSENTERY.

ALONG WITH

ACCIDENTS FROM ALL ORDINARY SPORTS

COVERED BY

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LD.

Premium Rs. 90 Yearly for Rs. 15,000 Policy.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., BOMBAY.

LONDON IN BOMBAY,
LONDON IN BOMBAY,
LONDON IN BOMBAY.

BUCHANAN'S

"BLACK & WHITE"

SCOTCH WHISKY

Sold Everywhere.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

TUESDAY, AUG. 27, 1907.

GYPSY LORE.

THE "Journal of the Gypsy Lore Society" has entered upon a new series and with its first number comes an explanatory leaflet by Mr. R. A. Scott Macfie, the Secretary of the Society. In it he tells us that the long sojourn in civilized countries of bands of foreign nomads earning a precarious livelihood as minstrels, smiths, horse-dealers, or tellers of fortunes; the mystery of their advent and origin; the stubborn energy with which, obstacles notwithstanding, they have clung to oriental customs and retained in Wales, as in Greece, the same ancient Indian tongue at least five centuries after their separation; their winning manners and lawless conduct, making them the objects alternately of cruel persecution and romantic idolatry; have commanded and, until the Gypsy race sheds its individuality and is overwhelmed in the surrounding population, will command not only the keen interest of such giants among philologists as Pott, Miklosich, and Ascoli, but also the enthusiastic study of humanitarians and ethnologists. What centuries of persecution could not destroy, he continues, is succumbing to a peaceful but insidious attack. Public opinion has changed, and the Romani wanderers are now regarded with indulgent toleration; the barriers of prejudice that existed on both sides are being broken down; mixed marriages are fairly common; and it is becoming increasingly difficult for the gypsy to escape, no matter how desperately he may struggle, the modern police-driven engine that obliterates character by forcing every man kindly but firmly into the same cast-iron board-school mould. The isolation and purity of the race, it seems, are gone: nomad habits and distinctive customs are being gradually abandoned: even the beautiful language is fast degenerating into a broken jargon; and the Romani student of the near future will mourn that he has no gypsies to study. Recognition of this urgency led, in May 1888, to the formation of a Gypsy Lore Society to promote the study of Gypsy History, Language, Customs, and Folk-Lore; and for four years it published a quarterly journal, containing contributions from all the most eminent Romani scholars, which is now recognized as one of the few authoritative and indispensable works on these subjects. The Society has lain dormant since 1892, but the mass of new information which has accumulated in the interval, and the growth of interest in Gypsy studies are so great, that it has been decided to revive it under the presidency of Mr. David MacRitchie, its originial founder, and to issue the first number of the new series of its publications which is now before us.

The Journal is in magazine form and is excellently got up. Mr. David Ritchie, the President of the Society, contributes to the new number a prefatory note, in which he claims that between the history of the famous Gypsy classic "Lavengro" and the journal there is a certain manifest resemblance. In 1851, under the title of "Lavengro," George Borrow published the first section of his remarkable autobiography. In 1857, the second portion, "The Romany Rye" made its appearance, no attempt being made to bridge over the hiatus in any fashion. As Mr. John Sampson wrote: "After a slumber of six years the dingle re-awakens to life, Lavengro's hammer shatters the stillness and the blaze of his forge again lights up its shadows, while all the strange persons of the drama take up their parts at the point where the curtain has been so abruptly rung down." So with the Journal. Founded in 1888 it held serenely on its way until the spring of 1892, when its career was somewhat suddenly arrested. The Society of which, it was the outward expression, did not actually cease to exist, but it fell into a trance more profound and more prolonged than the mesmeric slumber which enwrapped "The Romany Rye." Not six years only but fifteen have passed since the Journal bade a temporary farewell to its readers. But at last the spell is over and the Society, more vigorous than ever, has resumed the work which it laid down in 1892, and is devoting itself with renewed energy to the prosecution of Gypsy study in all its various phases. Following Mr. Ritchie, Mr. John Sampson contributes a paper on "Gypsy Language and Origin" in which he urges that what Halliwell held of Shakespeare that "no journey is too long, no trouble too great, if there is the possibility of either resulting in the discovery of the minutest scrap of information" is equally true of the Rye and the Romani-chal. He finds a charm in the huge enchanted jungle of Gypsy Lore, with its great forest trees, entangling undergrowth, half-hidden swamps and untrodden tracts, which he would be sorry to see supplanted by straight ways and official sign-posts; and much less would he wish to lay down the law to a brother hunter as to what game should be pursued or how he should make his bag. Mr. Sampson discusses the old question of the Gypsies' original home and race and the period and cause of their dispersal. The Romani riddle, he observes, has been solved so often and so variously that at first sight it seems to be a greater riddle than ever. They are, we are told, Egyptians, or people, who may have come by way of Egypt, Sudras expelled by Tamerlane, Jats, Doms, Dards, Changars, the heretic sect of Athingani, the Sigyana of Herodotus, or a prehistoric race who have always lived, so to speak, at our back-doors. They are even, says M. Steur, the descendants of the dwellers in the sunken Atlantic. Mr. Sampson finds the key to the problem in the study of the language and he accepts Pott's theory, never successfully disputed, that all the diverse Romani dialects, in spite of the foreign influences to which they have been subjected, are of one and the same origin and that in them one cannot fail to recognise a distinct national language closely allied with Sanskrit, and originating most probably in the dialects of the extreme north of India. Interest centres, he remarks, as much in the study of the Syrian Gypsy as in the tongues of North-West India. We must learn more of the Asiatic dialects before the exact degree of kinsmanship between the Gypsies of the East and West can be determined. In the prosecution of this study lie the discoveries of the future.

Mr. Yoxall, M. P., is among other contributors to the journal and suggests that a student with leisure and a turn for it could deduce from dated pictures a highly interesting and authoritative monograph on Gypsy dress. He would study pictures which represent Romany scenes, or introduce Gypsy figures into landscapes, As he reminds us David Cox and Peter de Wint were fond of depicting Gypsies. De Wint, in particular, visited the tans, was received with friendship, made careful drawings of Gypsies and put them into his pictures, which, therefore, show what English Gypsies looked like in the third, fourth and fifth decades of the last century. There was no doubt a good deal of spiritual kinship between the Romanies and the wandering sketchers of the period. Then, says Mr. Yoxall, Frederick Walker painted "the Vagrants," a picture now in the Tate gallery, but there was by them hardly anything distinctive left in the Gypsies' dress. About what date, he enquires, did the Gypsies begin to adopt a dress which resembled the costume general in the landin which they dwelt? A careful study might tell us that, but, as he warns students, allowance must be made for artistic license, and pictures are not entirely authentic documents. Mr. Yoxall does not promise to undertake the duty, but claims to have indicated a line of research which some members of the Society less encumbered with affairs than he may usefully take up. Any pictures which show the antiquity of the Tzigane conventional costume would be particularly valuable in this respect. We trust that the period of new life upon which the journal of the Gypsy Lore Society has entered will prove longer than the last.

POLYGAMY AND POLYANDRY. Further with reference to our remarks of Saturday, on the subject of Polygamy and Polyandry, it may be observed that Caesar speaks of polyandry having existed among the ancient Britons: it certainly flourished with the primitive Arabs, also in aboriginal New Zealand and amongst a few American tribes. But the great polyandric centres exist or have existed in Asia, in India, Ceylon and Thibet. Thus says Prof. Letourneau in his interesting *Evolution of Marriage*: "Various aboriginal tribes of India, nearly always much addicted to female infanticide, have practised polyandry. The Miris and Dophlas of Bengal are still polyandrous. Among the Todas of Nilgherry polyandry was fraternal. When a man married a girl, she became on that account the wife of all his brothers, and inversely these became the husbands of all the sisters of the wife. But polyandry has not flourished only among the primitive races of India. The Hindoo populations had also adopted it, and traces of it are found in their sacred writings. In the Mahabarata the five Pandou brothers marry all together the charming Draupadi with eyes of lotus blue." Amongst the Hindoo mountaineers of the Djemmah and on the Malabar coast the habit has survived to the present day. The polyandry of the Nairs of Malabar has figured largely in the writings of European sociologists and travellers for several centuries. When the Nair system was at its zenith the method of procedure was as follows. The parents married their daughter early, but she first of all performed a fictitious marriage with some labourer or coolie hired for the occasion. That being done she could choose a husband of her own free will. She chose one and added further husbands from time to time until she possessed from four to twelve. These husbands were generally neither brothers nor relatives of each other, but they had to be of the girl's caste. The associated husbands seemed to live together in good understanding; they had to maintain the common wife and they agreed together to share the expense. "One took on himself to furnish the clothes, another to give the rice. On these conditions each one could in turn enjoy the common property, and, in order not to be troubled in the use of his rights, it sufficed the husband on duty to hang on the door of the house and on the wife's door his shield and his sword or knife." Heredity is under these conditions purely matriarchal: no man knows his father, and a man's property descends to his sister's children. In Thibet, on the other hand, we have patriarchal polyandry. The elder brother of a family marries a wife, and his younger brothers, if they choose, become thereby her inferior husbands. As primogeniture exists, and the eldest brother is the sole inheritor, the pressure of economic necessity is largely responsible for this curious regime. For the younger brothers would generally choose to become husbands and thereby shares of the common wife and property. But although no jealousy between the husbands as a rule exists, the younger brothers hold a distinctly subordinate position. The children springing from these unions give the name of father to the eldest of the husbands, or sometimes to all. Doubtless the existence of a collective paternal parenthood renders the Thibetan system superior in one sense to the matrimonial regime of the Nairs, but on the other hand the Nair form of polyandry concedes a desirable dignity and liberty of choice to the woman. Ethically the matriarchal polyandry is higher than fraternal or patriarchal polyandry; while historically it is impossible to describe one as belonging to an earlier stage of evolution than the other. Both are extremely interesting survivals and both may be regarded as concurrent variations from the polygamic stage, called into being by some marked disproportion of the sexes.

THE PEARY EXPEDITION. According to a telegram to the Australian papers Commander Peary has postponed his forthcoming attempt to reach the North Pole until next year because the contractor has failed to refit the "Roosevelt" with new boilers within the stipulated time. Meanwhile the explorer will have time to rearrange his plans and, although he has been somewhat reticent as to his intentions in the next "dash," one may judge from his book "nearest the Pole" that the ideal method has not yet been adopted. Perhaps this impression is heightened by the author's lack of style. The book looks that which would have been most welcome, a full account of the benefits which scientific knowledge has gained from the attempt. Starting from New York on July 16, 1905, the "Roosevelt" made for Melville Bay on the Greenland Coast, picking up her complement of seasoned "hands" at several places en route, together with that most necessary of all Arctic expeditionary articles, the Eskimo dog. Such arrangements being completed, the party steamed through Smith Sound and Kennedy Channel to Cape Sheridan, which is at the gateway of the Polar Sea. It is of interest to note that, as regards the navigation of these waters, far fewer difficulties are encountered on the Greenland foreshore than on the Western side of the Straits. Yet even here the dangers of Arctic travel are very real. Thus Commander Peary tells us that on one occasion, when the ship was making her way through a narrow tongue of ice, "a sudden swirl of the current, which at times runs like a mill race, swept the ice together in a way that I can only liken to the scurry of fallen leaves before an autumn breeze, pinched the Roosevelt between the big cakes, and smashing her against the ice-foot, ground her along its vertical face with a motion and noise like that of a railway car which has left the rails." Eventually it was decided to make the winter quarters at Cape Sheridan, on account of the plentiful supply of provisions to be had there. It was then that the most severe trials began. From the descriptions taken from his diary Commander Peary shows that Arctic exploration is a thing to be avoided by all who have the least predilection for comfort. The natural trials were sufficiently great to deter any ordinary man from going forward. Then was added a fresh trouble. Several of the dogs had to be killed for food, and the Eskimos, seeing their transport diminishing, very nearly mutinied and refused to go further north, Eventually matters were settled and a further rapid advance was made and the explorer was able to plant the American flag in Latitude 87° 6', or as he puts it, "he had beaten the record." There will always be a considerable amount of romance in Arctic exploring, but were it only for its romantic side there would be little value in it. That the most northerly point reached was not done without combating with great difficulties has been shown and, therefore, it cannot be said that Commander Peary is a sensation-monger. He has undertaken the task, and his support has come from those whose only interest in his exploits is scientific, but it would be well if he confined himself to this view of his undertaking. Everyone wishes him success, but if his sole information on his return be that he has "been there," then genuine interest and sympathy must necessarily decrease, if not cease.

THE EXTENSIONS OF THE COUNCILS. A Circular letter from the Government of India to Local Governments is issued inviting opinions upon the long-discussed question of the extension of the Councils. This letter provides for a nominated Council of Notables, comprising Imperial Counsellors selected from Ruling Chiefs and other prominent persons, to be consulted periodically by the Government of India, in some cases by letter, in others at meetings summoned to represent either the entire Council or a section of it according to the circumstances. Nominated Advisory Councils for each province are also provided the members to hold honorific appointment as advisers and to have relations with Local Government analogous to those which the Imperial Counsellors have with the Government of India. The increase of the non-official element upon the Legislative Councils (both provincial and imperial) may also be discussed subject to the proviso that the preponderance of the official element be preserved and opinions may be invited upon question of affording increased facilities for discussion in the Councils by holding Budget Debates in section devoted to the affairs of different branches of the administrian.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. *Egypt* with the Mails of the 16th instant left Aden at 4 p. m. on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 9 a. m. on Friday next.

THE P. and O. s. s. "Arcadia" left Hongkong, on 24th August.

THE N. Y. K. s. s. "Kogashima Maru" left Tuticorin for Colombo on the 25th instant.

THE Florio and Rubattino s. s. "Levanzo" from Hongkong left Singapore for Bombay yesterday.

THE Florio and Rubattino Company's s. s. "Leguria," from Genoa, left Suez for Aden and Bombay on the 25th instant.

CHAPTER XI. of our new Serial Story, "The Wooing of Lilac," by T. W. Hanshew, will be found on page 6 of to-day's issue.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 3rd August 1907, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1906 of 94,043 mds. and Rs. 25,549 in the earnings.

WE are asked to state that the paragraph we published on the 19th instant, concerning the Karachi Port Trust, was not contributed by our recognised local correspondent, who desires to disclaim responsibility for it.

THE Old Cliftonian dinner at Naini Tal will take place on the 24th September. Old Cliftonians wishing to be present should communicate with Mr. W. H. Moreland, I.C.S., who is making the arrangements.

TWO Chauffeurs of Columbia, Indiana, have brought the methods of mediæval tournaments up to date. They settled a dispute by charging their cars at each other until one was smashed, when the combat was resumed on foot with fists.

NEWS from Shingshall beyond Gilgit shows that the lake which at one time threatened to overwhelm the valley is empty, the water having cut through the glacial dam without bursting it.

THE Agricultural Research Institute at Pusa publishes a report on trials with the South African locust fungus which show a failure of the culture to affect insects in India.

FATHER ERASMUS HERING, the world's greatest linguist, died at Laudesbut Monastery recently at the age of seventy-nine. He is said to have had absolute command of thirty-three ancient and modern languages.

A MEMORIAL has addressed to the Government of Bengal, by the Society for the Protection of Children in India, in connection with the proposed amendments of the Calcutta Police Acts now under consideration by a Special Committee appointed by Government for that purpose. In it the memorialists submit that in view of the proposed ligislation now before the Legislative Council to amend the Calcutta Police Acts of 1866, the time is opportune and ripe to bring to notice the pressing need for the inclusion in these amendments of legislation to empower right and proper persons to remove children of tender age, girls and boys under 14 years, from brothels or houses of ill-fame, that they may be placed in homes or with guardians and in surroundings where they will have the opportunity to lead healthy moral lives, and impossibility so long as these children are allowed to remain in the charge of undesirable persons, in houses where these unfortunates are to be found.

THE *Ceylon Observer*, in directing attention to the very closely reasoned united letter of all Indian Planters' Associations to the Tea Association in Calcutta, calling for Government attention to the out-of-date Ceylon import duty on tea, and also to the United Planters' Association's remarks in its Annual Report says:—"The letter to the Indian Government has gone forward and we have no doubt that the institution of expert inspection at the Customs—and freedom from a Protective import duty, which affects India closely and so much more than any tea-producing country—will before long be again pressed on the Ceylon Executive as an advisable measure."

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

WONDERFUL SWIMMING.

Motor Racing.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, AUGUST 9.

NOW-A-DAYS, when British athletes are being challenged by many foreigners for supremacy at various branches of sport, it is very satisfactory to contemplate the state of affairs at long distance swimming. Some people may contend that no good object is gained by a Channel swim, but this is not so. By such, the finest accomplishment, next to rifle shooting, receives a stimulant and it is safe to say that thousands have learnt to swim through becoming interested in the attempts of the cracks to conquer the Channel. Further, to battle against the tides and currents of the Channel for half a day or more, demand determination and stamina of the highest order, and the showing of the experts during the last few seasons indicate that we are very much to the fore in this respect.

UNLUCKY WOLFFE.

J. Wolffe, the Glasgow swimmer, very nearly accomplished his desire early in the week. Had he started a couple of hours earlier or been spared the thick haze which caused him to get out of his course, he would probably have succeeded. He never swam better and kept his spirits up in a wonderful manner until nearly the end. After swimming for nearly 15 hours, Wolffe got within three quarters of a mile of Calais, and his friends thought success was at hand. The South-West wind, however, freshened rapidly and this made the water choppy on the shallow sands so that Wolffe became exhausted and drifted further away again, finally collapsing when about one mile and a quarter from Calais pier. It is recognised that the Glasgow man actually swam 38 miles with drift, while he was in the water 15 hours 16 mins. Save in regard to time, the attempt is on a par with Montague Holbein's best effort, the latter starting from the French side and getting within 1400 yards of Dover pier, after a swim of 22 hours 21 mins. It is difficult to say which is the better performance, though Holbein's must stand first from a point of view of endurance. Wolffe appears the most likely man to succeed and, with favourable conditions, he may get across one of these days.

IMPROVEMENT.

The times accomplished by the placed men in the one mile amateur championship at Swindon show how long distance swimmers have improved in recent years. Many sportsmen will recollect the astonishment caused by J. Nuttall's record of 26mins. 0 secs, when he defeated Mr. Cusker of America for the professional championship at Hollingworth Lake in 1893. The American had been beating record in his trials and his party were astounded when the Stalybridge man showed himself capable of simply smothering the previous best. Since then the World's record has come down The 23mins.16 4/5secs. by the late Barney Kieran. The championship at Swindon was remarkable for the fact that the third man actually beat Nuttall's 1893 record and a few years ago many people thought we should never see his equal. Taylor of Chadderton, who did 25mins. 4 3/5 secs, had been showing signs of staleness and his win at Swindon came as a pleasant surprise to his admirers. The hero of the race was W. Foster of Bacup, who, though but a youth, got home in 25mins. 23 4/5secs. with Radmilovic of Wales third in 25mins. 46secs. Foster ought, providing he does not overdo it, to improve a lot in the next year and he should prove a good representative of Britain at the Olympic Games.

CYCLING.

Syd. Jenkins has been training carefully in London for some time and the results were shown on Tuesday at Taff Vale. The speedy Welshman won both the quarter and half mile championships of the South Wales Centre and in addition disposed of such cracks as Walter Bardgett (America), J. S. Benyon of Chester and W. Flint of London in scratch races at a quarter and a half. On the Continent, Friol has been gaining more fame by defeating Ellegaard and Paulain in the Grand Prix de Reims, while Petit-Breton finished up best man in the Tour De France. This commenced on July 8th and was decided in fourteen stages, the positions of the riders at each stage being reckoned up. Petit-Breton only finished first twice, but was generally close up and his total of 47 gave him a big lead over Garrigon of France, who was second with 66 points.

The most interesting of the races for amateurs during the holidays were those in which J. Devoissoux of France took part at Portsmouth. He won a half mile handicap from scratch, but went down before Payne of Worcester in a couple of scratch races. This rather looks as though the Englishman is finding his best form again. It will be remembered that Devoissoux was just beaten by Payne and Kingsbury in the one and five miles N. C. U. (English) Championships at Exeter, but just after won the World's Championship at Paris. The latter, however, was decided on a small indoor track (owing to rain) which considerably handicapped the English riders. The French crack is a good sportsman and will be given a hearty greeting when he turns out against our best men at Herne Hill later in the month, as he hopes to do.

MOTOR RACING.

The terrible accident in connection with the Criterium de France must do a lot to kill racing on the roads. Through a burst tyre one of the competing cars got out of control and dashed into a tree, and a photographer, who was a passenger, was killed. This led up to a worse accident, for another car (containing journalists) hurrying to the scene, ran head on into another competing car with the result that both drivers and four out of the other seven occupants of the cars were killed.

Thus seven lives were lost and it is no wonder the race was abandoned. It would seem as though the Brooklands track was built at the right time, as motor racing will finally be confined to proper tracks. Last Monday's Brooklands meeting produced some interesting racing, in which two big Mercedes racers showed themselves the cracks of all competing, D. Resta (who, when a member of the Putney A.C. used to win prizes for cycling) steering the winning car in the big race. An example of presence of mind was shown at the meeting, that is worthy of notice. An official ran on to the track to remove a portion of a car, which had become loose. Before he could get off, however, a big car swept down upon him. Fortunately, he kept his nerve and, standing still, enabled the drivers of the "flying" cars to steer past him. If only pedestrians would show the same presence of mind when cyclists are approaching them, there would be fewer accidents.

ATHLETICS.

Our crack athletes have been busily engaged during the holiday meetings and some of the performances accomplished have been splendid. Pride of place perhaps belongs to J. P. George, who in the quarter mile special handicap at the Glasgow Rangers F. C. Sports, did 49 3/5 secs. from the six yards mark and dead-heated with J. Vallance, 12 yards start. This is equal to 50 2/5 secs. all the way and bears out the writer's claim that the quarter is George's best distance. He scored again in the 300 yards scratch race at Wellington, but at Stoke, in the scratch furlong, was placed third to J. W. Norton and L. de B. Reed, while N. C. Cartmell also finished in front of him, but met with disqualification through bumping into Reed. The travelling about evidently disagreed with George or else he was unfavourably placed, otherwise it is hard to account for his showing over the distance, at which he is champion. Morton is maintaining his reputation in fine style and again beat Cartmell and the rest in the level "100" at Stoke.

SHRUBB IN AMERICA.

When Alfred Shrubb set out on his American tour, his chief thought was a match with Thos. Longboat, the wonderful Canadian Indian, who shines so much in Marathon races. The latter had been in conflict with the athletic governing authorities of the United States, so that there was some ground for thinking he might join the professional ranks. Hearing no more of the matter, sportsmen on this side concluded that everything had come right for Longboat, but our latest advice is to the effect that there is still some prospects of a match between him and Shrubb, owing to the Indian having trouble with the Canadian Amateur Athletic Association. While a match between Shrubb and Longboat would certainly create great interest, most sportsmen on this side would rather see the latter retain his amateur status and show his ability in the Marathon race next July.

Talking of this, the authorities propose to decide it on the track and not on the road, the reason given being that the police would not hold up the traffic. This is absurd, as a course can be selected so as to enter the Stadium without meeting any traffic to speak of or require holding up. Further, the authorities could be induced to hold up any traffic (for such a big occasion) if the cause demanded it, but which is not necessary.

SCULLING.

It is possible we may see something like a revival of professional sculling. It will be remembered that George Towns beat E. Durnan for the World's Championship and then resigned his title to his brother Charles. The latter and W. Webb of New Zealand have now decided a match for £500 and which the New Zealander won, proving himself a fine stayer. Webb defeated J. Stanbury last Christmas and has now been challenged by Tressider, so that the new champion is likely to be busy. Another factor to be considered is G. Barry of London, who is quite likely to prove a thorn in the side of the New Zealander. Barry can find good backing for a match on the Thames and, after recent developments, he may be induced to go to New Zealand for a race.

THE TURF.

Danny Maher did not meet with his usual success at the early part of the season, but he has been making up for this of late. He rode half a dozen Winners at the Goodwood meeting, and at Sandown Park on Bank Holiday he gained three more winning brackets and further added to his record at Brighton. This has enabled the popular American horseman to displace McCall for second place on the list and though he cannot possibly catch Higgs (bar accidents) he will quite likely finish up with the best percentage of winners in proportion to mounts. Another jockey, who has been riding well of late is H. Randall. A few seasons ago he was shapin as an amateur and was often given the mount on Sceptre. Since he has been riding professionally he has fully maintained his good record, and at Brighton this week he had the satisfaction of winning three races.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

That it pays to study the general public, was shown by the crowds which attended the Sandown Park Holiday Meeting on Monday. For the first time in the history of the meeting the admission was reduced to one shilling, and this policy is likely to again prevail at holiday times. Maher's riding was a big feature, his first win being on Mr. Dugdale's Drusus (by Collar) in the August three year old handicap. Splendid riding also enabled him to squeeze Lord Derby's Venilia home a head in front of Acclaim (Higgs up) in the Lammas Stakes of 500 sovs. for three year olds, while his victory on Love Song in the Lubbock Handicap was also only won by a head. The North Surrey Handicap was noteworthy for the first win of Lady de Bathe since she gave up running her horses under the name of "Mr. Jersey." Few sportsmen failed to remember that this represented Lillie Langtry, the famous actress. Her pretty turquoise and fawn hoops and turquoise cap was carried to victory at Sandown by Geyser, a colt by Merman, so should have plenty of staying power.

INTERNATIONAL RACING.

A study of the returns of the Brighton Meeting this week show how very international our racing has become. There are few races in which an owner, jockey or horse has not got some sort of connection with a Colony, America or a foreign country. One naturally thought of the Kaffir Market, when Mr. J. B. Joel's Carnock won the Alfriston Plate, while in the next event, the Oringden Plate, his filly Isis beat a good field of eleven, Randall riding both winners. Mr. Joel also secured the Brighton Stakes with Menu, and it is a long time since he had such success. All three winners were trained by Morton at Letcombe (where Boss Croker's horses used to be trained) and singularly enough, they were the only three he sent to Brighton. None of them had previously won, so that the trainer had many congratulations. Over-seas owners were rather prominent in other events, Mr. A. Bailey's American Lad "running up" in the Henfield Handicap, while Mr. Spencer Gollan's Tirara was third in the Brighton Stakes. The Brighton Cup does not draw as it once did and only a moderate field ran on Wednesday, when St. Savin won for Mr. A. James from Mr. Spencer Gollan's filly by Bill of Portland. The winner is a son of St. Simon but a long way removed from the class of his sire. The Sussex Plate and Apprentices Plate were noteworthy for the success of the Wootons—father and son,—the little Australian jockey riding his father's Retrieve and Marcristine to victory in these events.

THE AUTUMN HANDICAPS.

The entries for the Autumn Handicaps are very satisfactory, and if half the cracks entered go to the post, we shall be sure of very exceptional racing The Cesarewitch has attracted such as The White Knight, Hammerkop, Velocity, Eider, Orby Sandboy, Golden Measure and Malue, besides the Russian colt Hammurabi, while the nominations for the Cambridgeshire include Velocity, Hammurabi, Galvani, Eider, Orby, Slieve Gallion, Earlsto Andover, Polymelas, Ouida Halfa, Keystone II a Procope.

CRICKET.

The performances of the South African in Ireland have still further improved th of R. O. Schwarz, who has now taken and enabled G. A. Falkner to come up position. The former's 100 victims secured at a cost of 10·14 runs each, w has taken 55 wickets, average 10·87. badly punished at the Oval this week dropped back, his average being 12·1 and Hirst 12·12 leading him. T shows C.B.Fry at the head of affair he has forged to the front lately finished matches he has scored average being 51·04, while Ha with 1,617 runs, average 50·22. Langton 44·56 and Hobbs 41·42.

FINE BATTING.

Several splendid batting perfor accomplished since writing last of Kent now belongs to the select scored hundreds in each innings twice (the second time under cestershire showing him at batting was seen in the N the Oval (a draw) this we before made a century a Notts saved his side. Ha for Surrey and followed scoring 104 in the second also carried out his bat batsmen also showed bowling at Taunton, J. 147 being chief factors in had R. Relf make 67 in th v. Kent, and he followed t tribution of 210, this be Vine's 108 led to a score o loss of three wickets. Th scoring, for J. R. Mason made resulting. Other fine scores lately w 119 for Derby v. Northbants, 100 (Pearson of Worcester against Warwich 202 by Hayes for Surrey v. Middlesex.

THE BOWLERS.

In spite of good wickets generally t have not been idle. Rhodes took 11 wicke runs against Yorkshire and had a lot to d the win of the Tykes. Dennett was also in form for Gloucestershire against Essex, taking 6 63 and 7 for 94. Better still was the performan of Cadman (6 for 41) for Derby against Hant while Tarrant (6 for 67) and Wells (5 for played a big part in the win of Middlesex Somerset.

THE SOUTH AFRICANS.

The easy win of the South Africans over t Ireland eleven was chiefly due to Vogle, S and Faulkner. It was a bowlers wicket, w result that the trundlers named had such fi 6 for 73, 4 for 20 and 6 for 39 respectively. the game Kotze was struck in the left ey trying to stop a big hit, the ball cutting th in two places. He had to be assisted to the hou for treatment, but came back to the ground late the day with his head enveloped in bandages. was unable to bat in the second innings of visitors, but it is hoped the accident will not h him out of the final test match, if a hard wicket should be the order.

WE are informed by the Telegraph Department that one line to Ceylon is right.

IT is now settled that roughly three-quarters of the additional million sterling recently sanctioned for expenditures upon Indian railways will be made available for outlay upon capital works on open lines. The question of the distribution of this amount amongst the various railways is now being settled at Simla. The amount which the Secretary of State will be able to spend upon buying rolling stock at home before the end of the current official year is about Rs. 45,00,000.

A REAL SHAM BATTLE.

MANY INJURED.

Extraordinary End of Cavalry Manœuvres.

LESSON IN THE NEED OF SCOUTS.

HOW DISASTERS HAPPEN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 26.

The Cavalry Manœuvres ended curiously.

The Red Army, consisting of a Lancer Brigade, starting from Southampton, suddenly met the Blue Army, consisting of the Household Brigade, which started from Banbury at the top of Lambourn Downs.

Both forces reached the ridge simultaneously and sighted one another when only a few hundred yards apart.

They charged one another wildly and a scene of extraordinary confusion ensued. Many men were unseated and several badly hurt.

THE RISING IN MOROCCO.

Spanish Troops Leave Casablanca.

FRENCH REINFORCEMENTS ARRIVE.

MULEY HAFID FORCED TO ACCEPT THE SULTANATE.

LONDON, AUGUST 25.

Reuter's correspondent at Casablanca telegraphs that the Spanish troops have left the town to find a suitable camp. They will not return to Casablanca but will continue to co-operate with the French.

Further French reinforcements and supplies have arrived.

LONDON, AUGUST 26.

Muley Hafid, who first declined the Sultanate has been compelled by the Southern tribes to accept and has nominated his Ministers. It is understood that he has only accepted for the present so as to keep the tribes in order.

ITALY AND AUSTRIA.

Ministers Confer at Ischl.

LONDON, AUGUST 25.

Baron von Aerenthal and Signor Tittoni have arrived at Ischl.

The Emperor Franz Josef had a most cordial interview with Signor Tittoni.

TURKEY AND PERSIA.

Frontier Dispute Becoming Graver.

PERSIAN CLAIMS REPUDIATED.

LONDON, AUGUST 25.

A telegram from Constantinople states that the Turco Persian frontier dispute threatens to become

[redacted]rkey repudiates the Persian claims, declaring he whole of the occupied territory is properly

[redacted]are maltreating the Persian inhabitants.

LONDON, AUGUST 26.

[redacted]om Constantinople states that the [redacted]nment is despatching a Special [redacted]posed of Emin Bey, an official of [redacted]Justice, and two Generals to the [redacted]tier to inquire into the recent

[redacted]S IN JAPAN.

[redacted]us Damage.

LONDON, AUGUST 25.

[redacted]kio state that the floods in [redacted]eaviest for years.

[redacted]and villages submerged.

[redacted]LISION AT [redacted]RAS.

[redacted]eaths.

[redacted]ONDON, AUGUST 26.

[redacted]urred from the Contras

[redacted]D GERMANY.

[redacted]endly Relations.

LONDON, AUGUST 26.

[redacted]d German papers consider that Mon[redacted]on's visit to Prince von Bulow denotes [redacted]e Franco-German relations which were [redacted]ly correct are now friendly.

[redacted]E SOCIALIST CONGRESS.

[redacted]Concluding Resolution.

LONDON, AUGUST 26.

[redacted]ocialist Congress at Stuttgart is ended.

[redacted]lution was passed condemning militarism [redacted]esting against the Moroccan expedition.

[redacted]THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, AUGUST 25.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. *Egypt*, with the English Mails of the 16th instant, left here for Bombay at 4 p.m. to-day.

It is understood that the recommendations of the Government of India upon the Assam Labour question are likely to go home to the Secretary of State by the next Mail.

COLONEL SIR WILLIAM BISSETT is expected out from home almost immediately in connection with the Amalgamation Scheme of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railways.

THE COMMONS AND THE LORDS.

"MOST SERIOUS POSITION IN POLITICS."

No Appeal to the Country Yet.

REJECTED BILLS TO BE REPASSED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 25.

Mr. Asquith, speaking at Corsham, Mr. Haldane at Kippendale, and Mr. Churchill at Cheadle, again brought the House of Lords to the forefront, emphasizing that the Lords' claim to co-equal legislative rights with the Commons was the most serious question of politics.

Mr. Churchill said that the Bills rejected by the House of Lords would be re-passed as speedily as possible, till the time was suitable to ask the country for a verdict by the Democracy instead of by class.

BENGAL POLICE ACT AMENDMENT.

Measures for Portection of Children.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 26.

The Committee of the Society for the Protection of Children in India have addressed a strong memorial to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal urging that advantage should be taken of the proposed amendment of the Calcutta Police Act to strengthen the law with the object of facilitating the task of rescuing children of tender years from immoral surroundings. The proposed amendments of the Police Act, the memorialists point out, entirely overlook the matter of the rescue and protection of children, and that the Indian law in this respect is gravely inadequate. The memorial quotes provisions of the English law which enable any person, who knows of any child apparently under the age of 14 years residing with women of ill-fame, to go in and arrest the child and detain it until the next sitting of the local magistrates, and which provide for heavy punishment of any owner or occupier of a house who knowingly allows a child to be immorally treated on his or her premises. The memorialists add that the proposed legislation in the Bengal Council only touches the fringe and does not approach the root of the evil.

DR. COLGAN'S EPISCOPAL JUBILEE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, AUGUST 26.

The first of the celebrations in honour of the Episcopal Jubilee of His Grace Archbishop Colgan took place on Saturday afternoon in the ground of the South Indian Athletic Association where children's sports and a treat were held. Over 2,000 children were present and about three times that number of spectators.

The Right Reverend Dr. Aelen, Coadjutor to the Archbishop, read a congratulatory Address, in which were incorporated the paternal felicitations offered by His Holiness the Pope. Allusion was made to the great improvement in the condition of the Archdiocese during His Grace's administration and a hope expressed that His Grace would long live to enjoy the affection and veneration of the Catholic flock in the Archdiocese.

The Bishop then offered His Grace a purse the result of voluntary contribution which, he trusted, might be the means of alleviating, to some small extent, His Grace's anxiety for the well-being of the many good works under his care.

Archbishop Colgan in the course of a suitable reply alluded to the burden of 83 years and a ministry of 63 years on his shoulders.

An open air concert followed.

THE "TEUTONIA" DISASTER.

The Whole Crew Accounted For.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 26.

The whole of the crew of the unfortunate German steamer *Teutonia* which was wrecked last month between Muscat and Aden are now safety accounted for. Ten men arrived at Muscat on the 21st in a *dhow* and six more on another *dhow* on the 22nd, their proposed journey overland by camel having been abandoned.

H. M. S. *Lapwing*, which had been in search of them, returned to Muscat on the 22nd, having found that the party had already left Mahot.

The wreck was visited by the *Lapwing* and, as far as could be ascertained, had not been plundered, but it was not possible to board her owing to the state of the weather.

BENGAL TRAIN THIEVES.

One of the Gang Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 26.

One of the gang of train thieves on the Chainpur branch of the Assam-Bengal Railway, who have of late become an intolerable nuisance to passengers, was caught red-handed on the night of the 18th instant while attempting to rob a hand bag belonging to a first-class passenger. The thief is now safely lodged in the Comilla gaol.

MARINE NOTICE.

The Bombay Port Officer received a telegram this day from the Calicut Port Officer requesting that mariners be informed that the Calicut "Coote" Reef buoy, which is painted red, has gone adrift.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 26.

Lieutenant R. C. Back 21st Punjabis, is transferred to the 53rd Sikhs, on reversion to the Military Works, from special duty in Kashmir.

Lieutenant Trew, Royal Engineers, is posted to the Secunderabad Division, on vacating the appointment of Adjutant, Royal Garrison Artillery, Roorkee.

Captain J. Grose is posted to No. 94 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Colonel A. H. Dobbs, Indian Army, is permitted to reside out of India.

Major Connell, 80th Infantry, is appointed 2nd-in-Command of that Regiment.

Lieutenant F. H. Reid, Ceylon Mauritius Battalion, Royal Garrison Artillery, has been selected for appointment to No. 3 Mountain Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery.

It has been decided that Officers of the Indian Army holding the appointment of Station Staff Officers, 1st and 2nd class, shall be seconded in their Regiments.

Lieutenant H. J. Elles, Royal Engineers, is permitted to revert to the Home Establishment from 22nd January next.

The death is announced of Lieutenant G. Cookson, King's Royal Rifles, from plague at Jubbulpore, on 25th instant.

"JUGANTAR" ASSAULT CASE.

Both the Accused Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 26.

Mr. Kingsford delivered Judgment this morning in the *Jugantar* assault case wherein Jotischandra Roy, a student in Ripon College, and Sailendra Nab Bose an assistant in the *Jugantar* office, were charged with causing hurt to Detective Inspectors Percy and Lahiri while searching the office in pursuance of the Chief Magistrate's order. Mr. Kingsford convicted both the accused, sentencing Jotish to one month's and Sailendra to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

ROWDY BABUS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 26.

About 12-20, this morning, a number of Bengalis, evidently returning from the Police Court after hearing the judgment in the "Jugantar" case and proceeding along Bow Bazar Street shouting "Bande Mataram" stopped under the verandah of No. 11. They were immediately requested to move on by two parawallahs, but they refused to do so. A young Inspector attached to Bow Bazar Thana went to the assistance of the parawallahs and was immediately surrounded by three Babus and blows were exchanged. The remainder of the party immediately took to flight. Eventually, one of the Babus was arrested and was placed before the Magistrate.

BABU PLEADED CONVICTED OF CHEATING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 26.

Nitrodhone Mookerjee, Pleader and Municipal Commissioner, Howrah, was to-day convicted by the Deputy Magistrate, Howrah, of cheating a cooly in respect of Municipal licence which the accused offered to get for him, and was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment. An appeal has been preferred.

"BANDE MATARAM" CASE.

Bepin Chandra Pal Refuses to Give Evidence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 26.

The case against Avarindro Ghose, Editor of "Bande Mataram", was taken up by Mr. Kingsford, Chief Presidency Magistrate, to-day. The case is for writing an alleged seditious article in that paper headed "Politics for Indians." Some police witnesses were called and then the great Bepin Chandra Pal who declined to answer the question as to whether accused was to his knowlege Editor of "Bande Mataram". This was treated as contempt of Court.

LATER.

The following is what transpired between Mr Kingsford and Bepin Chandra Pal at the Police Court to-day. In the trial of the "Bande Mataram" case when Pal was called as witness, he said :—" I have conscientious objections in taking part in prosecutions which I believe to be unjust and injurious to the cause of popular freedom and the interests of public peace. I decline, therefore, to be sworn in or affirmed in this case.

Asked by the Magistrate if he took the responsibility of this, he said he did, and declined to answer any other questions.

At the suggestion of Mr. Gregory, Standing Counsel, the matter was left open and Bepin Pal was required to give personal recognisance for Rs. 50 to appear to-morrow when orders would be passed.

A report is current in Calcutta that the Madras Government intend issuing a warrant for the arrest of Bepin Chandra Pal for his recent speeches in that Presidency.

"INDIA" SEDITION CASE.

Amba Pershad Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, AUGUST 26.

Amba Pershad, an abscording accused in the *India* sedition case, lately tried in Lahore, has been arrested.

TELEGRAPH NOTICE.

DECENTRALISATION COMMITTEE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 26.

It is officially announced that the Royal Commission on Decentralisation will be composed as follows :—Sir Henry Primrose, Chairman ; Sir F. S. P. Lely, the Hon'ble Sir S. W. Edgerley, Mr. R. C. Dutt, Mr. W. S. Meyer and Mr. W. L. Hichens, Members ; with Mr. H. Wheeler, Secretary.

INVESTITURE AT SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 26.

H. E. Lord Minto will hold an informal investiture of the Star of India and Indian Empire Orders before dinner, on the evening of Thursday the 19th proximo The following will be invested :—

Raja Narendra Chand, C. S. I., Nadaun ; Mr. A. H. S. Biddulph, C. I. E., Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Crooke Lawless, C. I. E ; Mr. F. St. G. Manners Smith, C. I. E.

U. P. CIVIL VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Report for Last Year.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 26.

The Annual Report of the Civil Veterinary Department of the United Provinces for last year was published here to-day. It shows that the demand for Veterinary Assistants is so great that much difficulty is experienced in keeping the establishment up to the full strength. A scheme has, therefore, been sanctioned for the deputation of a certain number of students annually from the United Provinces to the Punjab and Bengal Veterinary Colleges as scholarship holders.

The Report records noticeable advance in the direction of horse and cattle breeding and in the method of dealing with contagious diseases.

"MUST" ELEPHANT IN MYSORE.

One Keeper Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, AUGUST 26.

At Mysore, on Saturday morning, two of the palace elephants were taken as usual to the tank to bathe. The one under charge of two *Mahouts* turned restive near the margin of the water. One of the *Mahouts* exclaimed that there would be trouble and made for safety, while the other gave fresh food to the beast. Wild with rage, it then turned backwards overhead, seized the *Mahout* and threw him high in the air. He fell into the water when the elephant dashed in, seized him and flung him up again. He then threw him a third time, then trampled him in the mud, reducing the body to pulp. Turning to look for the second *Mahout* the brute chased him, report says, nearly two miles. The *Mahout* sought safety in a small temple near Chamundi Hill and the elephant was shut in [illegible] last chained up

UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

THE FEDERAL TARIFF.

Religious Stagnation.

THE RECENT CYCLONE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, AUGUST 12.

The reports of the Tariff Commission were laid on the table of the House of Representatives on Friday afternoon by Sir Wm. Lyne, the Acting Prime Minister. They form a mass of typewritten documents over a foot high, and must have involved an enormous amount of labour in their preparation.

The full report prepared by Sir John Quick on behalf of the protectionist section gives the history of the sittings, and also the places where evidence was taken and the number of sittings held in each capital or other spots visited. The total number of protectionist reports is 54, of which one is on preferential trade, one is a summary and comparison of the proposals, one is on wages, working conditions, and selling prices, and one is the final report, the balance dealing with nearly every subject included in the tariff. Recommendations as to the duties proposed to be imposed are made, the various reasons, based on the evidence tendered, being submitted in each case. The arguments for and against any proposed increase of duties are summarised, and the whole matter placed in such a comprehensive form as to be of assistance to members when discussing the tariff. The freetrade section of the Commission has submitted a number of reports, the final one of which summarises the evidence given as to the recent increase of inter-State trade, employment, wages, and labour costs, the effects of competition and distribution, the effect of protective duties, the effect of duties on the consumer, the dumping of trade combinations' production, preferential trade, and the effect of the tariff. It is also urged that permanence should be secured in the tariff. The Acting Prime Minister has given instructions for the immediate printing of the documents, and this work will be pushed on as soon as possible. The recommendations of the protectionist division of the Tariff Commission are, speaking generally, about equivalent to the duties proposed to be imposed upon British productions.

PREFERENCE TO GREAT BRITIAN.

Sir Wm. Lyne said that if the Bounties Bill was not carried, and a duty came on instead of a bonus, he would strike out the heading, and put on an increased duty of 2 per cent., with the object of protecting the manufacturer. If a duty were put on raw material and no protection were given to the manufacturer, they would do him an injustice. Mr. Watson (N. S. W.) : "You are very tender on some manufacturers." Sir Wm. Lyne : "The amount involved is not worth talking about. Continuing, he said that in most cases they had done what they could to give effect to the recommendations of the Tariff Commission. Negotiations regarding the New Hebrides were also proceeding. Preference was to be given to Great Britain, involving something like £1,250,000. Mr. Crouch (V.) : "Is that conditional on Great Britain giving any concession?" Sir Wm. Lyne : "None whatever. (Hear, hear.) When he was in London he told them that Australia was not going to approach them in a hostile spirit, but would be glad to get anything they could." Mr. Batchelor (S.A.) : "Would it include any other preference?" Sir Wm. Lyne: "When in London I had a conference with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and it seemed impossible to come to any agreement, but that could be settled at any time by a reciprocal tariff." The Committee adjourned to Wednesday next.

VARIOUS VIEWS.

Little assistance can be obtained in estimating public opinion on the tariff from interviews with either commercial or public men. The extreme protectionists are all happy, the moderate protectionists are bitterly disappointed, and the free traders are disgusted. The poor consumer, to whom the new duties must mean a very much increased expenditure, is somehow not asked what he thinks. No one can understand the enormous duty which has been imposed on woollen apparel, which, with the percentage of added *ad valorem* duties, is nearly 50 per cent. It is pointed out that retailers will have great difficulty in adjusting their prices, as the public is accustomed to certain rates for certain goods. The result will be that greatly inferior qualities will be put upon the market, and instead of buying a good quality article, say at 2s. a yard, a very much lower quality will have to be sold at the same price. Both in Queensland and Western Australia the gigantic duty imposed upon wire-netting will come as a disagreeable surprise. In regard to fencing wire (wire n.e.i.), the proposal is to admit English free, but to charge 10 per cent. on foreign. This simply means imposing the duty, as fencing wire comes not from England but from Germany and the United States. The duty on barbed wire is raised from its old rate of 10 per cent. to 30 per cent. general tariff, (applicable to America), and 20 per cent. preferential tariff. Great discontent is generally expressed at the new duties on kerosene, as the extra price will entirely fall upon the poorer classes. The duty on matches and vestas is looked upon as very oppressive, but it is useless to pick out particular items.

"RELIGIOUS STAGNATION."

Archbishop Smith, in his presidential address at the Anglican Provincial Synod, which was opened at Sydney on Tuesday said there was a desire for quiet progress and ecclesiastical peace, but what was not to be desired was religious stagnation or the absence of vigilance or vigor from the proceedings either in or out of the synod. It was well to remember that, besides the legislative functions which belonged to the synod, the hearty cultivation of the social and paternal factors incidental to their gathering together in the triennial synod was essentially an important matter. The conference of bishops at Lambeth, which he proposed to attend, would meet in the following month, and the bishops would therefore have the benefit of all that was done at the congress. In the episcopal conference there would be much to consider and discuss as to the "modern spirit," and the bearing of it on doctrinal and ecclesiastical questions. But of one thing he ventured to say they might be confident, and that was that what we were now led to call the old theology of the Christain church would not be supplanted by any such metaphysical and speculative vagaries as had recently stirred up a sort of literary and journalistic sensation which was even now subsiding. The question of Christian unity had attracted considerable attention of late, and there was certainly a much greater desire to draw together Christian organisations and agencies instead of standing aloof. At the last session of the synod "the strong tendency to reunite" was made the subject of a resolution. Some interesting progress had since been made and an excellent spirit had been manifested in the meetings already held, but political questions, as apart from theoretic questions, would present considerable difficulty. Hasty enthusiasm should not take the place of careful study. The aim of the synod should be to do whatever helped to develop the mutual desires to co-operate in religious work, which he rejoiced to know formed a distinct feature of the times in which we lived. The necessity of cautious patience must not be forgotten. The report to the archbishop, as primate, might possibly be made before the end of the year, but in his opinion no official statement should be made public until the Lambeth conference of next year had had an opportunity of giving its counsel on the whole subject of Christian unity.

AUSTRALIA THROUGH ENGLISH SPECTACLES.

Mr. Bent, the Premier of Victoria, was a passenger by the steamer "Moana" which arrived from Vancouver as Brisbane on Sunday. Mr. Bent said that the general impression prevailing in England was that Australians were socialists, and they, therefore, entertained grave doubts as to whether capitalists would get back the money invested in Australia. There was a feeling that investments in Australia were insecure owing to the liability to alteration of Australian legislation by the socialist section. When dealing with this question in England he declared that there was more security in Australia than in London. Asked as to how England stood industrially. Mr. Bent said he believed that industries were rather slack. He found that the ruling rate of wages was as nothing compared with that paid in Victoria for the same class of work while longer hours ruled in England. He thought that Victoria, industrially, was far ahead of England. He had made inquiries regarding the electrification of the railways. "There is no doubt in my mind that we must electrify the Melbourne suburban railway," he said. Regarding emigration, Mr. Bent said that it was absolutely necessary for this country to adopt Canada's generous methods, and perhaps go back to the old days of State-aided immigration.

AUSTRALIAN DEFENCE.

At a meeting of the University council at Melbourne on Thursday, at which Dr. Bride presided, a report was received from the faculty of science on the question of the proposed school of naval science. After giving a short sketch of the course which all British naval officers have to go through the faulty remarked :—"If the Commonwealth of Australia decide to have a navy of its own, and if the training of its officers be modelled on the British system, then we think that the University of Melbourne could without much addition either to its expenditure or to its staff carry out that part of the instruction of Australian naval officers which is carried out by the R.N. College, Greenwich and the Keyham Naval Engineering College for British officers. A naval officer would have to be appointed as professor to take charge of some of the purely technical subjects, and a lecturer on marine engineering would be required. An extra demonstrator in physics and one in chemistry might also be required. It seems premature, however, to draw up any detailed scheme for the carrying on of a naval school within the University of Melbourne until the Commonwealth has definitely decided to establish a navy. If the British system of training officers be followed some time must elapse after the inception of the scheme before any teaching such as is given at either the R. N. College Greenwich, or at Keyhum College would be required." Dr. Barrett said there would not be the least difficulty in the University supplying what the Government would need if it established a navy. It would be cheaper to train officers here than to be continually importing them. He proposed that the report be adopted and sent to the Commonwealth Government, and with the consent of the Government, to members of the Legislature, together with a statement by the council to be drawn up by Professor Baldwin Spencer, himself and the registrar. Dr. Leeper : "Would this proposal come into collision with the Sydney University?" Dr. Barrett : "Not in the least." Dr. Leeper : "It is not proposed to have a school in every State?" Dr. Barrett : "No." In reply to Archbishop Clarke, Dr. Barrett said the proposal was that the University should be able to do the preliminary part of the training. The motion was agreed to.

EXPORT TRADE EXPANSION.

The wonderful expansion last year in the export trade of Australia in certain staple products is shown by a special comparative return prepared by the Assistant Controller General of Customs, Mr. Lockyer, and submitted to the Minister of Customs Mr. A. Chapman, on Saturday. The return was prefaced by a report which in itself is testimony to the growth of Australia's productivity. The report says, "Herewith is presented a statement showing the export of certain staple products during the seasons 1905-1906, and 1906-1907. As the items shown, it is thought that such a statement would be of interest. The figures show that wool, butter and frozen meat are responsible for the largest actual increases, but a notable feature is the part taken by raisins. This item has risen from almost nil to £52,982. This shows that the local production has practically reached the consumption, and markets for export must now be sought. A pronounced shortage in usual sources of European supply has enabled the Australian article to obtain a footing in British markets, but it is of course a matter for the future to decide whether this position can be maintained or improved. Apples show an increase of nearly 50 per cent., and cheese one of 80 per cent., though the trade in the latter article is still very small. The trade in wheat is the only one in which decline is shown ; this may perhaps be due to holders 'hanging on' for prospective higher prices ; in any case, however, the decrease is small—about 1·76 per cent."

TERRIFIC GALES OFF THE COAST.

Incoming steamers at Fremantle reported that the weather during the last few days off the coast has been of an even more severe nature than the cyclonic conditions prevalent locally At the Port the weather showed a marked improvement on what was experienced on Saturday, Sunday, and Monday. In the morning it was boisterous, with the wind blowing from the west. Towards noon, however, there was a change indicated by the wind veering southward, and about 5 p. m. it had worked right round to that quarter, while the barometer, having steadily risen during the day, read at the signal station on Arthur's Head at 9 o'clock last night 30·20. Outside the sea was calming down. The out-look for to-day is reported as fine, with occasional showers. The force of the wind on Monday afternoon and night caused a disarrangement of the wires connecting the Perth Observatory with the time-ball over the Harbour Trust offices, and the gun that ordinarily is fired at 1 o'clock daily from Arthur's Head. The consequence was that at noon yesterday the time-ball did not drop, neither was the gun fired an hour later. The authorities notified the agents of the various steamers in Port, who notified the captains of the vessels. Master mariners at Fremantle are by no means sanguine that the improved weather conditions will continue, holding that the wind may shift round to the north again, when more bad weather may be looked for. In other words, the weather is not considered as settled.

R. M. S. "INDIA," BUFFETED.

With a pronounced list to port, on Tuesday, the R. M. S. "India" rounded the North Mole at 7-30 yesterday from Colombo, only half an hour after the time of arrival Commander Vibert had telegraphed from that port. For the past five days the weather was bad, the wind blowing with gradually increasing strength from the S. S. W. On Monday night, however, it increased, and by midnight was blowing with cyclonic force, its velocity being estimated at between 75 and 80 miles an hour. A tremendous sea was running and the ship took on board large quantities of water. Some idea of the terrific force of the water may be gauged by the fact that four of the large portholes on the afterstarboard side of the first-class dining-saloon were burst in the heavy brass frames in which they were set being twisted into many shapes. Dummy ports were fixed while the vessel was in port, and the repairs will be made good when Sydney is reached. At the head of the two flight of steps leading from the well deck to the promenade deck, and coming out in the social hall, was a piano. A few minutes after midnight, owing to the heavy pitching of the ship, this instrument be ame unshipped, and in the throwing about before it was secured was considerably damaged. The passengers had no sleep, and several of the stewards, being thrown down were slightly injured.

FEDERAL MEMBERS' SALARIES.

From time to time since 1902 suggestions have been made that the existing Parliamentary allowance of Federal members, viz., £400 a year, is inadequate to the demands on those members who have to leave their businesses in other States in order to be in Melbourne for six or seven months out of the twelve. All parties have fought shy of the proposal to increase the allowance, although it has been conceded that in certain exceptional cases actual hardship has been entailed. This year the movement for an increase has been revived in a serious form, and is now being discussed by members in connection with the obligation to pay State income tax on their Federal salaries. Members who favor the increase assert that, in view of the enormous expansion of the field of Federal work and of the corresponding diminution of state work the increase can be justified without doing violence to the strong desire there is throughout Australia to limit the cost of government. The sacrifices, they say, which they have to make in the interest of the Commonwealth cannot be said to be met by £400 a year. It has been suggested that £600 would be an adequate salary for inter-State members, even if the renumeration of Victorians were left as at present—should a scheme of differentiation be practicable.

A.

LANDSLIP IN BIRPUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, AUGUST 26.

The Dehra Dun correspondent to the *Indian Daily Telegraph* says :—"On the 22nd instant, after a heavy shower of rain and much thunder and lightning, a cliff composed of stone and mud overhanging the Tons River below Colonel Cooper's bungalow, in Birpur, came down with a terrific crash. Those who heard the slip say it was something like a thunderclap. Quite a few hundred tons must have come down."

[* By Telegraph to Perth, W. A.]

NEW ADVISORY COUNCILS.

ENLARGED LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS.

Proposed Scheme.

CIRCULAR LETTER GIVING DETAILS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 26.

Telegram, dated London, 23rd August, 1907, from the Secretary of State for India to His Excellency the Viceroy :—

"I have approved in Council the draft letter which you propose to address to the Local Governments regarding the formation of an Imperial Advisory Council, the formation of Provincial Advisory Councils, the enlargement of the Imperial and Provincial Legislative Councils and the procedure to be adopted in discussing the Imperial and Provincial Budgets. His Majesty's Government trust that the success of these important measures may be assured by the hearty cooperation of the classes for whose benefit they are designed."

CIRCULAR LETTER.

From Sir Harold Stuart, Officiating Secretary to the Government of India to Local Governments and Administrations dated Simla, 24th August, 1907 :—

Sir,—In a speech addressed to the Legislative Council on the 27th March last, His Excellency the Viceroy announced that with the object of satisfying the constitutional requirements of the Indian Empire, the Government of India had, of their own initiative, taken into consideration the question of giving the people of India wider opportunities of expressing their views on administrative matters. The Secretary of State for India has since intimated in his speech in the House of Commons on the Indian Budget that His Majesty's Government have examined the proposals submitted to them by the Government of India and have authorised the Governor-General-in-Council to consult Local Governments and invite public opinion on this important subject.

It is now twenty years since Lord Dufferin's Government initiated the discussions which resulted in the passing of the Councils Act of 1892. The reforms then introduced, comprising the enlargement of the Legislative Councils, the recognition of the elective principle, the admission of interpellations and the free discussion of the Budget, were held to be justified by the spread of English education, by the increased employment of the natives of India in the actual administration of the country and by the indubitable proof which they had given of their intellectual fitness for such employment. The extent of the advance that has since taken place in the development of the educated classes can hardly be judged by statistical tests.

SPREAD OF EDUCATION.

But it may be mentioned that within the last twenty years the number of scholars studying English has risen from 298,000 to 505,000, whilst the number of students passing the annual Matriculation Examination of the Indian Universities has increased from 4,286 in 1,898 to 8,211 in 1,905 and the number of Bachelors of Arts from 708 in the former year to 1,570 in the latter. During this period higher education has penetrated to circles which a generation ago had hardly been affected by its influence. The Ruling Chiefs and the landholding and commercial classes possessing a material stake in the country and representing the most powerful and stable elements of Indian society have now become qualified to take a more prominent part in public life and to render a larger measure of assistance to the Executive Government. They no longer stand aloof from the new social and political conditions which affect the course of Indian affairs. They have profited greatly by the educational advantages offered to them under the British rule and they are anxious to be afforded an opportunity of expressing their views on matters of practical administration.

No scheme of constitutional reform would meet the real requirements of the present time which did not make adequate provision for representing the landed aristocracy of India, the mercantile and industrial classes and the great body of modern men who under existing conditions have no sufficient inducement to enter political life and find but little scope for the exercise of their legitimate influence. For the present, at any rate, the needs and sentiments of the masses of the people must find expression through those, whether officials or non-officials who are acquainted with their daily life and are qualified to speak with authority on their behalf Nor does the scheme now put forward contemplate any surrender or weakening of the paramount British power in India upon which depend the safety and welfare of the vast populations there committed to it. Subject to this essential condition that the Executive authority of the Government is maintained in undiminished strength, the Government of India believe that the proposals outlined below represent a considerable advance in the direction of bringing all classes of the people into closer relations with the Government and its officers and of increasing their opportunities of making known their feeling and wishes in respect of administrative and legislative questions.

The classes which will be enabled, under the present scheme, to take a more effective part in shaping the action of Government may reasonably look forward, as the necessary outcome of the measures now in contemplation, to a larger share in the actual work of administration and more extensive employment in the higher offices of the State. The Government of India recognise the essential justice of the claim that is put forward. They are convinced that it is possible without neglecting the other interests and obligations involved to move gradually forward towards the fulfilment, in no grudging spirit, of a pledge which the peoples of India are entitled to regard as inviolable.

The Governor-General, in Council, has been much struck by the difficulty encountered by the Governments in India in making their measures and motives generally understood and in correcting erroneous and often mischievous statements of fact or purpose imputed to them.

When the right of interpellation was granted by the India Councils Act of 1892 to the Legislative Councils it was hoped that by that means correct information on public affairs might be more widely diffused. The Legislative Councils, however, are called together only when there is legislation to be undertaken. Their meetings are too infrequent to offer the means of confidential and intimate consultation between Government and its subjects and the strict procedure by which they are restrained naturally tends to formality. A means for this free and close consultation might be supplied by Advisory Councils of the type explained below and, in the opinion of the Government of India their organisation should be undertaken with this as a principal object in view.

AN IMPERIAL ADVISORY COUNCIL.

All Indian Governments and all Administrative officers in their respective positions have made it their business to elicit the opinions on administrative measures and proposals for action of those qualified to advise them in all ranks of society and this process will, of course, continue. Such advice and opinion as are thus obtained are the indispensable foundation upon which good administration is built up and the regular consultation of persons qualified to give them is part of the necessary procedure of Government. It has, however, long been felt that considerable advantages might be expected from any measures which, without impending the free action of the Executive Government of India in the general conduct of affairs, would in some degree associate the great Ruling Chiefs and the territorial magnates of British India with the Governor-General in the guardianship of common and imperial interests. The realisation of this idea has now been rendered more practicable by the closer conformity of the general principles and methods of administration in the more advanced Native States to those followed in British territory and by the fact that common interests have arisen and that certain measures, such as famine relief and education may from time to time affect their own subjects and dominions calling for co-operation between the States and the British Government. A measure of the kind contemplated would thus to some extent, satisfy a growing want in India. It would give a greater sense of responsibility to those whose advice is sought on questions submitted to them and it would at the same time commend itself to public opinion as tending to promote more intimate relations between the component parts of the Indian Empire. The establishment and recognition of a determinate body of advisers who, while requiring no legislative recognition and possessing themselves no formal powers of initiative, would be consulted individually by the Governor-General and would occasionally be called together, either in whole or in part, for the purpose of collective deliberation and would be entitled, when so summoned, to offer their counsel on matters affecting the welfare of the people, would, in the opinion of Government of India, be a marked step in constitutional progress. It would maintain unimpaired the authority and responsibility of the Executive Government and it would be in accordance with the best traditions of Oriental polity. These have always recognised that the sovereign, however absolute should make it his business to consult competent advisers and should exercise his rule in accordance with what after such consultation he deems to be the best mind of his people. The scheme would thus be no innovation in principle as are some applications of Western methods to Eastern Society and, if judiciously applied, would by working the stable forces fundamentally so strong in India, lend valuable aid to the orderly working of Government. For this purpose what appears to be needed is an Imperial Advisory Council of sufficient size and weight to represent the views of the hereditary leaders of the people, both in British India and in the principal Native States, to be consulted by the Governor-General, either individually or collectively or by means of committees appointed from among their number, on questions of sufficient moment to call for their advice and to be used by him not only to draw out opinion on the measures in contemplation but also, what is hardly less important as an agency, for the diffusion of correct information upon the acts, intentions and objects of Government.

THE COUNCIL'S FUNCTIONS.

It seems to the Government of India that the purposes which they have in view might possibly be attained somewhat on the lines of the following proposals :—

1. That a Council to be called "The Imperial Advisory Council" should be formed for purely consultative purposes.

2. That all the members should be appointed by the Viceroy and should receive the title of "Imperial Councillor."

3. That the Council should consist of about sixty members for the whole of India, including about twenty Ruling Chiefs and a suitable number of the territorial magnates of every province where landholders of sufficient dignity and status are to be found.

(4). That the members should hold office for a substantial term, say for five years, and should be eligible for reappointment.

5. That the Council should receive no legislative recognition and should not be vested with powers of any sort.

6. That its functions should be hereby advisory and that it should deal only with such matters as might be specifically referred to it from time to time.

7. That the proceedings of the Council, when called together for collective consultation, should as a rule be private, informal and confidential, and they would not be published although Government would be at liberty to make any use of them that it thought proper. The Government of India believe that only confidential communications will secure frank interchange of opinion, but they are disposed to think that it might be advisable, after matters had been threshed out in confidential consultation to provide for some public conference, at any rate on those occasions when the Government desires to make its motives and intentions better known to correct misstatements and to remove erroneous impressions.

PROVINCIAL ADVISORY COUNCILS.

The main work of Indian administration however is carried on by the various provincial Governments and it appears to the Governor-General in Council desirable that these should in like manner, when the local conditions admit, be furnished with a selected body of advisers chosen upon a wider basis whom, it should be understood, that they would consult upon all measures of importance affecting the populations committed to their charge.

The constitution proposed for the Imperial Advisory Council provides for the appointment of members chosen with reference their status and influence from each of the provinces of British India. These provincial members of the Imperial Council, representing as a rule the great landholders of the province to which they belong, might, it is thought, with advantage form the nucleus of a Provincial Advisory Council which would discharge in respect of provincial questions consultative functions similar to those entrusted to the members of the Imperial Council. The Provincial Councils would be of smaller size than the Imperial Council, but their membership should be large enough to embrace all interests of sufficient importance to claim representation of such a body. The great landholders would be represented by the Imperial Advisory Councillors, but it is essential that the smaller landholders, industry, commerce, capital, and the professional classes should also be included in the Council while the association of non-official Europeans standing for these important interests with the national leaders of Indian Society in common consultation on matters of public importance would tend to promote a better understanding and to clear away on both sides injurious prejudices and misconceptions. The number required for this purpose might be made up by adding to the Imperial Advisory Council Councillors who as stated above would represent the landholders, representatives of other important provincial interests who would be nominated for the Viceroy's approval by the head of the Local Government who should be at liberty to consult its Advisory Council either individually or collectively in regard to any provincial question. In the former case they would be consulted by letter and would submit their views in writing. In the latter case they would be specially called together by the head of the province and would tender a collective opinion on such occasions. The head of the Government himself or some high official deputed by him for the purpose would preside over their deliberations and the conclusions arrived at would be recorded by one of the Secretaries to Government who would attend to the meeting for the purpose of furnishing such information as might be required regarding the matters under discussion. The Government of India attach the highest importance to collective deliberation since the opinions thus obtained are different from, and frequently more valuable than, those elicited by individual consultation.

It will be observed that these Advisory Councils are intended to be entirely distinct from legislative bodies whose powers are defined by the statute and whose functions are restric

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RUGBY TOURNAMENT.

Royal Scots vs. R. G. A.

The spacious Stands were well filled yesterday, as also other parts of the ground on the Cooperage, when the Royal Scots met the Garrison Artillery. No rain fell, but had it done so spectators would have been put to no great inconvenience owing to the covering put up by Mr. Webb in co-operation with the Rovers' Tournament which follows this one. Weather conditions were all in favour of a good game but though both teams played hard, the ball was kept far too light for the edification of onlookers. Throughout, the Scots held the upper hand, their superiority lying more in their three-quarters than in other departments. In this division, however, they made the mistake of passing too soon even when not tackled, instead of making a bit of ground before parting. The Scots' forwards got the ball in the scrums more often than did their opponents but their sprinting division did not take full advantage of the many openings they were given. Of the R. G. A., Watson was most useful, especially out of touch, as also was White amongst the forwards; whereas Dobbin was quite the best of the outsides playing "three" in the first and "half" in the second moiety with Holme. Both teams are light and on the play the winners are not likely to beat either of Saturday's victorious fifteens.

Play opened very even, the two packs seeming equally matched and the R. A. first got dangerous throughia three-quarter run, but the left wing was waiting too far out. From this the R. A. were almost throughout on the defensive and one of the Scots' forwards breaking away should have scored, but madethemistake ofstopping to pick-up. Theball going dead saved the R. A. and an attempt at a drop goal by Simpson going wrong, the Artillery forwards wheeled well, one of their pack receiving a cut over the eye to gamely return with a bandaged head. A long kick by Simpson bounced awkwardly for the back, but Reynolds dashing across saved with a flying kick. From the scrum on the left the ball came out to Britman who, though he was collared on the line, fell over and scored near the post from where McLean converted easily. (5-0)

Scrumming followed in mid-field and then the R. A. halves being off-side an ineffectual attempt was made at a place goal. Simpson then made another attempt at a drop which fell short but, dashing up, he scored a rather soft try which McLean again converted. (10-0)

Half time was up almost immediately with the score :—

Royal Scots, 2 goals (10pts.) ..... R. G. A., Nil.

In the second half the game was even more in favour of the Scots, Holmes saving a dangerous forward rush. Britman then knocked on from a throw out when he would have scored. By dribbling the R. A. forwards worked the ball away but Hough put in a good run to be collared on the line. Eventually their threes got going and the ball went out to McLean who, owing to the R. A. tackling too high, got home in the left corner, the kick failing. (13-0).

With the Scots up again a force against them did no harm but they tackled resolutely when a good passing move began amongst the opposing threes. About the only occasion on which the R. A. got past the half way line was when a long kick was returned for one of the Scots to tackle when off-side. Reynolds got clear away on the left wing but unfortunately 'touch' had been signalled. From now the Scots kept well up. Hough kicked too hard past the dead ball linebut got away soon after. At a first place, he cut straight aeross the field from right to left and, after a brilliant run, scored in the corner—a difficult kick being missed. (16-0).

Another soon followed after a good dribble by Dobbin when the Scots inside left three-quarter stook a low pass splendidly and gave out to the left who was

well tackled. Simpson next tried a drop which fell short but once more he dashed up and touched down near the posts. This was well converted. (21-0).

Up again, the back saved well and the left wing was nearly taken by McCormack. From a scrum on the touch line Hough again got over and the try was not converted, being wide to the left. (24-0.)

Yet another was to come before full time when Col charged down the backs kickand picking up,got over. An easy kick was not sufficiently raised and the game ended as under:—

Royal Scots.....3 Goals 4 Tries (27pts.)

R. G. A.....Nil

To-day the Bombay Gymkhana meet the South Wales' Borderers and, according to their practice game, it should be a good match.

The teams were :—

ROYAL SCOTS.		R. G. A.
Kerr	Back	Connor
Britman		Reynolds
Simpson		Blandford
Cooper		Dobbin
McLean		McCormack
Lucas	Halves	Holme
Hough		Sheppard
Capocelli		Nesbit
Haigh		Watson
Haynes		England
Reid	Forwards	White
Nash		Jackson
Glover		Underwood
Coe		Monckton.
Smith		McCheyne

POONA AND KIRKEE FOX-HOUNDS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, August 26.

There was a very fair gathering at yesterday's meet. The ladies out were Mrs. Lennox Conyngham, Mrs. Morris, Mrs. Cromelin,Mrs. Mundy,Miss Finch, Miss Moore, Mrs. Dyson, and Mrs. George. A move was made along the Alandi Road for about a mile when the undulating country to the West was tried, Jack was soon found and a straight gallop of about three miles was made over a nice line of country between Alandi and Nasik Roads leaving Bhosari on their right and just as they were contemplating with chagrine a further experience of the Vale of Tears the Jack took shelter amongst stones and cactus and was killed almost on the borders of the uninviting vale. They then drew back in the direction of Alandi and enjoyed yet another capital gallop over quite a new line. The going was excellent except in one or two places where they encountered an unusual number of stones until Jack was viewed and pulled down when ascending a small hill.

The first brush was presented to Mr. Mundy, who with Mrs. Dyson, rode straight and well. The second brush went to Miss Moore.

The next experience was still more glorious. The hounds gave line but Jack had evidently sought and obtained refuge in a thick covert. The hounds had a sufficiently trying morning with three smart gallops in one hour.

CRICKET.

NEW SHIVAJEE C. C. vs. DAIWADNAYA C. C.

This Match was played at Esplanade Ground on Sunday. Result: New Shivajee C. C. won by 25 runs. Scores:—

TEAM DAIWADNAYA C. C.

Aryamani, b by Mahale	...	3
Tanak, b Veradkar ...	...	0
Tambe, b Mahale ...	...	15
Aryamani W, b Mahale	...	0
Divekar, (Capt), c Kovarkar P, b Veradkar		0
Gidh, b Veradkar ...	...	0
Vagal, c Kovarkar P, b Veradker	...	0
Phale, c Kovarkar P, b Mahale	...	7
Morwala, st out, b Mahale	...	5
Kshirsagar, c Sakerdande, b Mahale		0
Hate, not out ...	...	0
Extras.....		16
Total.....		46

NEW SHIVAJEE C. C.

Kirtikar, R V, b Kshirsagar...	...	4
Kanoji B, b Pitale ...	...	20
Mahatre R W, b Vagal ...	...	0
Sakerdande A V (Capt), b Pitale	...	14
Kovarkar, P J, b Vagal ...	...	2
Mahatre K B, b Pitale ...	...	2
Kovarkar N J, b Vagal ...	...	0
Kantak W S, run out ...	...	1
Date A G, b Phale ...	...	2
Mahale R G, not out ...	...	14
Veradkar V G, b by Kshirsagar		1
Extras.....		8
Total		71

POONA JUNIOR POLO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, August 26.

Poona Junior Polo Tournament after a fortnight's postponements opened this afternoon when two games came off before a very large gathering. Colonel Hume and Officers, Connaught Rangers, were "At Home." The band of this sporting regiment was in attendance. The weather was fine and the ground in excellent order having recovered wonderfully.

Ten teams, including the Royal Engineers, Poona; the Royal Artillery, Kirkee; 26th P. W. D., Light Cavalry; 34th Poona Horse; Mounted Infantry Poona; 2nd Worcester Regiment; the Connaught Rangers, Poona Gymkhana, Bombay Gymkhana, and a team from Idar, were originally entered, but the last named team has been subsequently withdrawn owing to Idar Durbar being in mourning for Her Highness the late Maharanee.

The first game was between the Royal Engineers and the Mounted Infantry, Poona. The latter were extremely unfortunate and were unable to score a single point as they were fully outmatched.

Royal engineers had it all their own way from start to finish scoring goal after goal in rapid succession, Major Leslie cutting out most of the work for his side. The end of this one-sided game was that the Royal Engineers won by the phenomenal big margin of fifteen goals to love.

Teams :—Royal Engineers:—Mr. J. Richardson, Captain Bremner, Major Leslie and Mr. S. Boyd, (Back.)

Mounted Infantry :—G, Oliver, Mr. Powell., Major Rowlandson and Captain Dunsford (Back.)

Umpires,—Colonel Forbes and Mr. Alderson.

Result :—

Royal Engineers.....	15 Goals
Mounted Infantry.....	Nil.

The second game was between the Connaught Rangers and the Bombay Gymkhana. This game was a spirited struggle and was watched with the keenest interest. Both the teams were evently matched the superiority of the Gymkhana in mounts and first rate combination was replied to by the Rangers by admirable tactics and exceptional dash. It was very sporting on the part of the Bombay team to have come up and many thought themthe batter quartette, but luck was against. Upto the second chukker it was anybody's game with two goals each. The third chukker was unproductive of score.

The fourth and fifth chukker gave a goal each to the Rangers, whilethe Gymkhana failed to score. A splendid game resulted in the Connaught Rangers, decidedly one of the most popular regiments in the Southern Army ;winning by four goals to two,

Teams.—Connaught Rangers.—Mr. J. Fraser, Mr. W. Roche, Captain MacSwinny and Captain Comyn (Back).

Bombay Gymkhana.—Mr. G. W. Palmer, Mr. J. C. Scott, Mr. D. St. Graham and Mr. J. St. J. Graham (Back).

Umpires.— Colonel Westlake and Major Martin

Result :—

Connaught Rangers.....	4 Goals.
Bombay Gymkhana.....	2 Goals.

RICHARDSON FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, August 26.

The final contest was played this afternoon on the Ghorpuri ground between the Worcester and the Leicesters before a large crowd of spectators, Civil and Military, including General Swann, Commanding Poona Brigade and several Officers.

The teams which had entered were the Leicesters, the Connaught Rangers, the East Lancs Regimental team, and the R. F. A.

In the first half the score was nil and again in the second half there was no scoring. An extra ten minutes each way was allowed during early part of which the Leicesters annexed two goals in rapid succession, the Worcesters replying with one goal. Results :—

Leicesters.....	2 Goals.
Worcesters	1 Goal.

In presenting the Cup to theLeicesters, General Swann said that he had been asked by General Richardson to express his regret in being unable to be present to give away the Cup to the winners. General Richardson, the donor of the Cup, was a great sportsman. Each nation had its own branch of sport, the Chinaman, the Burman and the Somali had theirs, while the British had cricket and football. It was a pleasure to see so many teams of the Division entered and one regiment had entered two teams. Two teams were shortly leaving the Division, but they were being replaced by others whom he hoped to see next year in the field.

The Cup was then handed to the captain of the winning team amid cheers.

SIR G. ARBUTHNOT'S TRIAL.

One Charge Withdrawn.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, August 26.

The cases against Sir George Arbuthnot came on for hearing this morning at the Criminal Sessions of the Madras High Court before the Chief Justice. There were three charges on which Sir George was committed to the Sessions by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on the 24th of June last. Mr. Powell prosecuted on behalf of the Crown instructed by Mr. Short of Messrs. Short and Brewse, while Mr. Eardley Norton defended assisted by Mr. Napier and instructed by Sir Henry King of Messrs. King and Josselyn.

A Special Jury was empanelled consisting of Europeans and Eurasians—all Indians being challenged by the defence Counsel.

LATER.

In the Arbuthnot trial to-day one of three charges had reference to borrowing of Rs. 5 lakhs on the security of the Industrials and lending it to Arbuthnot and Co., knowing that money was not intended to be used on behalf of the Industrials. This was withdrawn on the representation of Mr. Norton, Counsel for the accused, that it disclosed no criminal offence.

His Lordship promised to direct a verdict of acquittal on this charge.

Mr. Powell then opened the case for the prosecution detailing particulars in connection with the Industrials case which have already been published in the Police Court reports.

RAILWAY FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Date of Arrival in India.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, August 26.

It is now settled that the members of the Railway Finance Committee who are to visit India will be Sir Walter Lawrence, Mr. Brereton and Sir James Mackay. They will most probably arrive in India in the latter part of November, in which case they could spend a month discussing the views of the mercantile communities of Karachi, Bombay and Madras and arrive in Calcutta about Christmas, when the Government of India will have assembled at the Capital.

H. H. NIZAM'S HIGH COURT.

New Judge Appointed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, DECCAN, August 26.

His Highness the Nizam has appointed Mr. P. Rungiah Naidu, Barrister-at-Law, to be a Judge of the High Court, vice the late Bakshi Raghunath Pershad. Mr. Naidu is an old servant of the Sarf-i-Khas and was sent to England along with Nawab Zulkadar Jung, Bahadur, at Government expense. On his return he practised in local Courts with His Highness' permission.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

The Australian Proposals.

ENGLISH PRESS COMMENTS.

(FROM AUSTRALIAN PAPERS.)

LONDON, August 12.

The London newspapers comment this morning upon the new Commonwealth tariff and the proposed preference to Great Britain.

The "Morning Leader" (Liberal) says:—"Sir Wm. Lyne's proposals are on the same lines as the much-advertised preference scheme the late Mr. Seddon devised in New Zealand. Why the latter should be considered an offer and the former, as the Sydney correspondent of the "Times" declares, the Federal Government's reply to the British Ministerial banging of the door, we fail to understand."

The "Daily Chronicle" (Liberal) declares that the Australian tariff wall has been raised against the foreigner and not lowered to Great Britain.

The "Morning Post" (Conservative) remarks :—"The freetraders' argument that the Commonwealth concession is valueless owing to the protective duties might be used with regard to other protected markets where the expansion of British trade is triumphantly emphasised by these critics. It may be expected that Mr. Deakin's preference will do much to check the tendency of Australians to transfer their patronage to other lands and competitors."

The Moroccan Trouble.

SITUATION AT RABAT ALARMING.

The situation at Rabat, a Moroccan seaport a short distance to the north-east of Casablanca, is alarming.

The Europeans and the native authorities in the town have formed a band of 550 volunteers to defend the walls, but this force will be inadequate in the event of a serious attack from the tribesmen.

Position at Casablanca.

THE ATMOSPHERE POLLUTED.

FURTHER FIGHTING.

The stench of corpses at Casablanca is so bad that the air is fetid for a mile off the coast. It will be necessary to burn the corpses still unburied.

The French Admiralty have thanked Miss Spinney, sister of the British Vice-Consul at Mazagan, for having nursed the wounded at Casablanca.

Fighting outside the town is almost continuous, and the French, with dauntless valour, are repelling the attacks of great hordes of tribesmen. The latter, although decimated, are boldly advancing on the artillery and the Maxim guns.

The bombardment from the warships on Saturday prevented many thousands of Moors from reapproaching the town. The losses of the Moors since the outset have been terrible.

The Monte Carlo Tragedy.

GOOLD CREATES A SCENE.

Mrs. Goold, who with her husband, is in prison awaiting trial on a charge of having murdered Madame Levin at Monte Carlo, has a number of bruises on her body. These are regarded as an indication that she has taken part in a struggle recently.

On Saturday Goold twice violently attacked his fellow-prisoners. He threw himself against the door of his cell and cried loudly to be let out. The alleged murderer was overpowered. The police authoritites have ordered that he be kept under close observation.

Arctic Exploration.

COMMANDER PEARY'S EXPEDITION DELAYED.

Commander Peary's expedition to the Arctic regions has been postponed until next year, owing to the failure of the contractor to instal the new boilers in his steamer, the "Roosevelt," within the stipulated time.

The Germany Navy.

A VIGOROUS PROGRAMME.

The preliminary draft of the German Navy Estimates for 1908 includes first instalments for two battleships and a cruiser, all of the largest type.

By next year five battleships of the Deutschland class (13,200 tons) will be completed and ready for sea. At present only the Deutschland and the Pommerin in this class, are in commission, but the Hanover will be ready in the autumn. It is hoped that the first full division of battleships of 18,000 tons or upwards will be afloat in 1910.

Disastrous Fire.

ONE HUNDRED PERSONS INJURED.

A fire which occurred at the Southern Railroad Depot, at Boulder, in Colorado yesterday spread to a magazine and exploded thousands of pounds of dynamite.

One hundred persons were injured, two of them fatally. All the glass in the town was broken by the explosion.

The American Steel Corporation.

A GIGANTIC UNDERTAKING.

The American Steel Corporation, believing that the town of Gary, in Indiana, is the great steel centre, has voted £9,000,000 for the construction of works there, making a total investment of £24,000,000.

The Belfast Strikes.

TWO THOUSAND HANDS DISCHARGED.

Workman, Clark and Co., Ltd., shipbuilders of Belfast, have temporarily discharged 2,010 hands owing to the strike of carters having rendered it impossible for them to obtain material for their works.

Desperate Fighting.

A CHILD KILLED.

TWENTY POLICEMEN SERIOUSLY INJURED.

At Belfast yesterday a desperate fight, lasting for two hours, took place between a howling crowd and a strong force of police, cavalry, and infantry.

In the encounter a child was killed, and 20 policemen were seriously injured.

The arrest of three Hooligans led to a renewal of the mob's fury, and stones and broken bottles were thrown at the police and the military. Grocvenor-road, to which the main portion of the disturbance took place, was a pandemonium.

Reinforcements were summoned, and the Cameron Highlanders, the Sussex, and the Essex regiments marched to the scene.

A body of cavalry dashed from one end to the other of the area of disturbance, and the crowds retreated suddenly, although they continued to throw missiles at the constables and the soldiers.

The rioters were forced into the side streets towards strong military posts, and when a heavy downpour of rain came on they dispersed.

The Belfast correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" states that the infantry rushes were frequently resisted. To save themselves some of the crowd held women before them, the women shrieking: "Jesus and Mary! You won't hurt a woman." Several women were accidentally wounded with bayonets.

The rioting was, the correspondent adds, confined to the Nationalist sections of the city.

American Anti-Trust Campaign.

FURTHER ALLEGATIONS AGAINST STANDARD OIL CO.

Mr. Herbert Knox Smith, United States Commissioner of Corporations, has issued a fresh instalment of his report upon the transactions of the Standard Oil Company.

He accuses the Company of having practised extortion by discriminating against the home consumer owing to its monopoly, and charging lower prices abroad in order to maintain its dominance at the expense of the American public.

Strike roits at Antwerp.

ENGLISH "BLACKLEGS" STONED.

Yesterday 500 dockers who went on strike at Antwerp stoned 700 English "blacklegs" for having taken their places. The police were compelled to draw their swords in order to disperse the strikers.

Pekin-Paris Motor Race.

VICTORY FOR PRINCE BORGHESE.

Prince Borghese, who, with his Italian car, has led almost from the start in the Pekin to Paris motor race of 9,300 miles, reached the French capital to-day. He made a triumphal entry into the city, preceded by a band and followed by a procession of motor cars. The Prince was accorded a great reception by the Parisians.

Township Wrecked.

NITRO-GLYCERINE EXPLOSION.

NINE PERSONS KILLED.

Yesterday a cart-load of nitro-glycerine exploded in the township of Essex, in Ontario, and wrecked the whole place.

Nine persons were killed and many others were injured by the explosion.

The "All Red" Route.

CANADIAN CONFIDENCE.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Prime Minister of Canada, and Lord Strathcona, High Commissioner for the Dominion, are confident of the ultimate success of the scheme for an "all red" mail service from England to Australasia, via Canada.

Ancient Order of Foresters.

The High Court of the Ancient Order of Foresters has almost unanimously instructed the executive of the society to submit to the annual conference in 1908 scales of contributions for compulsory old-age pensions for future entrants to the society, on a basis of 5s. per week, instead of sick pay, after 70 years of age.

The English Railway Trouble.

The Great Western Railway Company has refused to recognise the Amalgamated Society of Railway Employees.

The "New Theology."

The Rev. R. J. Campbell is appealing for help on behalf of several young ministers who have been expelled from their puplits owing to their having accepted the "new theology."

Carrier Pigeons.

The War Office has abandoned the carrier-pigeon section.

The Plimsoll Line.

Germany is adopting the Plimsoll line in connection with the loading of vessels.

Heavy Losses at New York.

ANOTHER TRUST PROSECUTION.

Further heavy liquidation on the Stock Exchan in Wall-street, New York, on Saturday carried the general level of prices below that of the panic of March 14 last, the declines for the day ranging from two to five points on most of the active stocks. Twenty representative Railroad Companies showed an average loss of seven dollars per share. Since Judge Landis's judgment against the Standard Oil Company, the stocks of the New York Central Railroad Company and some other companies have fallen below the prices of the panic of May, 1901.

Some authorities consider that the strained condition of the money market is the underlying cause of the liquidation; but the chief influence of the day is the announcement of Mr. C. J. Bonaparte the Federal Attorney-General, that he intends to prosecute Mr. Harriman and his associates in connection with the Chicago and Alton Railway revelations.

Turkish Atrocities in Persia.

GREAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA INTERVENE.

Great Britain and Russia have urged Turkey to withdraw her troops from Persian territory.

Advices from Constantinople state that frontier commissioners will shortly hold an inquiry in connection with the Turkish raid on villages in the north-west of Persia. Turkey and Persia have each pledged themselves to punish their own officers in case the latter are found guilty.

On the other hand, it is announced at Teheran that Prince Firwa, the new Governor of Azerbaijan, the most northerly province of Persia, has at his own expense raised a force of 10,000 men in readiness to proceed to the Turkish frontier. The Governor has refused the Persian Parliament's offer of £15,000 towards the initial expenses of the expedition.

Death of Sir J. D. Milburn.

Sir John Davison Milburn of Newcastle-on-Tyne, died yesterday in his 57th year.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, Aug. 27.

There will be drill for Recruits at the Town Hall to-day (Tuesday) the 27th instant, from 6 p. m.

H. S. SYMONS, Lieut.,
Offg. Comdg. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, Aug. 27.

29D PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

The Annual Distribution of Prizes of the Corps will take place at the Town Hall on Tuesday the 10th September at 9-30 p.m. to be followed by a Dance.

Dress :—Members attending must be in uniform (e.g.) Mess Dress or Khaki.

Invitations.—Each Member of the Corps and Club is entitled to two free tickets in addition to his own extra tickets to be paid for at the rate of Re 1 each to be remitted with applications with name of Guest for tickets to the Head-Quarters office.

No application for Tickets will be considered after the 31st instant.

R. W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Adjt, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, COMMANDING, B. V. R.

Bombay, Aug. 27.

189—Detail for the week ending Saturday, the 31st instant.

To-day Tuesday the 27th.—"M" Coy. Parade on Company parade ground at 5-15 p. m.

To-morrow Wednesday the 28th.—"L" Coy. Parade at 4-15 p. m on company parade ground.

III.—"L" Coy. Parade at 6-45 p m on company parade ground.

IV.—Practice for Beginners near Skating Rink at 5-30 p m.

Wednesday the 28th.—" H " Coy. Parade at 5-30 p m on company parade ground.

Thursday the 29th—Semaphore Drill in rear of Telegraph Quarters at 7 a. m.

II.—"I" Coy. Parade at 7-45 a m on company parade ground.

III.—"I" Coy Parade at 4-15 p.m. on company parade ground.

IV.—"M" Coy. Parade at 5-15 p. m. on company parade ground.

Friday, the 30th—"K" Coy John Connon School Parade at 5-30 p m on company parade ground

Saturday the 31st.—" H " Coy Parade at 7-30 a. m. on company parade ground.

Subject for all companies during the week, Pages 115 to 125 Training Manuals appendix 1906.

189—Rifle Matches.—The conditions of the Viceroy's competition for 1907-08 have been received, and can be seen at Head-Quarters.

(The following extracts are published for information :—

The competition is open to Volunteers of all ranks. Entrance fee Rs 4 to be paid to the Adjutant by the 15th September, 1907. No post entries allowed. The First Stage i. e. 200, 500 and 600 yards aggregate to be fired between the 1st and 31st October 1907. The total amount of prizes to be competed for in 4 stages is Rs. 5,516.

A. L. GARTHWAITE, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

[ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.©]

OUR SERIAL STORY.

THE WOOING OF LILAC.

BY

T. W. HANSHEW,

Author of "The World's Finger," "The Mallison Mystery," "Her Double Life," &c., &c.

CHAPTER XI.

The Summer burnt itself out in the flame of its own splendour, the Autumn ushered itself in arrayed in scarlet and gold and the coquetry of Michaelmas daisies—(a faminine touch to keep one from noticing that there were traces of years on his cheeks—and by the time Winter was preparing to make his debut, Mr. Thomas Beltran, student, lecturer, more or less inspired writer upon the subjects dear to the heart of the Royal Astronomical Society, had come to the conclusion that he had every right to be enrolled amongst the prophets, as well.

He had said of Lilac Melrose that she would be sure to make a success socially; and his prediction was verified—more than verified, as a matter of fact, for she not only made a success, but she came very near to making a sensation. That she fell short of actually doing so was due to the fact that the American heiress is no longer a novelty in English society, and that, in these degenerate days, when we have lined down the simple weakness of our forefathers—poor, unsophisticated beggars who never rose to the heights of the Problem Play and never sank to the depths of the Erotic (and neurotic) Novel—"sensations" are only made in the Divorce Court proceedings, as reported in the daily papers.

Nevertheless, she made an unqualified success and more than satisfied Lady Hammerton, which, after all, is saying a great deal and doing a great deal more than is merely said.

Acting upon Wee Willie Winkie's advice (as previously recorded), her ladyship had "launched" the debutante by a preliminary dance at Stokely Towers, and the result had been all that she could have wished.

"My dear," she said to Lilac, after that event was over, "you have done me the greater credit. I confess that I had my doubts, or, perhaps, fears would be the better word; if I hadn't, I should never have thought of bringing you out at a country dance. But, you see, I fancied that there might be rough edges to rub down; in short that easy as you were otherwise, you might be awkward and ill at ease in company, and there is nothing better to tone that down than a few dances at a country house preparatory to the ordeal of a London season. After to-night—when iyou so surprised and gratified me—I may say that I haven't the slightest fear for you in the future."

And Lilac, who had that rare thing in a woman, a sense of humour, said nothing at all; merely smiled and went off to bed and left her ladyship, undisturbed, to the joy of writing to Beltran of his word's success.

The receptive and assimilative character of the American mind is really quite remarkable. Tom (she wrote, in utter ignorance of those three years which Lilac had spent in Europe.) The girl carried herself as though she had been used to good society all her life, and there was not even the slightest suggestion of gaucherie. And I had some really good people here—people of good standing, I mean, and quite the last persons in the world you would expect a girl from an American mining camp to meet without being hopelessly overcome. But Lilac was as easy as an old shoe, if you will forgive the vulgarism. But then, of course, there is something in heredity, and both her mother and father were English. You will smile when I tell you that she made Betty Saverin seem quite provincial—and Betty, as you know, prides herself upon being as near the creme de la creme as it is possible for skim milk to be. I shall give some more dances, of course; I really am so delighted that can't refrain from exhibiting my "find" as much as possible—and as soon as the Season opens I shall take her up to London. She must be presented of course, and after that I shall—well, I really can't tell what I shall do; only that we shall be very gay this Winter as a matter of course; for Lilac is pretty sure to be one of the social successes of the season, and you know what that means. Do give up your horrid books for one or two evenings at least, and come to see us when we reach Town. I shall send you cards for every entertainment I give, and if you are not quite a recluse you will surely come to one of them. I shan't look for your "regrets" or "acceptances," as the case may be, for I know what a thoughtless fellow you are, and that the cards will in all probability be tucked behind the mantel mirror and forgotten, but I shall look for you—sometimes—and it will be very unkind of you to disappoint me. It is late and I am quite too tired to write more.—Your affectionate sister,

Olivia.

P. S.—(There always is a P. S. to a woman's letter, isn't there?) Wee Willie Winkie is hopelessly enthralled, I almost believe he is on the verge of a proposal, for I can hear him tramping the floor (his room is just over mine, you know), and I saw that he had a volume of Tennyson under his arm when he said goodnight to me.—Livvy.

P. S. No. 2.—Edgetton and Sir Harry Trawll were both smitten to-night—with Lilac, I mean—and either would be a capital match. I think she liked Sir Harry the better of the two; which is foolish, of course, from a social standpoint, as a viscount's wife "goes in" several stages in advance of a baronet's. But when Dan Cupid takes to directing affairs girls never consider those things. I didn't.—O.

P. S. No. 3.—I am sending Felicity Maud home to-morrow. She is quite, quite hopless as a lady's maid, and Lilac really must have a more efficient person.

And there—at last—the letter and the multitudinous postscripts ended. It was in the "waning moods" of the Summer when her ladyship wrote it and it was late Autumn when Beltran answered it.

So sorry; no time to reply before (he wrote). Glad to hear of Lilac's success. Let me know which wins; Edgetton or Harry Trawll. My consent is given beforehand. Regards to Lilac. Much love. Tom.

And after that, not another word.

The London season opened, and Lady Hammerton took her brother's ward up to town with her, and had the pleasure of seeing her predictions verified with regard to the girl's social success, but although she gave entertainment after entertainment and unfailingly sent cards to Beltran, Beltran himself might have been at the North Pole for all sign he showed of being nearer, and all interest he exhibited in the affairs of Park Lane.

He heard, of course, of Lilac's progress (Lady Hammerton's "affairs" always got into the columns of the newspapers), he knew that she had been presented, and had been reported to be "engaged" to every marriageable man of note the news gatherers of the press could call to mind; but he held steadfastly aloof from the temptation of going to see her, and grew roundshouldered and sallow with poring over his books and burning much midnight oil. For he had come at last to an understanding of himself and a realisation of what seeing her again—and, worst of all, seeing her surrounded by other men—must mean to him and he turned to his books and his studies as a means of banishing other and less satisfying thoughts.

Of Sir Harold Wavve's influence he no longer felt any fear, for he knew—through the medium of a letter from his sister—that he had proposed shortly after Lilac's first introduction to London Society, and had been "respectfully declined," as editors say of unsuitable material; for the truth about Lady Janvers and the mythical soup kitchen and free lodging-house for the poor had come to Lilac's ears at last, and Sir Harold had discreetly retired from the lists and gone to Monte Carlo with the Clayton-Conways.

But Lord Edgetton and Sir Harry Trawll still lingered, and, as Lady Hammerton wrote, "there was hardly a doubt that one or the other of them would be the lucky man."

Time passed, the season deepened and grew old; Society began to thiuk about country houses and Christmas gatherings, and Lady Hammerton determined to give her last dance before shaking the dust of London from her feet and retiring to Stokely Towers and preparing for an after-the-holidays trip to Rome in company with her charge.

The customary invitation went to Beltran, and was greeted with the customary silence, and tucked away in the customary place, behind the mantel mirror. He had no thought of going; no desire to go, and, when the auspicious night rolled round, and he had settled down for a good five hours hard reading, it came as a shock to have Felicity Maud come in and announce "A young person to see you, sir, most important," and to have Lady Hammerton's maid appear with a note written in Lady Hammerton's large angular hand.

"You must come to the house to-night and without delay," that note ran. "I must consult you with regard to Lilac. She has done something of which I do not in the slightest approve, and I want you here without delay. Hastily.—Olivia."

He grew very white about the lips as he read the message, and Felicity Maud, watching him with interested eyes, saw how his hand shook as he tore it up after reading and threw the pieces into the fire.

"Say I will come," he said to the maid. "Felicity Maud, get me some shaving water, and be quick about it, please."

Felicity Maud flew to obey, but by the time she reappeared, the bearer of the note had taken her leave and the mystery of her identity and the errand upon which she had come went with her.

"Which I belive it's a plot of some kind," concluded Felicity Maud (she had just been reading a novelette), as she went slowly down the stairs. "He's a-eating of his heart away with love, poor dear gentleman, and her what loves him in return don't know nothing about it, and now he's being lured off somewheres where she never will know if somebody don't put her on the track."

Her romance-loving soul was up in arms. She took counsel of herself, and came to the conclusion that a person who had been named after two young women who had married dukes might venture to do things from which lowlier persons were debarred, and, having got permission from Mrs. Fitch to "just scratch off a few lines to a friend and run out and post em," retired to the sanctity of her own room and penned the following message to Lilac :—

Honoured Miss,—I now take up my pen to write you these few lines, which is to let you know that Mr. Beltran he loves you most dear, and is apining away to a mere shadder, so to speak. Which he have to my knowledge, although not having no idea that I know it, drawed a picture of you from memory, which same he keeps in his breast pocket. And often have I saw him take it out and kiss it when he thought he wasn't being watched, and had forgot that one can't help a seeing things if one is down on one's knees a brushing of the passage and on a level with the keyhole. I have reason, honoured Miss, to suspect that some other woman has set her wishful eye upon him and is a plotting to disturb the course of true love and these few lines is to warn you of your peril. If you love him, let he know of it, him being a most bashful gent and too frightened to speak for himself, otherwise you will lose him and make a reck of his life and your own, which is why these warning words is wrote by your affectionate servant.

Felicity Maud Pyle.

This letter was hastily sealed up and addressed and ten minutes later Felicity Maud carried it round to an acquaintance is in the neighbourhood, and with the bribe of a shilling succeeded in sending it on its way.

(To be continued.)

BOMBAY CORPORATION,

Cost of Proposed Over-Bridges.

A Meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held in the Municipal Council Hall yesterday afternoon, the Hon'ble Mr. Vithaldas Damodher Thackersey, the President occupying the Chair.

LIABILITY FOR COST OF CLERK ROAD AND DE LISLE ROAD OVER-BRIDGES.

The Corporation considered as urgent business the letter from the Commissioner, dated the 19th instant, in which he said that with reference to Corporation Resolution of the 9th May last regarding the liability for the cost of the proposed over-bridges at Clerk Road and De Lisle Road the Commissioner had informed Government that the Municipality considered that they had the right of insisting on the over-bridges being constructed solely at the expense of the Railway Company.

The Commissioner had received the following reply from Government, which he forwarded to the Corporation for their information and requested their early orders in the matter. The Secretary to Government, P. W. D. (Railway Branch), in that reply said :—

"I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of Mr. Sheppard's letter No. 4450, dated the 22nd May 1907, forwarding with reference to my letters Nos. 3249 and 3251 of the 29th November 1905, in connection with the incidence of the cost of constucting the proposed over-bridges across the B. B. & C. I. Ry. at Clerk Road and De Lisle Road, copies of his letters Nos. 36204 and 1855, dated the 20th February and 21st April 1906, respectively, to the address of the Municipal Secretary, and stating that in the circumstances therein mentioned the Corporation have requested him to inform Government that in their opinion these over-bridges ought to be constructed solely at the expense of the Railway Company. 2. In reply I am to say that the Governor in Council is averse to prolonging the fruitless discussion of the views adopted respectively by the Municipality and the Railway Companies. He has again subjected the whole question to most careful consideration and has arrived at the definite conclusion that the Corporation should in equity defray the cost of the additional land required for the bridges and their approaches and the various incidental charges already specified and that the Railway should defray the cost of the construction of the bridges and their approaches proper. 3. In the case of the three proposed bridges across the B. B. and C. I. Railway south of Dadar junction, *viz*, at Clerk Road, De Lisle Road and Elphinstone Road, the Company does not dispute the obligation to pay for the constuction of the bridges and approaches but declines to pay for the land. This it does on the strength of the obligations prescribed in the undertaking given during the tenure of its original contract by Colonel French (its chairman) in 1862 on its behalf. Under the original contract above referred to Government would have had to provide the Company with the land required for the emplacement of the bridges and approaches and free of incidental charges; and consequently the Company cannot now be called upon to defray the cost of the land and charges. The question then remains who should pay for these. The provision of over-bridges is unquestionably a step designed for the convenience, and in the interests of the ratepayers; and it is they, therefore, who should in justice accept the obligation to provide and pay for the land free of all easements, as under the Company's original contract. 4. I am further to take this opportunity to say that the Governor in Council has also been considering the case of the proposed overbridges across the G. I. P. Railway for the Clerk, Arthur, Curry and Elphinstone Roads. As the Corporation are aware, the G. I. P. Railway Company is in these cases willing to pay no more than the cost of the structures within existing Railway boundaries at these road crossings. The Governor in Council, however, after taking into consideration all the facts and the law on the subject,has arrived at the conclusion that the most equittable arrangement would be that the cost of these bridges across the G. I. P. Railway should be shared by the Corporation and the Railway in the same proportion as in the case of the proposed bridges across the B. B. & C. I. Railway, *viz*, as detailed in para. 2 above. The Railway Board have been consulted and are of the same opinion and are prepared to support a solution on these lines—a solution which is more favourable than anything that has been achieved up to the present and which the Governor in Council trusts will commend itself also to the Corporation. 5. The occasion has come when by agreement between the Corporation, the Government and the Railway Board, a reasonable settlement of this long standing question of the provision of bridges over the two Railways in the Island of Bombay can be arrived at, and apart from all questions of Law and construction of documents, which may be open to argument,the Governor in

BY THE WAY.

THE STRAW HAT IN THE LORDS.

THE Lords have been remarkable for the punctilious observance of the conventions in the matter of dress. Even the Marquis of Clanricarde—a law, surely, to himself!—feels constrained to appear always in the Upper Chamber in tall hat and frock coat, though they can hardly be described as being in the latest fashion. In the memory of the oldest visitor to the Lobby of the House, of Lords—which the Peers use as a cloak-room—nothing has ever been seen on the hat-pegs but tall hats until Thursday, August 8—destined, perhaps, to be a date historic in Parliamentary annals—when a straw sailor hat might be observed under the label "Earl of Mayo."

THE BUFF WAISTCOAT.

It is true that the noble lord did not wear the straw hat in the Gilded Chamber; but having gone so far, no doubt he will some day go further. At the sitting of the Lords the same day, however other remarkable departures in dress were to be seen. On the front Opposition bench sat Lord St. Aldwyn in a light tweed suit, and on the Government side, just above the Ministers, the buff waistcoat of Lord Courtney of Penwith (with its historic reminiscences of Charles James Fox) flashed out from a group of black frock-coats.

FORTUNES SPENT ON ART.

Compared with the million pounds which Messrs. Duveen are said to be paying for the world-famous Rodolphe Kann collection of old masters and works of art, most of the sums hitherto paid for private collections seem trivial. The Gillott pictures, the sale of which caused quite a sensation in the art world thirty-five years ago, only realised £164,500, less than a sixth of a million pounds; Baron Grant's pictures produced £106,000 five years later; and the Dudley pictures brought a shade under £100,000 in 1892, about £4,000 more than the David Price pictures in the same year. Of the pictures purchased out of Parliamentary grants, thirty-eight in the Angerstein collection cost £57,000; seventy-seven in the Peel collection £75,000; and two in the Blenheim collection, £87,500, one of them, the Ansidei Madonna, costing £70,000. Messrs. Duveen have already far eclipsed these records by a payment of £250,000 for the Hainauer collection, in Berlin; and a quarter of a century ago the Hamilton Palace treasures realised over £397,000. Among private purchasers, Mr. Pierpont Morgan has made some amazing records, including a payment of £100,000 for a single picture, the Colonna Raphael; two million francs for four tapestries after Boucher; and £10,000 for a book, the "Evangelia Quatuor."

A FORMER NOTABLE PICTURE COLLECTION.

Just a century ago, it is interesting to recall, another world-famous collection, that formed the nucleus of the present Dulwich Gallery, was bequeathed by the collector, Desenfaus, to his friend, Sir Francis Bourgeois the founder of the gallery. The collection was originally acquired for Stanislaus, King of Poland, who wished to form a National Gallery. But the downfall of Poland left Desenfaus with the pictures on his hands. They were offered to Paul I. of Russia at cost price 12,000 guineas, without success, although the Czar was reminded that he had become the sovereign of a great part of the kingdom on behalf of which the pictures had been acquired.

THE FIRST PUBLIC PICTURE GALLERY.

England then had no National Gallery, and Sir Francis Bourgeois, himself an artist and collector, intended to make the pictures a nucleus of a national collection, but his proposals were not received favourably. His chance acquaintance with one of the Fellows of the Foundation directed his attention to Dulwich College, and there a gallery was built, from designs by Sir John Soane, and the Correggios, Claudes, Cuyps, Gainsboroughs, Hobbemas, Lawrences, Murillos, Poussins, Raphaels, Rembrandts, and the paintings by Rubens, Reynolds, Velasquez, Teniers, and other old masters, that had cost 12,000 guineas—would a million buy them to-day?—were ultimately housed.

THE UNROMANTIC CRIMINAL.

Those who are still under the impression that at least the fragment of a halo of romance lingers about the perpetrator of crime will be disappointed by the opening remarks of an extraordinarily interesting article in the August number of the "Strand Magazine." In this article two famous Scotland Yard detectives give their experiences under the title "The Romance of Crime." Mr. John Sweeney, who has recently retired from his post, begins his account by explaining that the criminal is seldom romantic—except at a distance. Inhabitants of towns and villages near one of our great convict settlements have no illusions on this subject; every local man and woman is safer to assist the warders in recovering their prisoner, and the boycott of unpopularity awaits the friend of the convict or any who would assist his escape. I have met murderers, Anarchists, forgers, assassins, would-be regicides, burglars, garotters, and commoner types of the genus criminal, but I have never yet met a romantic scoundrel... The criminal is neither heroic nor romantic; a coward generally, a fool always, and in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred ready to swear away lives and liberties of every "comrade" rather than face the music himself. But while the criminal is not romance, his crimes, on the showing of the two [illegible], are full of the most fascinating and romantic incidences, some of the most thrilling of which are recorded in the "Strand Magazine" article.

[illegible]ALLING FROM ST. PAUL'S.

[illegible] Guards, who carried out military [illegible]ons on Monday from the Golden [illegible]Cathedral, were not the first to [illegible]edral for a like purpose. Half a [illegible]dinance Survey companies of the [illegible]ed out a trigonometrical survey [illegible]porary observatories erected [illegible]ve the dome of St. Paul's [illegible]wers of Westminster Abbey, a [illegible] over three months to com- [illegible] earlier a Mr. Horner also [illegible] the exciting occupation of [illegible]crow's-nest" above the cross, [illegible] the Metropolis made from [illegible] exhibited in the "Colosseum" [illegible]ommodation in Regent's Park, [illegible]own in 1875.

[illegible]MINANT SEX.

[illegible]sh magazine, records that [illegible] baptism at St. Peter's [illegible]th nine were boys and [illegible]. 'If this proportion [illegible]s on to remark, 'what [illegible]he future have? As [illegible]ult for a man to get [illegible]cause they are so full [illegible]tle girls' show a local [illegible]ss [illegible] having regard [illegible] Walworth—Violets, [illegible] Myrtle being among

[illegible] DUCKLINGS.

[illegible] Andersen's fairy-stories [illegible]ng"—is brought to mind [illegible]ed "Why Pretty Children [illegible]rent number of the "Grand [illegible]a Lombroso explains why beautiful [illegible]urn into ugly geese (a process which, [illegible] explained by the hardening of soft [illegible] and the coarsening of delicate baby [illegible]ut the writer has also much that will [illegible]ful and comforting to the parents of [illegible] ducklings. In considering that important [illegible]the eye, the eminent Italian physiogno- [illegible] As a general rule, it may be taken for [illegible]t large eyes are found only in adults who [illegible]g children, were less pretty than the others, [illegible]ose faces were thin, small, and delicate. As [illegible]es on, all the lines of the face develop, of course, [illegible]sufficiently to destroy the prominence of the [illegible]rein lies the whole secret why we are so often [illegible] to find that those whom we remember as [illegible]ildren to have been remarkable rather for [illegible]an for anything else have developed into [illegible]d even exceptionally pretty young women. [illegible]raph does not make small-eyed infants [illegible]d all others it is not the writer's fault.

PEARLS OF SONG.

A NEW HELLESPONT.

"The pretty girls on earth
Were on an island in the sea,
And all the nice young men of worth
Were on the mainland, there might be
A dreadful, soul-appalling loss
Of swimmers trying to get across.
—"New York Life."

THE COLONEL.

There was once a dashing young colonel,
Who suffered from troubles intolonel,
If you ask him a question
About his digestion,
He'd reply in a manner intolonel.
—"Columbia Jester."

MARY'S LITTLE WAIST.

Mary had a little waist,
Where waists were meant to grow,
And everywhere the fashions went
Her waist was sure to go.
—"New York Sun."

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE BLACK VELVET NECK-BAND.

MANY of us remember the fashion of the black velvet band worn around the throat and tied sometimes in a double bow, with long ends at the back, and sometimes with only the full bow. This was a universally becoming mode to both blondes and brunettes, the softness of the velvet seeming to enhance the brilliancy of the skin, making it appear most charmingly soft and fresh. This pretty style is quite one of the latest revivals, and one which is finding much favour both for morning and evening wear. There is much luxury in this little accessory of the toilette in its present form. For the high dress for morning and afternoon wear there are two ways of treatment. As a tight-collar fastened with a small gold or enamel buckle or clasp the same width as the velvet; it also is pretty with old silver or antique flat buttons. Again, a simpler way, and most becoming, is to sew a narrow velvet band inside the neck-band of a voile or muslin gown, and the effect is a very artistic one. But perhaps the style adopted for evening is the most charming of all, although a somewhat extravagant one. The band of velvet must fit the throat accurately, and diamonds or any favourite gems set in designs in the most artistic of workmanship. The family motto or crest being sometimes introduced in diamonds and pearls. Fancy motifs, Louis XVI bows, miniature flower sprays, etc.

ORNAMENTAL LEATHER WORK.

The fashions have become more and more fanciful, and leather is now used in a variety of useful as well as ornamental ways. One of the latest ideas is the leather hatpin. It comes in thin strips of fine leather, and these narrow strips are arranged in four strands at right angles to each other, so that sixteen strips of leather have to be utilized for the purpose. Just an ordinary white or black hatpin is used, and the head of the pin forms the foundation. The leather work decoration completely covers the head of the pins, and the loose ends of the leather are tucked in neatly and securely to make the whole quite compact. These artistic hatpins are made in all shades of leather. Leather buttons have also become fashionable, and are very suitable for rough tweed garments. The leather, which can be obtained in all shades, is pressed into the tin strands. Leather belts are still the craze of the moment. They are useful, extremely durable, and very artistic. Some of the prettiest designs are made of narrow strips of leather plaited together. Leather also adopts itself to decoration, and when hand-painted with effective designs looks very artistic. A new invention in book-carriers has been introduced, and will be found extremely useful. A strap runs across one flap of the book cover which keeps the volume in position. These travelling book covers are made of very aristically embossed leather, and have substantial handles.

USEFUL BARGAINS.

For a dainty tea-gown or two, and two or three pretty evening frocks for dinner wear, the outlay need not be so very great. This season there have been, and still are, so many wonderful bargains to be found at the summer sales that even those with scantily-filled purses need not despair. A handy maid, given a silk foundation, can with a few yards of pretty materials, bought at the bargain counters by any one with taste and discernment, for very little outlay, work wonders. Summer needs little in the way of expensive materials and tailoring; so long as they are light and becoming, youth supplies everything else. There are, of course, many necessaries with which every society girl is provided. There are, however, three very essential things that need more attention than is, as a general rule, accorded to them. Firstly, good and well-cut corsets, then dainty shoes and boots, and a supply of well-fitting gloves. No girl or woman can ever claim to be well dressed who neglects either of these three important points. Here, again, the July sales have been wondrous kind, for in spite of the continued increase in the prices of kid, both for hand and foot wear, the bargains have been most tempting.

THE recent arrival of the Messageries steamer *Dupleix* led to an illustration of the *entente cordiale* says the *Indian Daily News*. "The *Dupleix* brought the new Administrator of Chandernagore, and his first welcome was the advent of the Custom House Officers who came and searched his cabin for arms. They also searched the whole vessel, much to the indignation of the Officers and everyone on board. The result has been a good deal of not unnatural indignation on the part of the French community in Calcutta, who ask if the "entente" does not extend to some sort of courtesy to a high official of a foreign Government. The search was due, we believe, to a special order of the Collector. No arms were found, but it almost looks as if Calcutta was in Eastern Bengal."

A TERRIBLE SCALD.

Infirmary Treatments Useless —How Zam-Buk Grew New Skin.

No better Evidence in support of the claim that Zam-Buk grows new skin could be desired than that recently given to a Hull pressman by Mrs. Mary Ann Hawkins of 2, Ann Place, Walker Street Hull, She said:—

"The contents of a kettle of boiling water went over the upper part of my right arm. The pain was unbearable, and I suffered also from shock. I tried different remedies, but instead of getting better the wound became worse, and the raw, discoloured flesh was terrible to look at. At last it got so bad that I had to go into the infirmary, where I remained a fortnight. Soon after coming out my arm got worse, and was more like raw meat than anything else. I tried hot fomentations, but they aid no good, and I was compelled to become an inmate of the infirmary again. The pain and inflammation in the part was dwful. The wound would not heal, and the doctors said there was nothing for it but skingrafting. They had previously cut a lot of flesh away, but it did no good.

"Much against their advice, I declined to have any other skin grafted to mine. I had heard of what Zam-Buk had done in healing wounds, so I decided to try it. From the first I obtained relief. Zam-Buk gradually took away the pain; but what is more remarkable, new flesh and skin grew in the wound. After due perseverance with the dressings of Zam-Buk the skin completely re-formed, and is now perfectly sound and healthy. I can lift my arm, too—a thing it was said I should never do again. All this I owe entirely to Zam-Buk."

Keep Zam-Buk handy for injuries and skin diseases. Zam-Buk ensures healing by first intention and should be every home's first-aid.

Price Re. 1, & Rs. 2/4 per box.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON.

Cut out this coupon and forward it together with one anna stamp to the Zam-Buk Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, to obtain a dainty free sample box of Zam-Buk.

Write address clearly.

"Bombay Gazette," 27th Aug., 1907.

Zam-Buk "RUB IT IN."

THE TWO SERVICES.

QUESTIONS of high Naval policy have recently been under the consideration of the Board of Admiralty, and one of these, it is understood, having relation to the strength of the Channel Fleet, has been practically settled. For some time past it has been thought that the tail of Lord Charles Beresford's command required to be strengthened, and, in usually well informed circles, it is stated that this course has been approved, subject to certain conditions which were discussed when the Commander-in-Chief of the Channel Fleet was called to the Admiralty during the time the ships were in the Firth of Forth. In view of this fact, Lord Charles' speech delivered in Liverpool has a special significance.

THE HOME FLEET'S OBJECT-LESSON.

When the naval retrospect of the year comes to be written, a prominent place will have to be given in it to the mobilisation of the Home Fleet. What has just taken place in connection with this recently-created addition to our forces in home waters demonstrates conclusively that in the Home Fleet under the command of Vice-Admiral Sir Francis Bridgeman we possess a really strong and efficient reserve. At the same time the mobilisation has shown that there are weak links in our chain of defence in home waters and these will no doubt be strengthened as the result of the experience now obtained. In this connection it would be unfair to overlook the fact that it was the initial test of an organisation which was only formed in the early part of this year, and was, therefore, expected to reveal imperfections when brought into operation for the first time. The mobilisation has nevertheless shown that the system which governs it is capable of working smoothly and efficiently when various parts of the machinery have been readjusted. With the exception of the Nore Division, which will remain fully manned, the units of the Home Fleet have now reverted to nucleus crews, and thus the first mobilisation of the Home Fleet passes into history as an object-lesson of what is capable of accomplishment in the direction of placing on a war footing the Reserve which in time of emergency would act as the reinforcing arm of the Channel and Atlantic Fleets.

OIL FUEL DANGERS.

The country will expect that the naval inquiry into the unfortunate disaster on board the destroyer "Spiteful," in the Solent will be of an exhaustive character. We have been using oil fuel in the furnaces of our men-of-war, large and small, now during a sufficient period of time, for a thorough knowledge of safe control to have been acquired. Oil fuel has been installed in so many of our battleships and cruisers now, that any doubt as to its safe manipulation might cause a nervousness among the naval scare critics, that would cause general uneasiness among laymen not familiar with the facts. Too often the authorities themselves are to blame when scares are raised in these matters; as they stubbornly refuse to give the public just that information which would allay any suspicion, even when details might be freely given without the slightest detriment to the public interest—a phrase which has been much used lately to protect interests which needed no protection, as the facts were already notorious. Great sympathy will be felt for the relatives of the men who yielded their lives to their duty on board the "Spiteful," and this sacrifice should not be repeated if human wit can avoid it by further safeguards, such as control or prevention of leaks in spraying pipes or storage tanks.

MALTA MILK.

If Malta milk is, as some eminent medical men are beginning to believe, the chief cause of "Maltese fever," then it has been paid a long toll in naval dead, and has a still longer tale of shattered health to its credit. The health statistics of the British Fleet have year after year shown how this scourge has been the cause of hundreds of officers and men being invalided annually from the Mediterranean Station with this dreaded disease. Its ravages among the soldiers quartered on the island is quite as bad as that inflicted on the sailors, whose chief rendezvous it forms. There have been some interesting and informing experiments carried out this year at Malta, which, on the face of them, certainly looks as if the disase of goats' milk—goats are the chief source of milk supply on these stony islands—means the diminution of Maltese fever among the men of the garrison and the fleet. At the beginning of July, for instance, the cruiser "Absukir" was laying alongside Malta dockyard, but had no men either on the sick list or in hospital; whereas at such moorings during this time of the year ships' companies invariably have large numbers of their members stricken down by fever. This is the state of affairs since goats' milk has been abolished as an article of naval diet, and although it is not proof positive that the milk from the herd of goats on the island has poison in it, still it is proof that abatement of fever has taken place since the consumption of the milk from their udders has been discontinued.

NAVAL DOMESTICS.

The intention of the Admiralty to reduce the number of naval domestics at present allowed to the messes of the Commissioned Warrant and Warrant Officers of the fleet, and replace them by young seamen, is not calculated either to increase general efficiency or add to the comfort of this class of officers as a body. As a matter of fact it will be using trained gunnery and torpedo men for menial duties, and taking them away from the regular drills and instructions which are the only means of keeping them in close touch with these subjects, and making them good gun members and torpedo men. The men that an executive officer can use from the deck and boat work of a ship are not so numerous nowadays that seamen can be spared for purely domestic work in officers' messes; the Marines used as officers' servants at present can ill be spared for this purpose, although they do not take part in much of the work for which seamen only are used in the general routine of a man-of-war; and the absence of the Marine servants from all but the most important drills does not tend to increase their personal efficiency or the general efficiency of the fleet.

THE MEDITERRANEAN COMMAND.

As officially announced the Duke of Connaught, has accepted the new Mediterranean Command as a purely military office, and independent of all civil duties at Malta, for the governorship of which Lieut.-General H. F. Grant has just been selected in succession to Sir C. Mansfield Clarke. His Royal Highness will probably take up his residence at Valetta in January, and it is expected that Sir John French will succeed him in the important office of the Inspector-General of the Forces, which the Duke has filled with such advantage to the Army. To the new appointment we have already referred upon several occasions. The Army would have liked to see his Royal Highness occupying some position in which his high position, great attainments, and wide experience would have been of more general service to the military forces of the Crown, but such positions are necessarily few; and, indeed, we know none, save that of Commander-in-Chief in India, or perhaps of the Expeditionary Force at home, if such an officer were appointed, which the Duke could suitably occupy. His Royal Higness is a thorough soldier, who has passed through every rank of the Army, with increasing advantage for the service, and there is no officer of the Crown so highly respected, so thoroughly trusted, and so much revered. Officers will especially regret the departure of the Duke from his position as president of the Selection Board, which office they would have liked to see strengthened in his hands. He will fill with dignity and authority the new Mediterranean Command, and all soldiers will wish his Royal Highness long years in which to serve the Crown in appointments in which his experience and good influence will be of greater advantage to the Army at large.

THE BELFAST RIOTS.

The situation at Belfast presented dangers which called urgently for the exercise of military force in aid of the civil power and the beneficial effect immediately followed which might have been expected. We have already given the composition of the force which has arrived in the city. Public confidence has been restored and the commercial occupations of the city seriously menaced by the strike, have been restored to activity. The military arrangements are under the direction of the officers of the several regiments, and the influence of military discipline has profoundly impressed the agitators and given confidence to the law-abiding citizens. In this way intimidation has been checked and business has resumed its activity. The 1st Rifle Brigade have been placed in the most disaffected districts, or where the greatest damage was feared, and were disposed at the Queen's Bridge, the canal quays, Bally macarret, and in the vicinity of the station and jetties, with fixed bayonets and a full supply of ammunition. The troops number in all about 6,000, the men being divided in small detachments at intervals through the city, under the supervision of the officers, and an efficient system of signalling and communication will enable a large force to concentrate rapidly at any point where serious rioting may occur. It was stated that the civil population would resent the presence of the soldiers, but the very reverse is the case. Indeed, the appearance of the military in the streets had an almost magical effect, business was resumed, and the work of transport went on, not a single policeman accompanying the carts. It does not often fall to soldiers to act in such circumstances, but the advantage of possessing a disciplined and available force is brought home to all observers by the troubles in Belfast, and even the most pronounced anti-militarists will recognise the value of military force in aid of the civil power.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed Warning.—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and trade mark "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists, Grocers, &c.

JOHN MOIR & SON, PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

PROVISION MANUFACTURERS OF LONDON, ABERDEEN & SEVILLE.

Awarded 31 Gold Medals for Superior Quality.

ARMY & NAVY RATIONS

In 2 lb. Tins.

COMPLETE PRICE LIST AVAILABLE.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS:

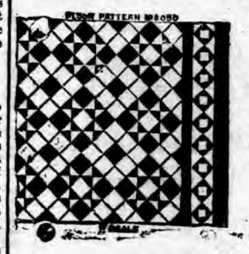
BOMBAY, KARACHI AND CALCUTTA,

Where Large and Varied Stocks are held for *Immediate Delivery.*

MANAGING AGENTS: SAMUEL FITZE & CO., LD.

RETAIL FROM ALL PROVISION MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT INDIA

BOOTE'S TILES



Were first used over fifty years ago, and at the present obtainable.

Illustrated Catalogue free on Application to

T. & R. BOOTE, Ltd., THE PATENT TILE WORKS, BURSLEM, ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURERS OF ARCHITECTURAL FAIENCE For inside and Outside Decoration

GLAZED TILES FOR WALLS, HEARTHS, &c.

ENCAUSTIC TILES FOR FLOORS.

CERAMIC MOSAIC A SPECIALITY.

LONDON OFFICE: Birkbeck Bank Chambers, Holborn, W.C. MANCHESTER OFFICE: 49, Devonshire St.

Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide & Brisbane: GIBBS BRIGHT & Co.

New Zealand: HERBERT OXLEY & Co., Custom Street, East, Auckland.

Calcutta: D. T. KEYMER & Co.

Bombay: F. R. HILL & Co., Royal Insurance Buildings.

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S Celebrated INVALID'S PORT Gold Capsule.

SECOND TO NONE.

Obtainable Everywhere.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Doctors, lawyers, ministers, bankers, merchants, business men everywhere, all rely upon Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, whenever they have a cough or a cold. They keep it on hand, at their home, at their place of business. They carry it with them when they travel. They say there is nothing so bad for a cough as coughing, and there is nothing so good for a cough as

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

It is the best remedy in the world for coughs, colds, croup, whooping-cough, influenza, and all throat and lung troubles.

There are many substitutes and imitations. Beware of them and of so-called "Genuine Cherry Pectoral." Be sure you get AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.

Put up in large and small bottles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

For Complexion Troubles due to Heat.

—for freckles, sunburn, heat-spots, you cannot use a better or pleasanter remedy than

Rowland's Kalydor "For *Your* Skin."

Rowland's Kalydor is most soothing, healing, and refreshing. It readily removes all blemishes caused by heat—it makes your complexion white, clear, velvety and healthy. This preparation cannot possibly harm the most delicate skin. Get a bottle to-day from your chemist, 2/3 and 4/6. ROWLAND & SONS, 67, Hatton Garden, London, E.C.

SWAN

Registered Trade Mark

GOLD & Co. BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND. Patent Wrought IRON & STEEL HINGES ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

No. 600.

None are genuine except with the "Swan" Trade Mark.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable Builders' Merchants.

Also Makers of Nos. Blvd. Butts.

S. ROSE & Co. FORT, BOMBAY.

VIOLINS	...	Rs. 10 to 500
BANJOES	...	,, 10 to 200
MANDOLINES		,, 7/8 to 150
GUITARS	...	,, 10 to 150
FLUTES...	...	,, 2/3 to 250
ACCORDEONS		,, 5 to 58
CONCERTINAS		,, 5 to 250

STRINGS FOR Violins, Banjoes, Mandolines, etc., etc., *Best Quality—Lowest Prices.*

CORNETS	...	Rs. 20 to 180
CLARIONETS...		,, 35 to 189

BAND INSTRUMENTS AND APPURTENANCES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. STOCK LIST FREE.

FORT, BOMBAY.

S. ROSE & Co.

A large and assorted stock of superior Immortelle wreaths, Marble Monuments Marble Floorings, Tables, &c

A. REGINALD & CO., 40, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

TRADE MARK

CURES MEN & WOMEN

BIG G is a non-poisonous remedy for any unnatural discharge and inflammation, irritation or ulceration of, mucous membranes. Painless. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS. Circular sealed on request.

MANUFACTURED BY The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

The Best BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER of the System

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA.

Estd. since 1829. SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

Be sure you get N.B. the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus WILKINSON'S Thomas Wilkinson are upon every GENUINE bottle.

To avoid impositions the Public are respectfully asked to notice this. (Any imitation is a felony.)

Fortify the System against Disease with PURE BLOOD,

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA CLEANSES THE BLOOD OF ALL DANGEROUS HUMOURS.

Has over 75 Years' World-Wide Reputation.

Sold by all Chemists and Dealers in Medicines.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited. KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

ON THE DEPARTURE OF ENGLISH MAIL.

28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c.

Indian subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage.

English subscription £1-1-0 per year including postage.

A good example is set by those who regularly use

CALVERT'S Carbolic Tooth Powder

They evidently realize both the personal satisfaction and the hygienic importance of brushing their teeth to remove the food particles, etc., which collect on or between them.

Their experience tells them too, how well Calvert's Carbolic Tooth Powder aids the tooth-brush to do its work easily, thoroughly and pleasantly, polishing the enamel, and, at the same time antiseptically cleansing wherever it goes. That is why more and more people use it every year.

Sold by local Chemists and Stores, in the well-known tins, also the new glass jar with sprinkler stopper.

Made by F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, England.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS, ENGINEERS, Culwell Works, WOLVERHAMPTON, Eng.

MAKERS OF PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY, FOR STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

Cable: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. Codes: OWN & ABC (5th Edition).

FREE TO ALL CYCLISTS.

Send to your name and address and you will receive by return Mail, Free, Post Paid, our BIG ART BOOK, the finest ever published, which is of interest to every rider. This Book contains large coloured plates of Bicycles, Tricycles, Motor Cycles, Accessories, Sundries, Tyres, Saddles, Lamps, Clothing, Tents, Guns, Rifles, Cameras, Gramophones, Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Musical Instruments, Boots, Watches, Jewellery, Cutlery, Sports Goods, Toys, Games, Books, Pianos, Organs, Furniture, Carpets, Linoleums, Curtains, Blankets, Quilts, Underclothing, Boots, Shoes, Mackintoshes, Tents, Marquees, Flags, Bunting, Fireworks, Fishing Tackle, Hammocks, Perambulators, Invalid Chairs, Tricycles

PERFECTION OF ENGINEERING SKILL.

THE WOLSELEY MOTOR CARS.

SAFE AND RELIABLE

FREE TRIAL RUNS.

AGENTS:

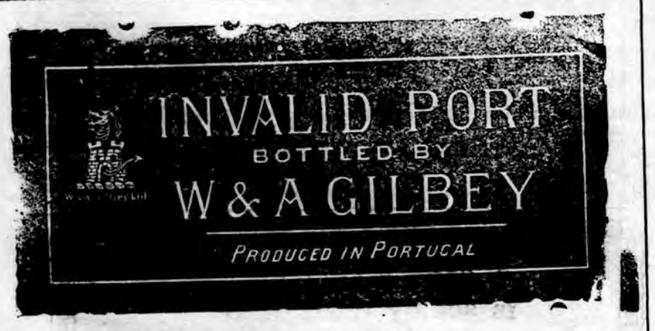
K. & S. CYCLE AND MOTOR CO.,

BOMBAY.

THE "SPECIAL" NET CASH Rs. 155.

W. H. THORNS & Co.,

13, 15, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY



GOOLAMHOOSEIN ALLIBHOY & SONS

Arms and Ammunition Merchants,

207, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

ONE of the largest and well-known dealers in sporting Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols and every description of ammunition.

Made by Westley Richard, Reilly, G. E. Lewis, W. W. Greener, Webley's Remington, G. Bouchill, Winchester Browning's Patent, Manlicher Mouser and Savage Arms Co.

All our cartridges are loaded by an expert Trial order solicited.

Price Lists Free on application.

USE ONLY and USE ALWAYS

ATKINSON'S

A LUXURIOUS PERFUME IN HEALTH.

MOST REFRESHING.

Far Superior to the German Kinds.

A NECESSARY RESTORATIVE IN SICKNESS.

EAU DE COLOGNE

BENGER'S FOOD

A Food of great nutritive value which can be made suitable for any degree of digestive power by the simple process of letting it stand for a longer or shorter period at one stage of its preparation.

When strength is returning after illness, a carefully regulated and increasing amount of exercise for the digestive functions is beneficial. Benger's Food is the only food which can be prepared so as to give the stomach this regulated amount of work.

Benger's Food is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

PURITY & QUALITY GUARANTEED.

STUHR'S GENUINE

TRADE MARK

RUSSIAN CAVIARE

Preserved in Tins and Glass Jars.

C. F. STUHR & CO.; HAMBURG.

Export Agent:

W. LOVEGROVE, 12, ST. MARY AXE, LONDON.

GUARANTEED BY US TO KEEP IN TROPICAL CLIMATES.

HAMMOND

TYPEWRITERS.

The Government of India and the U. S. Government use them; the Chicago Board of Education uses 120; the Pennsylvania Railway Co. uses 400 the Leading Bankers and Insurance Companies use them; Prosperous Merchants use them: they are used everywhere because they—

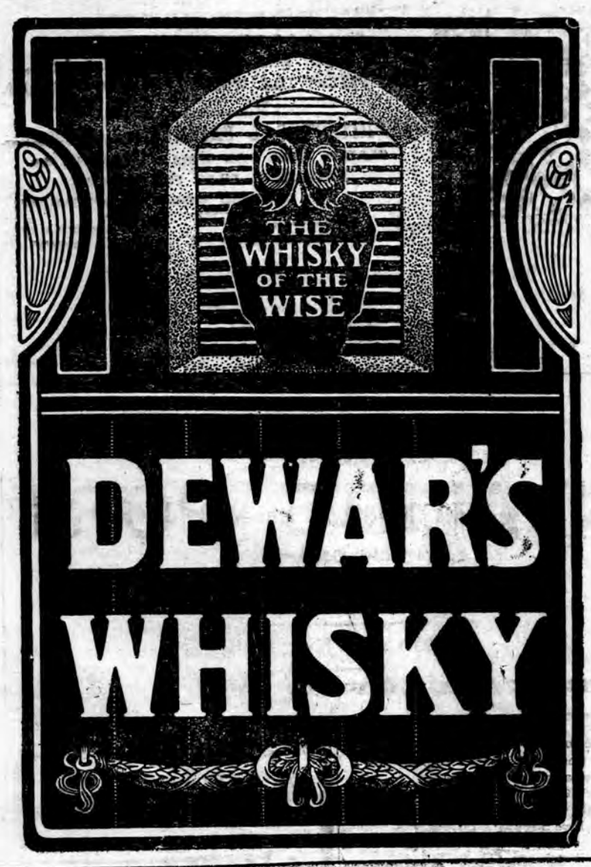
Stand the Strain of Steady, Hard Work, with the Least Wear on Machine and Operator.

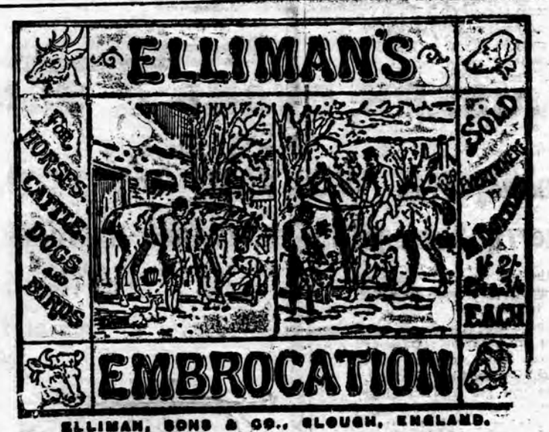
Do Better work and in Greater Variety than any other Typewriter in existence.

CATALOGUES FREE.

HAMMOND TYPEWRITER AGENCY,

28. ESPLANADE ROAD BOMBAY.





ELLIMAN, SONS & CO., SLOUGH, ENGLAND.

GRIMBLE'S MALT VINEGAR

NOTE THE TRADE MARK.

LONDON & EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1840. ORDER THROUGH MERCHANT

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,

Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,

Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,

Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.

"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,

Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.

"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and regiminal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

GOLD & SILVER

ENGLISH LEVERS

FOR LADIES' & GENTLEMEN.

Lady's Watch. view of Movement

FAITHFUL RECORDERS OF TIME.

We guarantee the monthly variations of these watches not to exceed 30 seconds. In cold black and white this claim does not at first appear striking, but consider a moment what it means to have a watch in your pocket which you can rest assured will not vary ½ a minute in 30 days.

WE GUARANTEE ACCURACY.

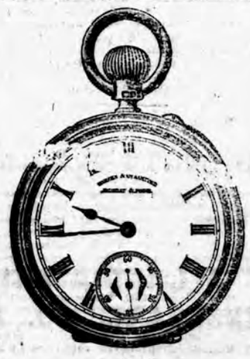
OPEN FACE & HUNTING OR HUNTING CASES.

PLAIN ENGRAVED OR ENGINE-TURNED.

DESCRIPTION OF MOVEMENT

Highest grade 4 plate fully Jewelled English Lever movement, constructed of the finest materials, dead beat scientifically adjusted escapement. Breguet patent arrangement of hair Spring preventing displacement by blow or fall, chronometer balance compensating atmospheric changes. Pinions and pivots best fire hardened Steel, highly polished and finished. Indestructible keyless attachment and exact fitting dust and damp excluding cases.

These Watches throughout are compactly built on the most approved and symmetrical lines; this will be obvious from a glance at the illustrations of movement, yet at the same time nothing which could add to its strength has been sacrificed.



PRICES.

LADIES.—Open face, Silver	....	...	...	Rs.	95
„ „ „ Gold	...	...	...	„	260
„ ½ Hunting, Silver	...	...	...	„	95
„ „ Gold	...	...	...	„	270
„ Hunting, Silver	...	...	...	„	95
„ „ Gold	...	...	...	„	285
GENTS.—Open face, Silver	...	...	...	Rs.	95
„ Gold	...	...	...	„	350
„ ½ Hunting, Silver	...	...	...	„	110
„ „ Gold	...	...	...	„	380
„ Hunting, Silver	...	...	...	„	105
„ „ Gold	...	...	...	„	375

These Watches embody everything which horological Science can suggest to ensure the correct measurement of time.

Gents Watch. View of Movement.

MARCKS & Co., Ld., The Watchmakers of Western India BOMBAY & POONA.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.,

WATCH AND CLOCK SPECIALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS,

Alice Building, 31, Hornby Road,

BOMBAY.

THE RAILWAY REGULATOR WATCH.

Strong Nickel, Open-face, Keyless, Lever Watch, will stand plenty of rough wear, and keep good time. We can confidently recommend it as one of the best cheap Watches in the market.

Nickel Silver Case ... ... Rs. 10.

Solid Silver Case ... ... Rs. 15.

Guaranteed for three Years.

THE HOTEL CONTINENTAL,

Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the Healthiest and Most Fashionable European Quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every Convenience and Comfort maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its Cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel Residents and their Guest, only.

The RESTAURANT A LA CARTE and PRIVATE TIFFIN and DINING ROOMS receive special attention.

A large LADIES' PAVILLION has been constructed with the object of affording additional comfort to Ladies and their Friends, where they can enjoy their afternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quietude. Visitors are kindly requested not to smoke in the Drawing Room on any account.

NO PUBLIC BAR KEPT.

F. A. BOSCOLO, *Proprietor*

MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET. PREVENTS THE ATTACK OF MOSQUITOES, etc. When frequently used.

BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT.

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents:—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
Messrs. THOMSON & TAYLOR, Bombay.
Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

For Nervous Exhaustion

CHAPOTEAUT'S Phosphoglycerate OF LIME

The modern restorative of the nervous system.

For brain workers, professional men, teachers, students, etc. and in debility, seminal losses, dyspepsia of nervous origin and insomnia.

It is readily assimilated and promotes digestion.

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE SYRUP (CHAPOTEAUT)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE WINE (CHAPOTEAUT)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE CAPSULES (CHAPOTEAUT)

6, rue Vivienne, PARIS-FRANCE

A FEW POINTED REASONS.

KESHRANJAN OIL

FOR THE HAIR

First :—Our *KESHRANJAN OIL*—

Is a nicely scented Hair oil which makes the brain cool, the head active, the hair soft and therefore it should be used by every worker, such as Scholars, Judges, &c.

Second :—

Has stood severe virtue,

lence are now admitted on all hands hair a luxurious growth, removes it soft and pliant curly unmanageable For this reason, it is pleasant ladies and gentlemen of every position

Price per phial... ... ...
Packing and postage ... ...
3 Phials... ... ...
Postage Extra ... ...

Our *PANCHATIKTA*

Is a very safe and sure remedy ous fever, chronic fever, high panied by enlargement of Brain fever, double quotidian chronic cases of fever cured by Price per phial Re. 1. Packing

Our *KARNAROG*

or Ear-drops cures Otorrhoea flammation, and all other ear. Deafness, if not long-st by its use. Its effect is soo sorts of irritation. In the other septic matter it possesses Price per Phial As. 12. Packing

KAVIRAJ NAGENDRA

Government Medical Diplo

M.C.S. (Paris), S.M.C.I. and M.S.S.S. (Lo

Nos. 18/1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Rd., CA

For a good Complexion and clear Skin use

Calvert's Carbolic Toilet Soap.

Firstly it is pure, an important matter when you consider how often in the day Soap is used, and how sensitive your skin is.

Then it is antiseptic as well, (10% Crystal Carbolic) emollient and delicately perfumed.

In hot weather especially, its use is delightfully refreshing for general toilet purposes, cleansing the skin and removing the effects of perspiration.

Sold by Chemists throughout India and the East. Makers: F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, England.

Published for the Proprietors "The Bombay Gazette," Limited at Nos. 118 to 126, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, and printed by H. D'Mello, at the Bombay Press, Publishing Office, Acropolis Press, Bombay Fort, Bombay.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co., 2, Stationers' Hall Court, LONDON, E.C.; Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 2, Stationers' Hall Court, LONDON, E.C.—Paris, Messrs. DARRIGAN & Co., 7, Rue Drouot, Rue de Rivoli.—St. LOUIS: Messrs. HASLAM & Co.